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09/17/06 10:14:08



J4523 U.S. PTO

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

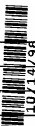
only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b)

Attorney Docket No. 35.C13009

First Named Inventor or Application Identifier

SURESH JEYACHANDRAN

Express Mail Label No.

J4523 U.S. PTO
09/17/06

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

ADDRESS TO:

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Box Patent Application
Washington, DC 202311. ☐ Fee Transmittal Form
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)2. ☒ Specification Total Pages 1353. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) Total Sheets 1484. ☒ Oath or Declaration Total Pages 2a. ☐ Newly executed (original or copy)b. ☒ Unexecuted for information purposesc. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)

[Note Box 5 below]

i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed Statement attached deleting
inventor(s) named in the prior application,
see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4c is checked)
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of
the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4c, is considered as
being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is
hereby incorporated by reference therein.6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
(if applicable, all necessary)a. ☐ Computer Readable Copyb. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. ☐ Assignment Papers (cover sheet & document(s))9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) ☐ Power of Attorney10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☐ Copies of IDS Citations12. ☒ Preliminary Amendment13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)14. ☐ Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application
Status still proper and desired15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
(if foreign priority is claimed)16. ☒ Other: Request for Approval of Drawing Changes

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☐ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. ____/____

18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

☒ Customer Number or Bar Code Label 05514
(Insert Customer No. or Attach bar code label here) or ☐ Correspondence address below

NAME

Address

City

State

Zip Code

Country

Telephone

Fax



CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
	TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(c))	61-20 =	41	X \$ 22.00 =	\$ 902.00
	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 cfr 1.16(b))	9-3 =	6	X \$ 82.00 =	\$ 492.00
	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (if applicable) (37 CFR 1.16(d))			\$270.00 =	\$ 0.00
				BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a))	\$ 790.00
	Total of above Calculations =				\$2,184.00
	Reduction by 50% for filing by small entity (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				
	TOTAL =				\$2,184.00

19. Small entity status

- a. ☐ A Small entity statement is enclosed
- b. ☐ A small entity statement was filed in the prior nonprovisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
- c. ☐ Is no longer claimed.

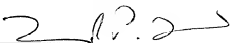
20. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 2,184.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.

21. ☐ A check in the amount of \$ _____ to cover the recordal fee is enclosed.

22. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit overpayments or charge the following fees to Deposit Account No. 06-1205:

- a. ☒ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.16.
- b. ☒ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.17.
- c. ☐ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.18.

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED

NAME	Leonard P. Diana (Reg. No 29,296)
SIGNATURE	
DATE	October 13, 1998

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:)
SURESH JEYACHANDRAN ET AL.) Examiner: NYA
Appln. No.: NYA) Group Art Unit: NYA
Filed: Herewith)
For: APPARATUS AND METHOD)
FOR PERFORMING A)
SPECIFIC PROCESS)
BASED ON A SETUP)
CONDITION, AND A)
STORAGE MEDIUM FOR)
SUCH A PROGRAM) October 13, 1998

The Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Sir:

Preliminary to examination, please amend the above-identified application, filed herewith, as set out in the attached Request For Approval Of Drawing Change.

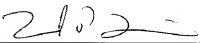
The proposed change is to conform the labeling of the drawings to conform to the description thereof in the specification, e.g., at page 20, line 18, and at pages 112-14.

Applicants respectfully request favorable consideration and early passage to issue of the present application.

Applicants' undersigned attorney may be reached in our New York office by telephone at (212) 218-2100. All

correspondence should be directed to our below listed
address.

Respectfully submitted,



Attorney for Applicants

Registration No. 4,36

FITZPATRICK, CELLA, HARPER & SCINTO
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New York, New York 10112-3801
Facsimile: (212) 218-2200

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of:)
: Examiner: NYA
SURESH JEYACHANDRAN ET AL.)
: Group Art Unit: NYA
Appln. No.: NYA)
: Filed: Herewith)
: For: APPARATUS AND METHOD)
: FOR PERFORMING A)
: SPECIFIC PROCESS)
: BASED ON A SETUP)
: CONDITION, AND A)
: STORAGE MEDIUM FOR)
: SUCH A PROGRAM) October 13, 1998

The Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

REQUEST FOR APPROVAL OF DRAWING CHANGE

Sir:

With the Examiner's approval, and at such time as a Notice of Allowance may issue, Applicants propose to amend the drawing in the above-identified application as follows:

In the Fig. on the drawing sheet bearing the indication "144/148" at the top margin, please change the Fig. number from "137A" to --142--. The proposed change is indicated in red on the attached duplicate copies of the pertinent figure.

Applicants' undersigned attorney may be reached in our New York office by telephone at (212) 218-2100. All

correspondence should continue to be directed to our below
listed address.

Respectfully submitted,



Attorney for Applicants

Registration No. 28,296

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APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR PERFORMING A SPECIFIC PROCESS
BASED ON A SETUP CONDITION, AND A STORAGE MEDIUM
FOR SUCH A PROGRAM

5 BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to an information
processing apparatus and a method for performing a
process, such as a notification, based on a specific
10 execution condition, and a storage medium on which such
a program is stored.

Related Background Art

Conventionally, when an error occurs a warning is
generated by an information processing apparatus, and
15 when printing is completed a printer issues a print end
notification to a host apparatus.

However, since the above processing is performed
by a fixed function that the apparatus provides for a
user, the user only selects the employment of the
20 function, and can not freely set up and execute a
desired process having a desired condition for
information processing.

For example, when a user receives information, as
the recipient he or she confirms the contents of the
25 information, and, as needed, issues a print instruction
to print it or transmits the information to another
user. Therefore when information is received from a

specific source, a user must repeat the print instruction each time information is received, even when he or she always desires to print the received information.

5 In addition, when an error, such as paper out or a paper jam, occurs in a printer that has been instructed to perform printing, a user must correct the error and again issue a print instruction. When a computer that has issued a print instruction is located at a distance
10 from a printer, a user is not aware that there has been a failure at the distant printer until he or she issues a print instruction and obtains the print results from the printer. Thus, when there has been a failure at a distant printer the user must go to the printer to
15 acquire necessary data, and must then return to the computer and issue a print instruction.

Furthermore, in order to resolve this problem, it is preferable that the user be able to employ the system easily, without any complicated programming
20 being required.

Further, a conventional printer issues the above described print end notification when the spooling of print data has been completed, and the actual printing end occurs later than the time at which the
25 notification is issued. Therefore, although the immediate issuance of a notification is not always acceptable, conventionally, the notification is issued

immediately after an event that triggers a notification has occurred. The triggering of the notification is limited to the termination of the processing.

5 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is, therefore, one objective of the present invention to provide an apparatus and a method for performing desired processing when various conditions related to object information are established.

10 It is another objective of the present invention to provide an apparatus and a method for performing desired processing when a specific condition is established.

15 It is an additional objective of the present invention to provide an apparatus and a method for issuing a notification when a desirable time period has elapsed since the occurrence of an event that triggers the notification.

20 To achieve the above objectives, according to one aspect of the present invention, an information processing apparatus comprises:

attribute designation means for designating an attribute of object information;

25 process designation means for designating a process for the object information;

setup means for setting up a command to be executed; and

execution means for executing the command set up
by the setup means upon the performance of the process
designated by the process designation means for the
object information having the attribute designated by
5 the attribute designation means.

According to another aspect of the present
invention, an information processing method comprises:

an attribute designation step of designating an
attribute of object information;

10 a process designation step of designating a
process for the object information;

a setup step of setting up a command to be
executed; and

an execution step of executing the command set up
15 at the setup step upon the performance of the process
designated at the process designation step for the
object information having the attribute designated at
the attribute designation step.

According to an additional aspect of the present
20 invention, provided is a storage medium on which is
stored a program, which comprises:

an attribute designation step of designating an
attribute of object information;

25 a process designation step of designating a
process for the object information;

a setup step of setting up a command to be
executed; and

an execution step of executing the command set up at the setup step upon the performance of the process designated at the process designation step for the object information having the attribute designated at the attribute designation step.

According to a further aspect of the present invention, an information processing apparatus comprises:

designation means for designating a status that is employed as an execution condition for a process to be performed;

setup means for setting up, together with the status, the process that is to be performed when the status designated by the designation means has occurred;

determination means for determining whether the status designated by the designation means has occurred; and

execution means for, when the occurrence of the status is determined by the determination means, performing the process that is set up with the status.

According to still another aspect of the present invention, an information processing method comprises:

a designation step of designating a status that is employed as an execution condition for a process to be performed;

a setup step of setting up, together with the

status, the process that is to be performed when the status designated at the designation step has occurred;

a determination step of determining whether the status designated at the designation step has occurred;

5 and

an execution step of, when the occurrence of the status is determined at the determination step, performing the process that is set up with the status.

According to a still further aspect of the present
10 invention, provided is a storage medium on which is stored a program, which comprises:

a designation step of designating a status that is employed as an execution condition for a process to be performed;

15 a setup step of setting up, together with the status, the process that is to be performed when the status designated at the designation step has occurred;

a determination step of determining whether the status designated at the designation step has occurred;

20 and

an execution step of, when the occurrence of the status is determined at the determination step, performing the process that is set up with the status.

Further, according to yet another aspect of the
25 present invention, an information processing apparatus comprises:

execution means for performing a process for

object information to be processed;

notification destination designation means for designating a destination for a notification related to the object information;

5 trigger setup means for setting a trigger for the notification;

time setup means for setting a time period extending from the time at which the trigger for the notification is tripped until the notification is issued; and

10

notification means for, when the time period that is set by the time setup means has elapsed since the trigger for the notification that is set by the trigger setup means has been tripped, issuing a notification to the notification source that is designated by the notification destination means.

15

According to yet an additional aspect of the present invention, an information processing method comprises:

20 an execution step of performing a process for object information to be processed;

a notification destination designation step of designating a destination for a notification related to the object information;

25 a trigger setup step of setting a trigger for the notification;

a time setup step of setting a time period

extending from the time at which the trigger for the notification is tripped until the notification is issued; and

5 a notification step of, when the time period that is set at the time setup step has elapsed since the trigger for the notification that is set at the trigger setup step has been tripped, issuing a notification to the notification source that is designated at the notification destination step.

10 According to yet one further aspect of the present invention, provided is a storage medium on which is stored a program, which comprises:

an execution step of performing a process for object information to be processed;

15 a notification destination designation step of designating a destination for a notification related to the object information;

a trigger setup step of setting a trigger for the notification;

20 a time setup step of setting a time period extending from the time at which the trigger for the notification is tripped until the notification is issued; and

25 a notification step of, when the time period that is set at the time setup step has elapsed since the trigger for the notification that is set at the trigger setup step has been tripped, issuing a notification to

the notification source that is designated at the notification destination step.

Other objectives and advantages, in addition to those discussed above, will become apparent to those skilled in the art during the course of the description of a preferred embodiment of the invention that follows. In the description, reference is made to accompanying drawings, which form a part of the description and which illustrate an example of the invention. The presentation of such an example, however, does not constitute an exhaustive recital of the various possible embodiments of the invention, and therefore, to determine the scope of the invention reference should be made to the claims that follow.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a diagram illustrating the functional arrangement of one embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a detailed diagram illustrating the functional arrangement of the embodiment;

Fig. 3 is a diagram showing the transmission of information in accordance with the manipulation of input devices performed by a user;

Fig. 4 is a detailed diagram showing the sequence of the processing performed until a command entered by a user is executed;

Fig. 5 is a diagram showing the sequence of the

processing performed to display for a user the processing results and a status change;

Fig. 6 is a diagram illustrating the functional relationship existing among a plurality of devices;

5 Fig. 7 is a diagram illustrating a system configuration according to the embodiment;

Fig. 8 is a diagram illustrating the essential hardware arrangement according to the embodiment;

10 Fig. 9 is a flowchart showing the order of activation when power is switched on;

Fig. 10 is a flowchart showing the processing performed by a client component;

15 Fig. 11 is a flowchart showing the processing performed by a server component upon receiving a request from a client;

Fig. 12 is a flowchart showing the CancelAllPrinterjobs processing;

Fig. 13 is a flowchart showing the GetAllPrinterjobs processing;

20 Fig. 14 is a flowchart showing the SetPrinterJobStatus processing;

Fig. 15 is a flowchart showing the processing performed for requests "Login" and "Logout";

25 Fig. 16 is a flowchart showing the processing performed for requests "GotoOtherDevice" and "GotoDesktop";

Fig. 17 is a flowchart showing the processing

performed for requests "Search", "Help" and "Receive Job/Receive Notification";

Fig. 18 is a flowchart showing the IdAnalyze processing;

5 Fig. 19 is a flowchart showing the DUMMY processing;

Fig. 20 is a flowchart showing the IdAnalyzeNotify processing;

10 Fig. 21 is a flowchart showing the ReceiveHttpNotification processing;

Fig. 22 is a flowchart showing the processing performed for requests "Print", "Send", "Delete", "Reschedule", and "Preview";

15 Fig. 23 is a flowchart showing the PrintJob processing;

Fig. 24 is a flowchart showing the SendJob processing;

Fig. 25 is a flowchart showing the SendJob transmission processing;

20 Fig. 26 is a flowchart showing the CancelJob processing;

Fig. 27 is a flowchart showing the SendNotification processing;

25 Fig. 28 is a diagram showing the relationship between input information for a server and corresponding processes;

Fig. 29 is a flowchart showing the processing

performed beginning with the activation of a daemon;

Fig. 30 is a flowchart showing the notification processing performed by a daemon module;

Fig. 31 is a diagram showing the relationship
5 between the job types that are handled by the daemon and corresponding processes;

Fig. 32 is a flowchart showing the PrintPrinterJob processing;

Fig. 33 is a flowchart showing the SendJob
10 processing;

Fig. 34 is a flowchart showing the ReceiveJobData processing;

Fig. 35 is a flowchart showing the
GetListOfJobAttributes processing;

Fig. 36 is a flowchart showing the PollJob
15 processing;

Fig. 37 is a flowchart showing the PollNotify processing;

Fig. 38 is a flowchart showing the CancelAction
20 processing;

Fig. 39 is a flowchart showing the EditAction processing;

Fig. 40 is a flowchart showing the EditAction processing;

Fig. 41 is a flowchart showing the
25 RescheduleAction processing;

Fig. 42 is a flowchart showing the

RescheduleAction processing;

Fig. 43 is a flowchart showing the
RescheduleAction processing;

Fig. 44 is a flowchart showing the AddNotification
5 processing;

Fig. 45 is a flowchart showing the AddInstruction
processing;

Fig. 46 is a flowchart showing the GetInstruction
processing;

Fig. 47 is a flowchart showing the
10 ExecutionInstruction processing;

Fig. 48 is a flowchart showing the processing
performed by a desktop server component;

Fig. 49 is a flowchart showing the processing
15 performed for a request concerning mail;

Fig. 50 is a flowchart showing the processing
performed for a request concerning a schedule;

Fig. 51 is a flowchart showing the processing
performed for a request concerning another device;

Fig. 52 is a flowchart showing the processing
20 performed for a request concerning logout and help;

Fig. 53 is a flowchart showing the processing
performed on an initial menu screen;

Fig. 54 is a flowchart showing the processing
25 performed for public information;

Fig. 55 is a flowchart showing the login
processing;

Fig. 56 is a flowchart showing the processing performed to select a job and to perform an action;

Fig. 57 is a flowchart showing the processing performed to preview a selected Job;

5 Fig. 58 is a flowchart showing the processing performed to delete a selected Job;

Fig. 59 is a flowchart showing the processing performed to change a schedule for a selected Job;

10 Fig. 60 is a flowchart showing the processing performed to print a selected Job;

Fig. 61 is a flowchart showing the processing performed to change a print setup for a selected Job;

Fig. 62 is a flowchart showing the processing performed to transmit a selected Job;

15 Fig. 63 is a flowchart showing the processing performed to change a transmission setup for a selected Job;

Fig. 64 is a flowchart showing the processing performed beginning at a main menu;

20 Fig. 65 is a flowchart showing the search processing;

Fig. 66 is a flowchart showing the processing performed to add information to public information;

25 Fig. 67 is a flowchart showing the printing processing;

Fig. 68 is a flowchart showing the remote printing processing performed by a printer;

Fig. 69 is a flowchart showing the transmission processing;

Fig. 70 is a diagram showing an example transmission setup menu;

5 Fig. 71 is a diagram showing an example transmission setup change menu;

Fig. 72 is a flowchart showing the remote sending processing performed by a printer;

10 Fig. 73 is a diagram showing an example menu for selecting a device wherein a Job to be deleted is located;

Fig. 74 is a diagram illustrating an example list for Jobs to be deleted;

15 Fig. 75 is a flowchart showing the deletion processing;

Fig. 76 is a flowchart showing the remote deletion processing performed by a printer;

Fig. 77 is a flowchart showing the command setup processing;

20 Fig. 78 is a flowchart showing the schedule change processing;

Fig. 79 is a flowchart showing the remote rescheduling processing;

25 Fig. 80 is a flowchart showing the processing performed to access another device;

Fig. 81 is a diagram showing a setup screen for accessing another device;

Fig. 82 is a flowchart showing the desktop processing;

Fig. 83 is a flowchart showing the processing performed for unread mail;

5 Fig. 84 is a flowchart showing the processing performed for read mail;

Fig. 85 is a diagram showing an example unread mail list;

10 Fig. 86 is a diagram showing an example display for the content of mail;

Fig. 87 is a diagram showing an example read mail list;

Fig. 88 is a flowchart showing the file processing;

15 Fig. 89 is a flowchart showing the ResetInstructions processing;

Fig. 90 is a flowchart showing the DeleteAllInstructions processing;

20 Fig. 91 is a flowchart showing the DeleteInstructions processing;

Fig. 92 is a flowchart showing the GetInstructionDetails processing;

Fig. 93 is a flowchart showing the Check processing;

25 Fig. 94 is a flowchart showing the GetJobData processing;

Fig. 95 is a flowchart showing the

GetJobAttributes processing;

Fig. 96 is a flowchart showing the
GetActionAttributes processing;

Fig. 97 is a flowchart showing the DeleteJob
5 processing;

Fig. 98 is a flowchart showing the
GetNotificationList processing;

Fig. 99 is a flowchart showing the
SetNotificationCondition processing;

Fig. 100 is a flowchart showing the
10 SetNotificationCondition processing;

Fig. 101 is a flowchart showing the
SetNotificationStatus processing;

Fig. 102 is a flowchart showing the ClearHistory
15 processing;

Fig. 103 is a flowchart showing the
DeleteAllPublicInfoJobs processing;

Fig. 104 is a flowchart showing the
PrintPublicInfo processing;

Fig. 105 is a flowchart showing the SearchData
20 processing;

Fig. 106 is a diagram showing an example screen
for an initial menu;

Fig. 107 is a diagram showing a URL print setup
25 screen;

Fig. 108 is a diagram showing a password input
screen;

Fig. 109 is a diagram showing a setup screen for the processing performed for a job selected from a print queue;

Fig. 110 is a diagram showing a setup screen for
5 processing public information;

Fig. 111 is a diagram showing an example setup screen for publishing information using another device;

Fig. 112 is a diagram showing a login screen;

Fig. 113 is a diagram showing an example pending
10 job list;

Fig. 114 is a diagram showing a job preview screen example;

Fig. 115 is a diagram showing a screen for confirmation of deletion;

Fig. 116 is a diagram showing a setup screen for
15 changing a schedule;

Fig. 117 is a diagram showing an example print setup menu;

Fig. 118 is a diagram showing a notification setup
20 screen;

Fig. 119 is a diagram showing an example print setup change menu;

Fig. 120 is a diagram showing an example correction menu;

Fig. 121 is a diagram showing an example main
25 menu;

Fig. 122 is a diagram showing an example menu for

designating a position whereat a job to be printed is located;

Fig. 123 is a diagram showing an example menu for selecting a job to be printed;

5 Fig. 124 is a diagram showing an example menu for designating a position whereat a job to be transmitted is located;

Fig. 125 is a diagram showing an example menu for selecting a job to be transmitted;

10 Fig. 126 is a diagram showing an example command setup screen;

Fig. 127 is a diagram showing an example menu for designating a device whereat a Job to be changed is located;

15 Fig. 128 is a diagram showing an example screen for selecting a Job for which a schedule is to be changed;

Fig. 129 is a diagram showing an example desktop main menu;

20 Fig. 130 is a diagram showing an example setup screen for obtaining a file;

Fig. 131 is a diagram showing an example desktop file list;

25 Fig. 132 is a diagram showing an example screen for selecting the processing to be performed for an obtained file;

Fig. 133 is a diagram showing a setup screen for

establishing limitations for a job;

Fig. 134 is a diagram showing a setup screen for setting a rejection for a job;

Fig. 135 is a diagram for explaining the structure
5 of a job;

Fig. 136 is a diagram showing the functional arrangement of the embodiment;

Figs. 137A and 137B are flowcharts showing automatic process setup screen processing;

Fig. 138 is a diagram showing an example automatic
10 process setup screen;

Figs. 139A and 139B are flowcharts showing the automatic reception setup screen processing;

Fig. 140 is a diagram showing an example automatic
15 reception setup screen;

Fig. 141 is a diagram showing another example automatic reception setup screen;

Fig. 142 is a flowchart showing the action setup screen processing;

Fig. 143 is a diagram showing an example action
20 setup screen;

Figs. 144A and 144B are flowcharts showing the automatic state change setup processing; and

Fig. 145 is a diagram showing an example automatic
25 state change setup screen.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The preferred embodiment of the present invention will now be described in detail while referring to the accompanying drawings.

5 Fig. 1 is a diagram showing the functional arrangement of the embodiment. A client component 102 and a server 103 may be present in the same device, or may be in different devices connected across a network, etc.

10 When a user 101 specifically operates the client component 102, the client component 102 transmits to the server 103 a request that corresponds to the operation. The server 103 interprets the received request, and adds or deletes a job to or from a
15 database 104, or acquires data from the database 104. As a result, a response is prepared in HTML (Hyper Text Markup Language), as needed, and is transmitted to the client component 102. The client component 102
20 displays the received HTML data and allows the user 101 to perform additional device manipulations.

 A daemon module 105 monitors the job stored in the database 104, and performs the processing (printing, transmission or notification) that corresponds to the job for which the execution condition is satisfied.

25 Fig. 2 is a detailed diagram showing the functional arrangement of the embodiment.

 The client component 102 is constituted by an

operating unit 201 and two Web browsers 202 and 203. The user manipulates the operating unit 201, and an instruction for starting the processing is converted into a request by the Web browser 202, while an
5 instruction for displaying the status of a device (printer 206) is converted into a request by the Web browser 203. These requests are transmitted to the server component 103.

The server component 103 is constituted by a Web
10 server 204, a device manager 205, a request manager 207, and a command analysis/process unit 208. A request originating at the client component 102 is received by the Web server 204, which in turn transmits the request to the device manager 205 or to the request
15 manager 207.

In accordance with the request, the device manager 205 either acquires the status of the printer 206 or exercises control of the printer 206. The request manager 207 converts the request into a process
20 command, and transmits it to the command analysis/process unit 208.

The command analysis/process unit 208 performs the processing corresponding to the process command, and accesses the database 104 via a database manager 209 to
25 add or to update a job.

The daemon module 105 accesses the database 104 via the database manager 209 at a constant time

interval, and determines whether there is a job for which the execution condition is satisfied. If there is such a job, the daemon module 105 executes a corresponding process.

5 Fig. 3 is a diagram showing the transmission of information in accordance with the operations performed by a user.

10 The client component 102 receives as input information the data produced by the operations performed by the user, and generates a request and transmits it to the server component 103.

15 The server component 103 interprets the received request, and communicates with the database 104 via the database manager 209 to add or to update a job, or to acquire data. In addition, the server component 103 communicates with the printer 206 to obtain the status of the printer 209. As a result, the server component 103 generates, as needed, a corresponding display command (an HTML page) and transmits it to the client component 102.

20 The client component 102 displays the received display command (an HTML page) for the user, and allows the user to perform a new operation.

25 Jobs stored in the database 104 are monitored by the daemon module 105 via the database manager 209, and a job for which the execution condition is satisfied is printed or transmitted, or brought to the attention of

the user.

Fig. 4 is a detailed diagram showing the sequence of the processing performed until a command corresponding to the user's entry is executed.

5 The manipulation of data input devices by the user is converted into corresponding operation instruction data by the operating unit 201. For example, the manipulation by the user of a keyboard or of a mouse is converted into corresponding key code or into
10 information, such as mouse movement information, that can be handled by an information processing apparatus.

 The operating instruction data converted by the operating unit 201 are converted into a corresponding request by the Web browser 202, and the request is
15 transmitted to the Web server 204. When, for example, one of the buttons on a screen is selected, a request "selection of a specific button" is prepared.

 The Web server 204 transmits the received request to the request manager 207, which thereafter converts
20 the request into a corresponding process command and transmits it to the command analysis/process unit 208. When, for example, the user chooses a button to instruct printing, a request "selection of a print
 button" is converted into a print command "execution of
25 a process corresponding to the print button", and printing is performed.

Fig. 5 is a diagram showing the sequence of the

processing performed until the results of the processing and the change in the status of the printer 206 are displayed for a user.

The request manager 207 receives the process
5 result from the command analysis/process unit 208, and transmits corresponding operating instruction data to the Web server 204. Similarly, the device manager 205 detects the change of the status of the printer 206 and transmits corresponding operating instruction data to
10 the Web server 204. To display, for example, a new operating screen as the processing result, the contents to be displayed are converted into HTML data for the new operating screen. Also, to display a new screen for the status of the printer 206, the contents to be
15 displayed are converted into HTML data for the screen.

The Web server 204 transmits the received operating screen data to the Web browsers 202 and 203. The Web browser 202 provides the data for a user by displaying the data on a display operating unit, such
20 as a touch panel. The Web browser 203 displays the status of the printer 206.

Fig. 6 is a diagram showing the functional relationship among a plurality of devices (device A and device B in this embodiment). In this embodiment,
25 device A is a printer, and device B is a desktop personal computer for managing both a user's mail and a schedule. The devices A and B each include a client

component 102, a server component 103 and a daemon module 105. It should be noted, however, that the user is located on the same side as is the device A, and the client component 102 of the device B is not shown.

5 When the user manipulates the device A, the operating unit 201 acquires as input information the information input by the user's manipulation of the device, and transmits it as a request to the device manager 205 and the request manager 207 in the server
10 component 103.

 The device manager 205 responds to the user's request by acquiring the status of the printer 206. In accordance with the type of the request, the request manager 207 permits a printer control unit 601 to
15 control the printer 206, or permits the command analysis/process unit 208 to analyze more detailed information and to perform a corresponding process.

 As a result, the information form is changed by a conversion control unit 603, as needed, or various
20 processes are performed by a controller 602. When it is determined that management of the job is required, the addition of a job or the updating of a job is performed for the database 104. When it is determined that the display of data is required, the data are
25 displayed by a display control unit 604. When it is determined that the issuance of a data notification is required, the data notification is issued by a

notification control unit 605.

The daemon module 105 periodically monitors the database 104. When there is a job for which the execution condition is satisfied, the daemon module 105
5 executes the corresponding processing.

When it is determined that the processing has not been completed by the device A, a request is issued to the device B, and the request manager 207 of the device B performs the corresponding process. To print a file
10 at the device B, for example, a printing unit 607 employs a corresponding application, and for accessing mail, a mail control unit 608 employs a corresponding application. For other operations, such referencing schedule information, a corresponding application is
15 employed.

In addition, a job stored in the database 104 of the device B can also be accessed.

Fig. 7 is a diagram showing the configuration of a system according to this embodiment.

In Fig. 7, various apparatuses are connected to a network 701, and data are exchanged across the network 701. A printer 702, which includes an input/output operation unit 703, prints data received across the network 701. The input/output operating unit 703
25 provides various displays for a user, and accepts instructions from the user. A scanner 704 and a multi-function apparatus 705 also include such an

input/output operating unit. The scanner 704 optically reads data printed on paper, etc., and the multi-function apparatus 705 functions as the printer 702 and as the scanner 704. A personal computer 706 creates documents and images, and manages for the user such personal data as mail and a schedule.

Fig. 136 is a diagram showing the functional arrangement for the embodiment.

Features of this arrangement are that a process instruction command (job) is employed as one process unit, and that a job generation unit 1362, an analysis/performance unit 1363 and an output unit 1364 are operated at adequate timings.

A detailed explanation will now be given for a job. Fig. 135 is a diagram for explaining the structure of a job.

A job includes a process (Action), a process performance condition (Condition), a process performance instructor = owner (Owner), a current process status (Status), and information concerning a process creation time (Created Time) and the job that triggered the creation (Parent Job). With the job, the previously performed process can be refereed to and the performance of a new process can be instructed.

The above process performance conditions (Condition) are When To Do (initiation when a designated time has been reached), After Time

(initiation after a designated time has elapsed),
Before Time (initiation before a designated time has
elapsed), On Action (initiation upon the performance of
a designated process), Object (initiation at the time
5 for a designated object), From (initiation at the time
for a designated process source), By (initiation when a
designated method is employed for a process), Device
Status (initiation when the status of a device attains
a designated value), and Result Status (initiation in
10 accordance with the process results obtained).

The values for the Device Status are OK, Toner
low, Staples low, Unknown, Printing, No toner cart,
Printer open, Paper jam, Hardware failure, Tray
failure, Paper deck open, and Stapler low.

15 The values for the Result Status are Success,
Fail, and Hold job accessed.

The Owner represents the issuer of process
execution instructions, i.e., the owner of the
processes, and includes User Device ID, User ID,
20 Password, and User Type. The types of users are
Sender, Receiver, Other, Receiver to be, and Don't
care.

The values for the process status (Status) are
Done (execution terminated), To Do (execution
25 scheduled), Don't care (invalid), Cancel (deleted),
Active (in progress), Spooling (spooling in progress),
Failed (execution failure) and Ignored (execution

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ignored).

The Action includes the types of processes that were performed or are to be performed (Type), the object to be processed (Object), Object Count (the
5 number of copies of the object), To (process destination), From (process source), By (process method), and all other process associated information.

The types of processes (Type) are None, Get, Send, Delete, Scan, Extract data, Print, File, Set
10 instruction, Hold, Extend hold, Pause printing, Change priority, Receive, Convert, Notify, and Operate.

As the Object, there are Action and Object. To (process destination) and From (process source) include the Sender or the Receiver, as a Person, and a Device.
15 By (process method) includes Popup window, Voice message, E-mail, Fax, Phone, and Pager.

The Object includes the substance of an object (Content), management information such as the data format (Format) and the size (Size) of the object,
20 additional information (Addition) concerning the object, such as a comment, and source information (Source) for the object. For a file having a print format, the original MS-Word file is employed as source information.

25 The data formats (Format) of the object are Text, Html, Rtf, Bmp, Tiff, Pcx, Jpeg, G3, G4, Pcl5, and MS-Word.

Referring again to Fig. 136, the job generation unit 1362, the analysis/performance unit 1363 and the output unit 1364 are installed in a control box 1361, which is connected to a conventional printer 206. The
5 printer 206, as in the prior art, receives external print information, performs the printing process in accordance with an instruction, and outputs the print results.

First, an explanation will be given for the time
10 that an instruction is entered by a user. When the user enters a specified instruction via an operating unit 101, the job generation unit 1362 generates a job corresponding to the instruction, and adds the job to the database 104.

15 The job added to the database 104 is monitored by the analysis/performance unit 1363, and whether the execution condition has been satisfied is sequentially examined. If there is a job for which the execution condition has been satisfied, a corresponding process
20 is performed, and the database 104 is updated using the job that reflects the execution result.

When, for example, the user instructs the printing of specific data at a designated time, the job
generation unit 1362 generates as a job the contents of
25 the operation input by the user, and adds the job to the database 104.

At this time, if the database 104 includes a job

"analyze the contents of an operation entered by a user and re-register this job", which designates a process to be performed when the operation input by the user takes place, the analysis/performance unit 1363 for
5 detecting the presence of an unanalyzed job in the database 104 analyzes the contents of the operation entered by the user, determines a corresponding process to be performed and generates it as a job, and adds the job to the database 104.

10 In this case, the printing process is added as a job to the database 104. Also, the job that represents the contents of the operation input by the user is regarded as having already been analyzed and updated, and the above mentioned job for analyzing the user's
15 operation is re-registered.

When the time designated by the user is reached, the job for the printing process is performed, and print information 107 is generated and transmitted to the printer 206. When new job print results are
20 obtained, the job "reflect the print results in this job" is added to the database 104. The printer 206, as in the prior art, performs the instructed, and outputs the print results. In addition, after the printing has been completed, the print results are obtained as the
25 printer status from the printer 206, and are reflected in the job.

When in this embodiment the paper or the toner has

run out, or an error has occurred at the printer 206, job generation unit 1362 obtains the change in the printer status for the printer 206, and generates a corresponding job and adds it to the database 104.

- 5 When it is ascertained from the printer status for the printer 206 that the toner has run out, the occurrence of the change in the printer status is created as a job and is added to the database 104.

- At this time, if the database 104 includes the job
10 "issue an order request when toner has run out, and re-register this job", which designates a process to be performed upon the occurrence of a change in the status, an order request is issued and the job is re-registered. As a result, each time a like condition
15 occurs, this process is performed.

The process performed for the change in the status of the printer 206 is also performed for changes in the internal statuses of the other sections.

- As an example, there is one case where the
20 backlight for a liquid crystal display panel 801, which will be described later, is powered off. When the database 104 includes the job "perform initialization process when the backlight is powered off, and re-register this job", which designates a process to be
25 performed upon the occurrence of the change in the status, the initialization process is performed and the job is re-registered. As a result, the periodical

initialization process that is required for stably activating a product can be performed in consonance with a timing that is satisfactory under the circumstances.

5 When the job generation unit 1362 is notified of a change in the external status, it generates a corresponding job and adds it to the database 104.

 When, for example, an error has occurred in an external printer connected across a network, the
10 occurrence of the change in the external status is generated as a job and is added to the database 104. At this time, if the database 104 includes the job "transmit a job transmission instruction when an error has occurred in an external printer, and re-register
15 this job", which designates a process to be performed upon the occurrence of a change in the external status, a job transmission instruction is transmitted by the
20 output unit 1364 to the printer at which the error occurred, and this job is re-registered in the database 104. As a result, each time a like condition occurs, the same process is performed.

 When a process instruction (job) is received from an external device, the job generation unit 1362 generates a corresponding job and adds it to the
25 database 104.

 For example, upon receiving a job transmission instruction, the reception of the job transmission

instruction is generated as a job and is added to the database 104.

At this time, if the database 104 includes the job "add a received job and re-register it", which
5 designates a process to be performed upon receiving the job, the job transmission instruction is added and the job is re-registered.

Sequentially, when the execution condition of the job transmission instruction is matched, a transmission
10 process corresponding to the job is performed and the job is transmitted.

Next, an explanation will be given for a case wherein a job transmission instruction other than the above, i.e., a print information transmission
15 instruction, is received.

To print information stored in another information output apparatus, the corresponding print information must be extracted from the above print information. Transmission of the print information by the pertinent
20 apparatus is one method that is employed. With this method, however, a printing function for the information is required by an information requesting apparatus. In this embodiment, an explanation will be given for another method for the transmission of print
25 information that corresponds to the information stored in a specific apparatus.

When a print information transmission instruction

106 is received from a specific device, the receipt of the job is generated as a job and added to the database 104. Then, when the execution condition of the job is matched, a print information transmission process that corresponds to the job is performed. In the print information transmission process, print information is prepared from the requested information and is transmitted as instructed.

In the information output apparatus that has received the print information, the job generation unit 1362 generates as a job the acquisition of print information, and adds it to the database 104.

At this time, as is described above, since when the print information transmission instruction was issued the job "execute a printing process upon receiving from a transmission source print information for a print information transmission instruction" was added to the database 104, with the assumption that print information had been received, the printing process is performed, and the received print information is transmitted to the printer 206, which then initiates the printing and outputs the printing results.

In addition to the above described process instruction, there are instructions for notification and for output. These process instructions may be externally received or may be stored in the database

104 in advance.

For example, when the execution condition of the notification instruction is matched, the notification process is performed using E-mail, a telephone, or a facsimile machine. When the execution condition of the output instruction is matched, the output process is performed, and a display is provided or a voice is released.

Fig. 8 is a diagram showing the essential hardware arrangement according to the embodiment. Switches, a fan, etc., are not shown.

An information output apparatus according to the embodiment of the present invention includes input devices, such as a microphone 809, a touch panel 801, a keyboard/mouse 810, an IrDA transmission/reception unit 811, a network 804 and a modem 812, and acquires information through an input unit 803.

The touch panel 801 is used to display for the user the printer status and a menu screen. And when the user touches the display screen, a menu item can be selected and characters can be entered using a keyboard that is displayed. A common display and a common keyboard may be used instead of the touch panel 801.

The status of the printer 206 is also obtained via a centrocable from the input unit 803. Besides the status of the printer 206, the internal status is detected and obtained by an internal sensor or a

monitor.

The processing results are output by an output unit 813 to certain output devices, such as the printer 206, a display 814, a loudspeaker 815, an LED 816, the
5 IRDA transmission/reception unit 811, the network 804, and the modem 812. When the printing process is performed, for example, the print information is transmitted via the centrocable to the printer 206. The printer 206 performs the printing in accordance
10 with the received print information, and outputs the printing results. It should be noted that the input unit 803 and the output unit 813 are not necessarily physically separate components.

A CPU 802 executes various programs, including the
15 processing which will be described later while referring to the flowcharts, and controls the individual sections connected by a system bus 808. Further, by executing corresponding programs, the CPU 802 provides the functions for the job generation unit
20 1362, the analysis/performance unit 1363, and the output unit 1364 that are described above.

A ROM 805 is used to store fixed data and programs. A RAM 806 is used to temporarily store data and programs. A hard disk drive (HDD) 807 is used for
25 the above described database 104 as permanent storage for programs and data. The system bus 808 is employed as a medium for the connection of the above individual

sections and for the exchange of data, address signals and control signals by the sections.

The programs, including the processing which will be described later while referring to the flowcharts, may be stored in the ROM 805, or may be loaded from the HDD 807 into the RAM 806, as needed, before the initiation of the processing or during the performance of the processing. An external storage device, such as an MO drive, may be employed instead of the HDD 807.

With the above described arrangement, the job generation unit 1362 generates a job that corresponds to the input information and adds it to the database 104 on the hard disk 807; the analysis/performance unit 1363 obtains a job from the database 104 and performs a corresponding process; and the output unit 1364 outputs the processing results.

Fig. 9 is a flowchart showing an activation order when a user powers on a machine. When at step S901 the user turns on the power, at step S902 the OS is activated, and at step S903 the Web server 103 is activated. Then, at step S904 the client component 102 is activated, and finally at step S905 the daemon module 105 is activated.

Fig. 10 is a flowchart showing the processing performed by the client component 102.

When the client component 102 is activated, at step S1001 a Web browser object is created, and at step

S1002, a request to prepare an HTML page is issued to the server component 103. The page at this time is an opening screen. At step S1003 the HTML page transmitted by the server 103 as a response is
5 displayed, and at step S1004 input by the user is waited for. Then, a process corresponding to the user's input is performed. When at step S1005 a request from the user is "exit", at step S1006 the system is shut down, and the processing is thereafter
10 terminated. When at step S1007 the request from the user should be processed by the client component 102, at step S1009 this process is handled and input by the user is again waited for. When the process should be performed by the server 103, at step S1008 a process
15 request is issued to the server component 103, and an HTML page prepared as a consequence of the request is received and displayed. Then, input by the user is again waited for.

Fig. 11 is a flowchart showing the processing
20 performed by the server component 103 upon receiving a request from the client component 102.

The server component 103 receives a request from the client component 102 at step S1101, and analyzes this request at steps S1102 to S1103 and performs a
25 corresponding process. As for a request for the display of an OpeningScreen page, at step S1104 the printer status is obtained. As for a Cancel All Jobs

request, at step S1105 the CancelAllPrinterJobs()
function, which will be described later while referring
to Fig. 12, is called, and all the jobs are canceled.
As for the Cancel/Pause/Restart request, at step S1106
5 the SetPrinterJobsStatus() function is called, and a
designated status is set for the job.

For all these requests, at step S1107 a
corresponding HTML page is finally prepared, and at
step S1108 the HTML page is transmitted to the client
10 component 102. The processing is thereafter
terminated.

The processing performed for the request "login"
or "logout" will be described later while referring to
Fig. 15, and the processing performed for the request
15 "GotoOtherDevice" or "GotoDesktop" will be described
later while referring to Fig. 16. Further, the
processing performed for the request "Search", "Help"
or "Receive Job/Receive Notification" will be described
later while referring to Fig. 17, and the processing
20 performed for the request "Print", "Send", "Delete",
"Reschedule" or "Preview" will be described later while
referring to Fig. 22.

Fig. 12 is a flowchart showing the
CancelAllPrinterJobs processing. The prototype is
25 DWORD CancelAllPrinterJobs().

First, at step S1201 the GetAllPrinterJobs
function, which will be described later while referring

to Fig. 13, is called, and jobs are obtained from the spool. At step S1202 a specific printer is opened, and at step S1203 the statuses of the individual jobs that are to be canceled are set to "Cancel". Then, at step
5 S1204 the printer is closed. This process is repeated until the statuses of all the jobs have been set to "Cancel".

Fig. 13 is a flowchart showing the
GetAllPrinterJobs processing. The prototype is Int
10 GetAllPrinterJobs(pInfo).

First, at step S1301 the EnumPrinter() function is employed to list a printer, a print server, a domain and a print provider that are available. At step S1302 one of the listed objects is opened, and at step S1303
15 a job available in the spool is listed by using the EnumJob() function. At step S1304 the printer is closed. This process is performed for all the objects.

Fig. 14 is a flowchart showing the
SetPrinterJobStatus processing. The prototype is Int
20 SetPrinterJobStatus(pPrinterName, JobId, Status).

First, at step S1401 the GetJob function is employed to extract a designated job from the spool. At step S1402 a specific printer whereat the job is present is opened, and at step S1403 the status of the
25 job is set to a designated value. At step S1404 the printer is closed, and the processing is thereafter terminated.

Fig. 15 is a flowchart showing the processing performed by the server 103 when the request from the client component 102 is "Login" or "Logout".

When at step S1501 the request is "Login", first,
5 at step S1502 a login verb and a remote device list are obtained, and at step S1503 the name of a user is acquired. At step S1504 the GetUserId() function is called to obtain a job list for the user. At step S1505 a corresponding HTML page is prepared, and at
10 step S1506 detailed information for the user and the job are stored in a hidden domain on the HTML page.

When the request from the client component 102 is "Logout", at step S1507 a check is performed to determine whether the remote device list is empty.
15 When the list is empty, at step S1510 the OpeningScreen page is created in accordance with the existing status. When the remote device list is not empty, at step S1508 the next device is logged-in using the login verb "Disconnect", and at step S1509 the device is deleted
20 from the remote device list. The processes at steps S1508 and S1509 are repeated until the list is emptied. That is, until all the devices in the remote device list are logged out. When the list has been emptied, the OpeningScreen page is prepared.

25 For both of the requests "Login" and "Logout", at step S1511 the obtained page is finally transmitted to the client component 102, and the processing is

thereafter terminated.

Fig. 16 is a flowchart performed by the server when the request from the client component 102 is "GotoOtherDevice" or "GotoDesktop".

5 When at step S1601 the request is "GotoOtherDevice", at step S1602 a device name and a device address are acquired. For the GotoDesktop request, at step S1603 a desktop address is acquired. Then, at step S1604 the pertinent device is added to
10 the remote device list, and at step S1605 a login verb is composed. When at step S1606 the type of the login verb is Device or Desktop, Print, Send, Delete or Reschedule, at step S1607 the device is logged in using the corresponding login verb. When the login verb is
15 Device or Desktop, at step S1608 the HTML page for the opening screen is prepared. When the login verb is Print, Send, Delete or Reschedule, at steps S1609, S1610, S1611 and S1612, respectively, HTML pages are prepared for the Print Job screen, the Delete Job
20 screen, and the Reschedule Job screen. When the login verb is Disconnect, at step S1613 the processing for the device is logged out, and at step S1614 the pertinent device is deleted from the remote device list. At step S1615 the HTML page for the opening
25 screen is prepared. And, finally, at step S1616 the HTML page is transmitted to the client component 102. The processing is thereafter terminated.

Fig. 17 is a flowchart showing the processing performed by the server 103 when the request from the client component 102 is "Search", "Help" or "Receive Job/Receive Notification".

5 When at step S1701 the request is "Search", at step S1702 a search parameter is acquired and at step S1703 a search is performed. At step S1704 an HTML page is prepared in accordance with the search results. For the Help request, at step S1705 a help context
10 parameter is acquired, and at step S1706 a corresponding HTML page for a help screen is prepared. Finally, for both requests, at step S1707 the HTML page that is created is transmitted to the client component 102, and the processing is thereafter terminated.

15 When the request type is "Receive Job/Receive Notification", at step S1708 a data buffer is read. For the Receive Job request, at step S1709 the contents of the buffer are transmitted for the IDAnalyze processing, which will be described while referring to
20 Fig. 18. For the Receive Notification request, at step S1709 the contents of the buffer are transmitted for the IDAnalyzeNotify processing, which will be described while referring to Fig. 20. The processing is thereafter terminated.

25 Fig. 18 is a flowchart showing the IdAnalyze processing. During this processing, a job received as row data from another device is interpreted. This job

is added to the database 104 and is executed by the daemon module 105.

At step S1801 the Demarshal function is called to perform the demarshal calculation, and an available
5 buffer object is obtained. At step S1802 the UnformatData function is employed to decode and develop compressed data, and the data can be validated as units of rows. At step S1803 the Demarshal function is called again, and an available message object is
10 obtained. Finally at step S1804 the ReceiveJob function (DUMMY), which will be described while referring to Fig. 19, is called, and the job is added to the database 104.

Fig. 19 is a flowchart showing the DUMMY
15 processing. This module is transmitted to a CGI application, which is a dummy for an ISAPI expansion "Receive" module that receives a row buffer transmitted by SendJob.

Actually, at step S1901 the ReceiveJob function is
20 read from the row buffer received from SendJob, and at step S1902 the buffer is dumped into a temporary file. At step S1903 the name of this file is transmitted to IDExtn.Exe of the CGI module. At step S1904 the name of the file is read and data are obtained. At step
25 S1905 this module employs the Internet client call to send data to the CGI application.

Fig. 20 is a flowchart for the IdAnalyzeNotify

processing. During this processing, a notification that is received as row data from another device of the same type is interpreted. The notification module is added to the processing, and the contents of the notification are performed by the daemon module 105.

Specifically, at step S2001 the Demarshal function is called, and the demarshal calculation is performed to obtain an available buffer object. Then, at step S2002 the UnformatData function is employed to decode and develop compressed data, and the available data are obtained as units of rows. At step S2003 the Demarshal function is called again, and an available message object is obtained. Finally, at step S2004 the ReceiveHttpNotification function, which will be described while referring to Fig. 21, is called and the job is added to the database 104.

Fig. 21 is a flowchart showing the ReceiveHttpNotification processing. The prototype is Void CIDAction::ReceiveHttpNotification(poNotify).

This function is one used for receiving a notification transmitted according to the HTTP protocol. Even if the device does not support a requested notification method, the notification can be transmitted to the destination device via an intermediate device.

At step S2101 the name and the address of a notification receiver, and a notification method are

obtained. At step S2102 a check is performed to determine whether the device is a destination device for receiving the notification, or an intermediate device for relaying the notification to another device.

5 If the device is the final destination, at step S2103 a temporary file is created, and at step S2104 the notification message is written to the file. At step S2105 a fixed file "pollfile" (a file polled by the daemon module 105) in the Windows directory is
10 created and overwritten. At step S2106 a command line parameter for a notification module (a module for displaying or creating a message) is designated in the file. And at step S2107 the parameter is transmitted by a designated notification method.

15 If the device is an intermediate device, at step S2108 a check is performed to determine whether the device has a function for issuing a notification. If the device can issue a notification, at step S2110 the device transmits a notification to a designated device
20 using a designated notification method. If the intermediate device does not have a function for issuing a notification, at step S2112 a notification in accordance with HTTP protocol is transmitted to another intermediate device.

25 Fig. 22 is a flowchart showing the processing performed by the server 103 when a request from the client component 102 is "Print", "Send", "Delete",

"Reschedule" or "Preview".

Upon receiving one of these five requests, first, at step S2201 the user ID, the Job ID and the Action ID are obtained.

5 When at step S2202 the request is "Print", at step S2203 the time and a place for printing are obtained, and at step S2204 a notification list is acquired. At step S2205 the PrintJob() function is called to perform printing.

10 For the Send request, at step S2206 the time and a place for transmission are obtained, and at step S2207 a notification list is acquired. At step S2208 the SendJob() function is called to perform transmission.

15 For the Delete request, at step S2209 the CancelAction() function is called to delete a job.

 For the Reschedule request, at step S2210 the RescheduleAction() function is called to change a schedule.

20 For the Preview request, at step S2211 the format conversion library is employed to convert the job into a JPG or GIF format.

 For all these requests, at step S2212 a corresponding HTML page is prepared, and at step S2213 the HTML page is transmitted to the client component
25 102. The processing is thereafter terminated.

 Fig. 23 is a flowchart showing the PrintJob processing. The prototype is Void

CIDAction::PrintJob(ActionId, NotifyList). Input parameters are the ID for a designated action, and a notification setup list for a user. The job is immediately printed by the device A.

5 When the action ID is Print/Hold, the attributes of the action (the printing time, a notification, etc.) are corrected to a current time and a new notification. When the action ID is Send, a new action is created in the database 104. This depends on whether there is
10 another PrintAction that relates to the job that the user is holding. When the job is printed, the action status is "Done", and this action is one part of the user's history.

 At step S2301 a record related to a designated
15 action is obtained to examine the action in detail. At step S2302 a check is performed to determine whether the previous action type is "Hold", and at step S2303 the information is stored. At step S2304 job data required for this action are obtained, and at step
20 S2305 the entry in the database 104 is revised to "Printing" because the daemon module 105 is inhibited from performing the action in this record.

 At step S2307 or S2308, a new record is prepared, or the current record is revised. If at step S2306 the
25 previous action was Print/Hold, its record is revised. If the previous action was Send, and if there is no PrintAction for its job that the user is holding, a new

record is prepared. Then, the new/old action ID is returned (in accordance with the condition).

At step S2309 the notification status is unconditionally changed to False. At step S2310 the
5 notification is added to the new action, and the user type is set to "Don't care" (i.e., neither a sender nor a recipient exists).

At step S2311 the job is transmitted to a print queue to perform printing using Spooler API Calls. At
10 step S2312 the entry is revised to "Printing successful" or "Printing failure". At step S2313 the notification status is set in accordance with the printing status.

Fig. 24 is a flowchart showing the SendJob
15 processing. The prototype is Void
CIDAction::SendJob(bsendjobToDatabase, ActionId,
roJobMessage).

A designated "Present" job or a new job is transmitted to a designated receiver device list. For
20 each transmission, a copy is obtained for each device. When there are a plurality of receivers, one the copy of the job is used by them in common. Since information for all the other devices is also transmitted, a specific device can access the job. The
25 HTML protocol is employed for the transmission of the job.

Specifically, at step S2401 a check is performed

to determine whether the job is a job wherein the action ID is present, or a new job. When the action ID is present in the job, at step S2402 the attribute of the action is obtained, and at step S2403 a check is performed to determine whether the action type is Hold. When the action type is Hold Job, at step S2404 information is stored indicating that the Hold Job was accessed.

If at step S2405 storage of the information in the database 104 is designated, at step S2406 the SendJob() function is called, and all the information (a sender, a receiver, etc.) concerning the job is stored in the database 104. At step S2407 the time is examined to determine whether the job is to be transmitted immediately. If the job need not be transmitted immediately, the processing is terminated and the transmission by the daemon module 105 is waited for. When the job is to be transmitted immediately, at step S2408 the job is transmitted, and the processing is thereafter terminated.

Fig. 25 is a flowchart showing the transmission processing performed using the SendJob() function.

First, the EditAction() function is called to set the action status to "Active". Then, the receiver list is processed to obtain the user's name, the device name, and the URL address of the device. A format conversion is performed using an appropriate image

conversion library that corresponds to the receiver device. Message data are converted into a byte string, which is then compressed and encoded. The obtained data are transmitted using the HTML protocol, and the

5 action status is set to "Done". Furthermore, the action is included in the database 104 as one part of the user's history, and in accordance with the transmission state, the notification status is set to "Success" or "Fail". The status indicating that the

10 job is one in the HeldList that was accessed is set (steps S2501 to S2511).

Fig. 26 is a flowchart showing the CancelJob processing. The prototype is Void
CIDAction::CancelJob(dwActionId).

15 This function is employed to cancel a designated action. Specifically, at step S2601 the attribute of the action is obtained, and the CancelAction() function is called to set the action to "Cancel". If at step S2602 the action is included in the Hold list, at step

20 S2603 it is included as a part of the user's history. When the action is already a part of the user's history, at step S2604 the entry is deleted. When at step S2605 the action type is Hold, at step S2606 the notification condition is set to "Accessing the Hold

25 Job". When at step S2607 the user is a receiver for this device, the processing is thereafter terminated. When the user is present for another device, at step

S2608 that device is logged in. At step S2609 the details of the action to be canceled are set, and at step S2610 the SendJob() function is called to transmit this information to the actual device. As a result, a
5 cancellation of the action is effected.

Fig. 27 is a flowchart showing the SendNotification processing. The prototype is Void
CIDAction::SendNotification(dwActionId).

09170556 101498 864107 9590710
10 This function is used to effect an actual notification. The transmission of the notification type, such as Popup, is performed using the HTTP protocol. The notification of a call or mail is performed by calling a proper module. When a method that is not supported is designated, a notification is
15 transmitted to a designated intermediate device, which then re-transmits it. This function is employed only when the notification should be transmitted "Now". In this case, the notification status is set to "Done" to prevent the daemon module 105 from polling it.

20 Specifically, first, at step S2701 a notification means is examined. If at step S2702 the notification means is a popup window or a voice message, at step S2703 data are transmitted using the HTTP protocol. If the notification means is a telephone, at step S2705 a
25 check is performed to determine whether the device possesses a notification capability. If the device possesses such a capability, at step S2704 the

notification is sent using the designated method. When the device does not possess the notification capability, at step S2706 an intermediate device is obtained. The intermediate device supports a designated mechanism for issuing a notification. At step S2707 the notification message and its details are transmitted to the intermediate device using the HTTP protocol. This method can be employed for mail, for a facsimile, and for a pager.

Fig. 28 is a diagram showing the relationship between input information for the server 103 and corresponding processes.

The control unit 602 handles the processes for Print Job, Send Job, Cancel Job, and Send Notification and Receive HTTP Notification. This module is a main module for the back end of the printer 206, and performs the operations "Print a job here now", "Print a job here later", "Print a job at a different place now", "Print a job at a different place later", "Transmit a job to another device now, or later", "Change a schedule", "Cancel the action of a job", "Set a notification type (voice, popup window, telephone, E-mail or Fax)", "Receive a notification", and "Obtain or set the status for a device".

This module covers the database module 104 so that the database 104 and calls for it are transparent to a module (a GUI module or a daemon module) that employs

the database 104.

Fig. 29 is a flowchart showing the processing beginning with the activation of the daemon module 105.

The daemon module 105 constantly polls the
5 database 104 and the files to perform an action or an operation has been registered for execution later. The entries for these actions are prepared in the database 104.

First, at step S2901 threads for performing
10 polling using an infinite loop are generated, and a job to be executed "Now" is polled. When a job (action) is found in the database 104, its action type is examined (steps S2902 to S2905).

When the action type is Print, at step S2906 the
15 PrintJob() function is called and printing is performed. When the action type is Send, at step S2908 the ConstructSendMessage() function is called and a message is prepared. Then, at step S2909 the SendJob() function is called and transmission of the message is
20 performed.

When the action type is Hold, at step S2907 the CancelJob() function is called and the job is canceled.

At step S2910 the notification message is processed.

25 Fig. 30 is a flowchart showing the notification processing performed by the daemon module 105.

At step S3001 the PollNotify() function is called

to determine whether a notification message to be issued by the device is present. If such a notification message is present, at step S3002 the SendNotification() function is called and the
5 notification message is issued. If a notification message to be issued is not present, at step S3003 a check is performed to determine whether an application file is present.

When at step S3004 an application file is present,
10 at step S3005 a command line parameter is read from the file and the file is deleted. The ShowNotify.Exe module is started through which the command line parameter is passed.

When at step S3006 the module type is PullPrint,
15 at step S3007 the PrintOcx.Exe file is started. When the module type is Schedule, at step S3008 the DataDump.Exe is started.

Fig. 31 is a diagram showing the relationship between the job types handled by the daemon module 105
20 and corresponding processes.

Fig. 32 is a flowchart showing the PrintPrinterJob processing. The prototype is
IntPrintPrinterJob(pPrinterName, pDocumentName, pVoid, Bufsize).

25 This function is used for to notify the printer that a job is spooled. Specifically, a designated printer is opened, and notification that a job is

spooled is issued to the printer. Data are written to the printer, and then the printer is closed (steps S3201 to S3204).

Fig. 33 is a flowchart showing the SendJob processing.

At step S3301 a check is performed to determine whether a job to be transmitted is a new one or one already present in the database 104. When the job is a new one, at step S3303 the details concerning the job are added to the database 104. At step S3311 the sender and receiver of the job are also examined. When these are present in the database 104, at step S3312 a new action is added to the user's ID, and at step S3313 new entries are added to the database 104 for data that are not present in the database 104.

As for the transmission of an already existing job, the action type of the sender is examined. When the action type is Send and the status is Todo or Active, the Whentodo time for the action is changed to a new time that is designated in the job message. When the action type is Send and the action has already been performed, a new action is added to the database 104. When the action type is not Send, the action entered for the job is created in the database 104.

In all the cases, at step S3311 a check is performed to determine whether the receiver of the job is present. When the receiver is not present in the

database 104, at step S3313 a new entry is created. When the action type is Hold (S3304) and the action status is Todo (S3306), at step S3307 the action type is changed to Send, and at step S3308 the Whentodo time is changed to a new time designated in the JobMessage. When at step S3306 the action status is not Todo, at step S3309 a new record for the action type Send is created, and at step S3310 the WhenToDoTime is changed to a new time designated in the JobMessage.

Fig. 34 is a flowchart showing the ReceivejobData processing.

First, at step S3400 the check item "Deny Jobs From Person/Device" is examined. When a job is transmitted from a transmission source set in that item, at step S3417 acceptance of the job is rejected. This item is set by a manager.

Fig. 134 is a diagram showing a setup screen for the setting up the rejection of a job. In Fig. 134, the identifier for a user from whom jobs are to be rejected is set for "Deny Jobs From Person" and a device from which jobs are to be rejected is set for "Deny Jobs From Device". Then, while referring to Fig. 77, the job is rejected as will be described later in the setup for a command.

The effective period and the types of processes to be rejected may be set. The thus determined check items are examined to determine whether or not the

reception of a job from a transmission source user or device is permitted. When the reception of a job is permitted, the reception process is performed.

The job to be received is supposed to be a new one
5 and to be a conventional job.

When a new job is received, at step S3402 a new entry is added to the details for the job. When at step S3403 no sender is present, at step S3404 the entry for a sender is added. At step S3405 the details
10 of the action and the notifications are also added. When a sender is present, at step S3406 the details of the notification are added. If at step S3407 no receiver is present, at step S3408 a receiver is added, and at step S3409 the action performed by receiver is
15 also added.

When a conventional job is received, a receiver for the job is checked. If a receiver is present and can perform the same action as that required for the received job, the action status of the previous job is
20 canceled, and a new record is created. When the existing receiver can perform an action that differs from that for the receiver, a new entry is added for the receiver. The details contained in the notification may also be added. Except when the user
25 type differs, the action status is set to Todo.

Fig. 35 is a flowchart showing the
GetListOfJobAttribute processing.

All the jobs for a user at a designated place are examined, and the details for all the jobs are obtained. The jobs are Heldjobs and Historyjobs. The database 104 searches for jobs for individual UserIDs, and to obtain a list, all such jobs are selected and entered in the list (steps S3501 to S3507).

Fig. 36 is a flowchart showing the PollJob processing.

A search is performed for a job for which the user type is Receiver, the action status is Todo, and WhenTodo is shorter than the current system time (steps S3601 to S3605). When such a job is found, the details of the job are obtained and are added to the action setup, and TRUE is returned (steps S3606 to S3608). When no such job as is described above is found, FALSE is returned (step S3609).

Fig. 37 is a flowchart showing the PollNotify processing.

A search is performed for a first record for which CanNotify is Receiver, WhetherToNotify is TRUE and WhenToNotify is shorter than the current system time (steps S3701 to S3705). When such a record is found, the details of the notification are obtained and are added to the notification setup, and TRUE is returned (steps S3706 to S3708). When no such job as is described above is found, FALSE is returned (step S3709).

Fig. 38 is a flowchart showing the CancelAction processing.

First, a search is made for a record having a designated action ID. When such a record is found, a
5 search is made for a job having the same action ID, and the size of the job is obtained (steps S3801 to S3804). When the job size is smaller than the JobSizeLimit set by the manager, at step S3805 the action status is examined. When the action status is "Done", or the job
10 size is equal to or greater than the JobSizeLimit, the action status is changed to "Deleted", and the record is deleted (steps S3807 and S3808). In the other cases, at step S3806 the action status is set to "Cancel", and at step S3809 all notifications
15 corresponding to the action ID are deleted.

Fig. 39 is a flowchart showing the EditAction processing.

A search is performed for a record having a designated action ID. When such a record is found, the
20 action status is converted into a received parameter (steps S3901 to S3903).

Fig. 40 is a flowchart showing the EditAction processing. The prototype differs from that explained in Fig. 39.

25 A search is made for a record having a designated action ID. When the action for the pertinent record matches the action designated by the action ID, and

when the action status is Hold, the action status is changed to a received parameter (steps S4001 to S4006). When a pertinent record is not found, at step S4004 a new action is added.

5 Fig. 41 is a flowchart showing the RescheduleAction processing.

 A search is made for a record having a designated action ID. When a pertinent record is found and the action status is not "Done", Whentodo is converted to
10 received NewTime (steps S4101 to S4104).

 Fig. 42 is a flowchart showing the RescheduleAction processing. The prototype differs from that explained in Fig. 41.

 At step S4201 a search is made for a record having
15 a designated action ID. When a pertinent record is found and the UserType matches, the action status is changed to "Cancel", and a new record for which the action status is Todo is added (steps S4201 to S4204). When no pertinent record is found, an examination is
20 performed to determine whether a user is present. If a user is found, the UserID is obtained. If no user is found, a new user is added and its UserID is selected, and a new action that corresponds to the UserID is added (steps S4206 to S4209).

25 Fig. 43 is a flowchart showing the RescheduleAction processing. The prototype differs from those as explained in Figs. 41 and 42.

A search is made for a record having a designated action ID. When a pertinent record is found, the action status and the action are examined. When the action and the action ID match, and when the action status is Hold and Uncompleted, the WhenToDo time is changed to a NewTime (steps S4301 and S4302 and S4304 to S4308). When no pertinent record is found, at step S4303 a new action for which the action status is Todo is added, and the WhenToDo time is changed to a NewTime.

Fig. 44 is a flowchart showing the AddNotification processing.

A new record is added to a notification, and the general information for parameters (GeneratedFromparameter) are examined to prepare a new entry concerning this information.

Fig. 45 is a flowchart showing the AddInstruction processing.

When a ReceiveJob or a SendJob is encountered, the setup for an instruction is called. First, at step S4501 a check is performed to determine whether a designated UserID is present in the database 104. When the UserID is not present, the processing is thereafter terminated. When the UserID is present, at step S4502 a record is obtained from the instruction list, and at step S4503 details for a new instruction are added to the user ID.

The instruction is added to an instruction table in the database 104. An associated action and a notification provided upon receiving the instruction are reflected in an action table and a notification table (steps S4504 and S4506).

For both the ReceiveJob and the SendJob, when instructions for generating these jobs are established, a record, which serves as a template for generating a new action and a new notification, is added to the action table and the notification table.

Fig. 46 is a flowchart showing the GetInstruction processing.

This function is called using ReceiveJobData and SendJobData. First, at step S4601 all the records in the instruction table are examined to determine whether the action type is Receive or Send, and all the instructions for the action type are obtained. At step S4602 the details (values set as instructions) contained in the JobMessage are employed to determine whether an instruction can be executed. A check function, which will be described later, is used to examine the validity of the instruction. When the instruction is valid, at step S4603 the ID for the instruction is added to the list. When at step S4604 all the instructions have been processed, a listing of the effective instruction IDs is returned.

Fig. 47 is a flowchart showing the

ExecutionInstruction processing.

This function is called using ReceiveJobData and SendJobData. A search is made for records in the action table and in the notification tables. These
5 records are used in accordance with the instructions in the instruction list, and copies of them are prepared for each table having a Todo flag (set to TRUE) (steps S4701 to S4708).

The action table is searched to find a dummy
10 action that is set in accordance with the instruction. Based on the dummy action, a new, appropriate record is added and the action is performed.

The notification table is searched to find a dummy
notification that is set in accordance with the
15 instructions. Based on the dummy notification, a new, appropriate record is added and the notification is issued.

Fig. 89 is a flowchart showing the
ResetInstruction processing. The prototype is Void
20 ResetInstructions(dwUserId, pInstructionList).

First, a search is made for all the commands for a designated user ID, and obtained commands and corresponding actions and notifications are deleted (steps S8901 to S8905). Then, new commands that
25 received are entered in the command list (step S8906).

Fig. 90 is a flowchart showing the
DeleteAllInstructions processing. The prototype is

Void DeleteAllInstructions(dwUserId).

A search is made for all the commands for a designated User ID, and obtained commands and corresponding actions and notifications are deleted (steps S9001 to S9005).

Fig. 91 is a flowchart showing the DeleteInstructions processing. The prototype is Void DeleteInstructions(dwInstructionId).

A search is made for a command for a designated instruction ID, and the obtained command and a corresponding action and a notification are deleted (steps S9101 to S9104).

Fig. 92 is a flowchart showing the GetInstructionDetails processing. The prototype is Void GetInstructionDetails(dwUserId).

A search is made for commands for a designated user ID, and the obtained commands and a list of the details of corresponding actions and notifications are returned (steps S9201 to S9208).

Fig. 93 is a flowchart showing Check processing. The prototype is Bool Check(nJobChk, JobNameConnector, nDeviceChk, DeviceConnector, nPersonChk, PersonConnector, nTimeChk, TimeConnector, nStatusChk, nStatusCode).

This function is called from inside GetInstructionIds(). A check is performed to determine whether the command can be executed and is effective.

If the command is effective, TRUE is returned. If the command is not effective, FALSE is returned (steps S9301 to S9303).

Fig. 94 is a flowchart showing the

```
5  GetJobAttributes processing.  The prototype is Void
   GetJobAttributes(dwJobId, poJobMessage).
```

A search is made for a job having a designated job ID, the details concerning the job are set in the JobMessage (steps S9401 to S9403).

10 Fig. 95 is a flowchart showing the
GetJobAttributes processing. The prototype is Void
GetJobAttributes(dwJobId, poJobMessage).

A search is made for a job having a designated job ID, and the details concerning the job are set in the JobMessage. Further, a search is made for details concerning the sender and the receiver of the job and the details concerning the associated action, and these are set in the JobMessage (steps S9501 to S9505).

Fig. 96 is a flowchart showing the
20 GetActionAttributes processing. The prototype is Void
GetActionAttributes(dwActinId, poActionMessage).

A search is made for an action having a designated action ID, and the details concerning the obtained action are set in the ActionMessage. Further, the names and addresses of the sender and the receiver of the job are set in the ActionMessages for the sender and the receiver (steps S9601 to S9605).

Fig. 97 is a flowchart showing the DeleteJob processing. The prototype is Void DeleteJob(dwUserId, dwJobId).

At step S9701 a search is made for an action for a
5 designated UserID having a designated JobID. If at
step S9702 such an action is found, at step S9703 the
type of action status is examined. When the action
status is "Done", at step S9704 the action status is
changed to "Cancel", and the current time is set as the
10 execution time.

When the action status is already set to "Done" or
"Cancel", at step S9705 the action and all the
associated notifications are deleted. At step S9706 a
15 check is performed to determine whether there is an
action for a UserID other than the designated UserID
having the designated JobID. If no such action is
found, at step S9707 all the actions for the designated
UserID having the designated JobID are considered to
have been done or canceled. When there are no actions
20 for other users and all the actions have been done or
canceled, at step S9708 the record for this job is
deleted from the job table.

Fig. 98 is a flowchart showing the
GetNotificationList processing. The prototype is Void
25 GetNotificationList(nGeneratedFrom, dwId).

A search is made for all the notifications that
were generated at designated generation places (either

actions or instructions) and that have designated IDs, and the details concerning the obtained notifications are added to the list, which is then returned (steps S9801 to S9804).

5 Fig. 99 is a flowchart showing the SetNotificationCondition processing. The prototype is Void SetNotificationCondition(nGeneratedFrom, dwId, nResult).

10 A search is made for a notification that was generated at a designated place (nGeneratedFrom) and that has a designated Id. If the obtained notification consists of a designated value (nResult), the WhetherToNotify is set to TRUE. When the notification does not consist of a designated value, the
15 WhetherToNotify is set to FALSE (steps S9901 to S9905).

 Fig. 100 is a flowchart showing the SetNotificationCondition processing. The prototype is Void SetNotificationCondition(nGeneratedFrom, dwId, bCanNotifyFlag, nDummy).

20 A search is made for a notification that was generated at a designated place and that has a designated notification ID, and CanNotifyFlag is set to a designated value (bCanNotifyFlag) (steps S10001 to S10003).

25 Fig. 101 is a flowchart showing the SetNotificationStatus processing. The prototype is Void SetNotificationStatus(dwNotificationId,

bNotificationStatus).

A search is made for a notification having a designated notification ID, and the notification status is set to a designated value (steps S10101 to S10103).

5 Fig. 102 is a flowchart showing the ClearHistory processing. The prototype is Void ClearHistory().

First, at step S10201 the action status is examined, and actions having the status "Done", "Canceled", "Ignored" and "Deleted" are obtained. If
10 at step S10203 a job has the action status "Done", at step S10204 the execution time for each of the obtained actions is examined. For the other jobs, at step S10205 the WhenToDo time is examined. At step S10206 the obtained time is compared with the history time
15 limit. Such a limit is set for the job by the manager. Fig. 133 is a diagram showing an example setup screen. On this screen, the history time limit is set to one month (1 Month). When, as a result of the comparison, it is found that a time period equal to or longer than
20 that set for the time limit has elapsed since the execution time or the scheduled execution time, at step S10207 the action and the job are deleted.

Fig. 103 is a flowchart showing the DeleteAllPublicInfoJobs processing. The prototype is
25 Void DeleteAllPublicInfoJobs().

A search is made for all the PublicInfoJobs, and the action status is set to "Cancel" (steps S10301 to

S10304).

Fig. 104 is a flowchart showing the PrintPublicInfo processing. The prototype is Void PrintPublicInfo(dwActionId).

5 A search is made for an action having a designated action ID to determine whether there is a PublicInfoJob. When a PublicInfoJob is found, a new action is added. The action that is so set using PublicInfo that Print is the action type, WhenTodo is the current time and Todo is the action status (steps
10 S10401 to S10407).

Fig. 105 is a flowchart showing the SearchData processing. The prototype is Void SearchData(dwUserId, poSearchData).

15 A list is obtained of all the jobs for a designated user, and the details in the list are compared with the details for the Search Data object. When the details match, a node is added to a new list, which is then returned (steps S10501 to S10507).

20 Fig. 48 is a flowchart showing the processing performed by the desktop server component 103 in response to a request from the client component 102.

At step S4801 the server component 103 receives a request from the client component 102 and performs a
25 corresponding process. When at step S4802 the request is for "Login", the login verb and the remote device list are acquired, and then a user password is obtained

(steps S4803 and S4804). Following this, an HTML page corresponding to the user is created, the user password is stored, and the HTML page is transmitted to the client component 102 (steps S4805, S4806 and S4814).

5 The processing is thereafter terminated.

When the request is for "Print a File", the user password and the name of a file to be printed are obtained. Then an external application is called, and the file having the designated file name is written to a print file employed by the application. The output print file is then converted into a message object, and the job is transmitted to the first device on the remote device list. Finally, a corresponding HTML page is created and is transmitted to the client component 102 (steps S4807 to S4813 and S4814). The processing is thereafter terminated. The processing performed when the request from the client component 102 is "Read Mail" or "Print Mail" will be described later while referring to Fig. 49. The processing performed when the request from the client component 102 is "View Schedule" or "Print Schedule" will be described later while referring to Fig. 50. The processing performed when the request from the client component 102 is "Goto Other Device" will be described later while referring to Fig. 51. And the processing performed when the request from the client component 102 is "Logout" or "Help" will be described later while referring to Fig.

52.

Fig. 49 is a flowchart showing the processing performed for a request related to mail. This processing is employed when the request from the client component 102 is "Read Mail" or "Print Mail".

When the request is "Read Mail", first, the user password for the mail server is obtained, and a session for the reading of mail is opened. When the designated mail has been read, the session is closed (steps S4902 to S4905).

For the request "Print Mail", the same process is performed as for the "Read Mail" request, mail is written to a file, a Job message is generated, and the job is transmitted to the first device on the remote device list (steps S4906 to S4912).

Finally, in either case, a corresponding HTML page is generated and is transmitted to the client component 102 (steps S4913 and S4914). The processing is thereafter terminated.

Fig. 50 is a flowchart showing the processing performed for a request related to a schedule. This processing is performed by the desk server when the request from the client component 102 is "View Schedule" or "Print Schedule".

When the request is "View Schedule", a check is performed to determine whether the schedule type is "Daily" or "Monthly", and schedule data are obtained

(steps S5002 and S5003). When the request is "Print Schedule", the same process is performed as above, the data are written to a print file, a job message is generated, and the job is transmitted to the first device on the remote device list (steps S5004 to S5009).

In either case, a corresponding HTML page is generated, and is transmitted to the client component 102. The processing is thereafter terminated (steps S5010 to S5011).

Fig. 51 is a flowchart showing the processing performed for a request related to another device. This processing is performed by the desk server when the request from the client component 102 is "Goto Other Device".

When the request is Goto Other Device, the name and the address of a device are obtained. Then, the device is added to the remote device list and the login verb is generated (steps S5102 to S5104). Using the login verb, the device is logged in, and finally a corresponding HTML page is generated and is transmitted to the client component 102 (S5105 to S5115). The processing is thereafter terminated. This processing is the same as that explained while referring to Fig. 16.

Fig. 52 is a flowchart showing the processing performed for a request related to logging-out or to

help. This processing is performed by the desk server when the request from the client component 102 is "Logout" or "Help".

When at step S5201 a "Logout" request is received, at step S5202 a check is performed to determine whether the remote device list is empty. When the remote device list is empty, at step S5205, in accordance with the status, an OpeningScreen page is generated. When the remote device list is not empty, however, at step S5203 the next device is logged in using the login verb = Disconnect, and at step S5204 this next device is deleted from the remote device list. These processes are repeated until the remote device list has been emptied. That is, when all the devices on the remote device list have been logged out. When the list has been emptied, at step S5205 the OpeningScreen page is generated.

Upon receipt of a "Help" request, a help context parameter is obtained, and a corresponding help screen HTML page is generated (steps S5206 and S5207).

For both the requests, the generated HTML page is transmitted to the client component 102, and the processing is thereafter terminated.

Fig. 53 is a flowchart showing the processing performed beginning at the initial menu screen. Fig. 106 is a diagram showing an example initial menu screen. When a job is present in a print queue, it is

displayed on the status screen for the initial menu.
The name and the sender of the job are displayed as job
information.

At step S5301 a user selects a desired item from
5 the initial menu. At step S5302 the selected item is
established, and a new screen is displayed in
accordance with the item.

First, when "Device" is selected, at step S5303
the state of the device is displayed. When "Back" or
10 "Forward" is selected, at step S5304 the preceding or
the succeeding screen is displayed. When "End" is
selected, at step S5305 the end process is performed.

Furthermore, when "New Interaction" is selected,
at step S5306 a new process (login process), which will
15 be described later while referring to Fig. 55, is
initiated, and the screen is changed to a "Login"
screen (Fig. 112). When "Help" is selected, at step
S5307 the help screen is displayed.

When "Print URL" is selected, the screen is
20 changed to a "URL print" screen (Fig. 107). When at
step S5308 the URL is directly input or is designated
by a reference and "Go" is selected, at step S5309
information is obtained and previewed. At step S5310
the contents that are confirmed are printed, and then
25 the screen is returned to the initial menu screen.

When "Public Info" is selected, at step S5311
program control goes to the public information

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processing, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 54, and the screen is changed to a "public information process" screen (Fig. 110).

When "Goto Device" is selected, at step S5312 a
5 setup screen (Fig. 81) for accessing another device is displayed. Hereinafter performed is the same process as was performed when the login verb was "Device" in the processing for accessing another device that was explained in Fig. 51.

10 A job in a print queue can also be selected on the initial screen. To select a job, a user touches a button displayed in front of a desired job name. When a specific job is selected in this manner, at step
15 S5313 a password input screen (Fig. 108) is displayed. A password is input, and when it matches the password assigned for the selected job, a process setup screen (Fig. 109) is displayed for the job in the print queue that was selected.

20 Following this, at step S5314 an action for the job is selected, and at step S5315 an item concerning the execution of the action is selected. When "Print later" is selected as an action, a print time can be set as the item. A specific date (absolute date) can be set for the print time, or a relative time that must
25 elapse following a setup time, such as "After 1 Hour", can be set. For this setup, items such as "1 hour later", "2 hours later", "6 hours later", "Tomorrow",

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"Day after tomorrow", "1 week later" or "2 weeks later", are prepared and listed as choices in a menu. When an absolute date is employed, the current date is regarded as a default value. To select and input another date, a pertinent date displayed on a calendar is touched. To select another time, the current time is changed.

When "Hold Here" is selected, the time for the holding period is set. In this case, as well as in the print data later case, the absolute date is designated for the holding limit, or a holding period, such as one hour (For 1 Hour), can be selected and set in the menu. To designate an absolute date or a relative date, a touch keyboard may be displayed with which numerals can be directly entered, or a displayed numeral may be incremented or decremented the number of times a specific button is selected.

The action is set and is performed in accordance with the action-associated item and the date item that are thus selected or established. First, when "Print later" is selected, at step S5317 a print job is deleted from the print queue, and with the print time (absolute time) is entered in the pending job list. The screen is then returned to the initial menu screen, and when the setup time is reached, printing is performed.

When "Hold" is selected, at step S5318 the print

job is deleted from the print queue, and with the action "Hold" and the set holding limit is entered in the pending job list. The screen is then returned to the initial menu screen. Thereafter, the job is held
5 the period of time represented by the holding period, but will be canceled if it is not processed before the holding period has expired.

When "Pause/Restart Printing" is selected, at step S5319 printing is temporarily halted, the screen is
10 returned to the initial menu screen, and the selection of "Pause/Restart Printing" (a second depression of the same button) is waited for. When "Cancel Printing" is selected, at step S5320 the print job is deleted from the print queue, and "Cancel" is recorded in the
15 history as the action taken for this job. The screen is then returned to the initial menu screen.

Fig. 54 is a flowchart showing the processing for public information. The screen shifting and the sequence for the processing are shown when the "Public
20 Info" item in the initial menu screen is selected. First, at step S5401 a public information list for the printer is displayed. Fig. 110 is a diagram showing an example setup screen for a public information list and for public information processing. Information having
25 an attribute called public information (a job having an action called "public") is displayed in the list, and can be printed without any password being required.

When at step S5402 a specific job is selected from the list, program control goes to step S5405. When "From Other Device" is selected, program control goes to step S5415 to process the public information stored in another device.

At step S5405 a process corresponding to the specific job is selected. When "Print" is selected, at step S5407 a printing place, which will be described later in detail in the printing process for a normal job, and the printing time, as needed, are designated. At step S5408 the selected public information is printed. When "Preview" is selected, at step S5409 the previewing of data is performed, and at step S5410 the next process is selected.

If at step S5406 or S5410 "Add (Make Job Public Info. For Other Device)" is selected, another device is designated for publishing the selected public information, and the selected public information is added to the publication list for the device. Fig. 111 is a diagram showing a setup screen for publishing the information on another device.

At step S5412 the address and the name are given of a device that is designated to serve as an added destination. Also designated is the period of time for the publication of the information. For this, as in the previous Printing/Holding case, an absolute date may be set to constitute the publication period, or

instead, a time period may be set that is measured from the current time. If immediate publication of the information is not desired, a beginning date for the publication process may be set. In this case, a
5 relative period, such as "1 week later", can also be employed. In order to limit the publication period, the period designated for the publication of public information is examined before a list of such
10 information is displayed, and information for which the publication period has expired is disregarded. Such a list may be examined periodically, and information for which the publication period has expired can be deleted.

At step S5415 the previously described setup
15 screen (Fig. 81) for accessing another device is displayed, and the address and the name of the designated device that is to be accessed are entered. At step S5416 the public information list is obtained from the accessed device and is displayed.
20 Hereinafter, the same process can be performed as is performed for a local device.

Fig. 55 is a flowchart showing the login processing performed when the performance of a new process on the initial menu is selected. First, at
25 step S5501 a "Login" screen (Fig. 112) is displayed, and the user's identifier that has been input is examined. When the login is permitted, at step S5502 a

check is performed to determine whether there are jobs available for the user who has logged in, i.e., pending jobs. If there are such jobs, at step S5504 the list of jobs (Fig. 113) is displayed, and to initiate a process to perform the action, a job is selected which will be described later while referring to Fig. 56. If no jobs are available, at step S5503 the main menu (Fig. 121) is displayed and is used for the initiation of processing, a process which will be described while referring to Fig. 64.

Fig. 56 is a flowchart showing the processing for selecting a job and for performing an action. This processing is performed when a job is available for a user who has logged in, and at step S5601 a list of pending jobs is displayed. Fig. 113 is a diagram showing an example pending job list.

The pending jobs are a job that is to be printed on a specific date, a job that is to be transmitted on a specific date, and a job that is simply to be held until a specific date has been reached (and which will be deleted if it is not processed before the specified date). Job names, the senders or the recipients, the action types (Print, Send and Hold), and scheduled action dates are entered in the list. A variety of colors or identifying marks that correspond to different action types are employed for the displayed jobs so that their types can be readily identified. By

changing their statuses to "Done" or "Canceled", jobs that have already been executed or that have been canceled can continue be maintained in the history and, as needed, can be displayed in the list with the jobs that are to be executed. It should be noted that, in this case, the display forms of these jobs are changed in accordance with their statuses.

At step S5602 a target job is selected, and at step S5603 a process (action) corresponding to the selected job is selected. When at step S5604 "Main Menu" is selected, at step S5605 processing beginning at the main menu, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 64, is performed. When "Search" is selected, at step S5606 search processing is performed that will be described later while referring to Fig. 65. When "Print" is selected, at step S5607 the selected job is printed, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 60. When "Send" is selected, at step S5610 the selected job is transmitted, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 62. When "Preview" is selected, at step S5608 the selected job is previewed, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 57. When "Delete" is selected, at step S5609 the selected job is deleted, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 58. When "Schedule" is selected, at step S5611 the schedule for the selected job is changed, which will be described

later while referring to Fig. 59. And when "Logout" is selected, at step S5612 the logout processing that was explained while referring to Fig. 52 is performed.

Fig. 57 is a flowchart showing the selected job preview processing for previewing a job that is selected from the list of available jobs. At step S5701 a specified job is previewed. Fig. 114 is a diagram showing an example job preview screen. At step S5702 a process for the specified job is selected.

When at step S5703 "Print" is selected, at step S5704 the selected job is printed, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 60. When "Send" is selected, at step S5706 the selected job is transmitted, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 62. When "Delete" is selected, at step S5705 the selected job is deleted, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 58. When "Schedule" is selected, at step S5707 the schedule for the selected job is changed, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 59. And when "Cancel" is selected, at step S5708 the screen display is returned to that for the display of the job list that was explained while referring to Fig. 56.

Fig. 58 is a flowchart showing the selected job deletion processing performed when a job selected from the list of available jobs is to be deleted. First, at step S5801 a job to be deleted is previewed together

with the identification information for the job in order to permit the user to confirm the deletion. Fig. 115 is a diagram showing a deletion confirmation screen. When "Delete" is selected, at step S5802 the
5 deletion of the job is initiated. At this time, the processing explained in Fig. 97 is performed. Since a job to be deleted is selected from the pending job list, its action status is "Unexecuted", whereas the status of a deleted job is "Canceled", which is
10 recorded in the history for the user. At step S5803 the screen is returned to the display of the job list explained in Fig. 56.

Fig. 59 is a flowchart showing the processing for changing the schedule of a selected job. This
15 processing is performed to change the schedule for a job selected from an available job list. At step S5901 the current schedule, which is to be changed, is displayed. Fig. 116 is a diagram showing a setup screen for changing the schedule. At step S5902 the
20 schedule is changed. At step S5903 the screen is returned to the display of the job list explained in Fig. 56.

Fig. 60 is a flowchart showing the processing for printing a selected job. This processing is performed
25 to print a job that is selected from the available job list. At step S6001 the original action type of a selected job is determined. When the original action

type is not "Print", at step S6002 a print setup menu is displayed. Fig. 117 is a diagram showing an example print setup menu. The setup items are the place at which printing is to be performed (a local device or another device), a device name and, if a different device is selected for employment, its address, and the printing time.

To print using a different device, "Send" is recorded as the action type in the history for the job. When printing is initiated by a different device, a Send method, which will be described later, or a Transfer method may be employed for the transmission of data.

At step S6003 a process is selected. When at step S6004 "Print" is selected, at step S6005 the contents entered by the user are set for the device, and if immediate printing is instructed, the printing is initiated. At step S6006 the screen is returned to the display of the job list that was explained in Fig. 56. When "Preview" is selected, at step S6007 the data are previewed, and if printing is required, program control moves to step S6005. When "Notify" is selected, at step S6009 a notification is set and the screen is returned to the print setup menu. Fig. 118 is a diagram showing an example notification setup screen. The notification setup items are the name of a notification recipient, a notification medium (a voice

message, a popup window, e-mail, a telephone, a facsimile machine, or a pager), a notification destination (an address, a telephone number, etc.), a notification trigger (at the time of a success, at the time of a failure, at the time of accessing, etc.), and a time extending from the triggering of the notification until the actual issuance of a notification. In addition, on this screen can be displayed a list of notifications, for each of which are included the setup contents.

Fig. 61 is a flowchart showing the processing for changing the print setup for a selected job. In Fig. 61 the state shifting and the processing sequence are shown when the original action type of a selected job is "Print".

At step S6101 a print setup change menu is displayed. Fig. 119 is a diagram showing an example print setup change menu. At step S6102 a process corresponding to a selected job is designated. When "Print Now Also" is selected, at step S6104, in addition to the selected job, a job is added for which the print time for the selected job is used as the current time. When "Print Now" is selected, the print time for the selected job is changed to the current time. Therefore, in these cases, the printing is performed at the current time. When "Schedule" is selected, at step S6106 the schedule change menu in

Fig. 116 is displayed. At step S6107 the print schedule is changed by using the menu. In either case, at step S6108 the screen is returned to the display for the job list that was explained in Fig. 56.

5 Fig. 62 is a flowchart showing the selected job transmission processing. In Fig. 62, the state shifting and the sequence of processing are shown for the transmission of a job that is selected from the list of available jobs. At step S6201 the original
10 action type of the selected job is determined. When the original action type is "Send", the transmission setup change processing, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 63, is performed. When the
15 original action type is not "Send", at step S6202 a transmission setup menu is displayed. Fig. 70 is a diagram showing an example transmission setup menu.

 At step S6203 a destination and a transmission time are set and a process is selected. These setups are performed in the same manner as in the printing.
20 When at step S6204 "Send" is selected, at step S6205 a selected job is copied and the copy is transmitted. In this case, the selected job remains in the job list. When "Transfer" is selected, at step S6206 the selected job is transferred and is deleted from the job list.
25 For either the transmission or the transferring of a job, at step S6209 the screen is returned to the display of the job list that was explained in Fig. 56.

When "Notification" is selected, at step S6207 the notification setup screen is displayed. After the setup for the notification has been completed, the screen is returned to the transmission setup menu for selecting transmission or transfer.

Fig. 63 is a flowchart showing the processing for changing the transmission setup for a selected job. In Fig. 63, are shown the state shifting and the sequence of processing when the original action type of a selected job is "Send".

At step S6301 the transmission setup change menu is displayed. Fig. 71 is a diagram showing an example transmission setup change menu. At step S6302 a process for the selected job is selected. When "Send Now Also" is selected, at step S6304, in addition to the selected job, a job is added for which the transmission time for the selected job is used as the current time. When "Send Now" is selected, the transmission time for the selected job is changed to the current time. Therefore, in these cases, the transmission of a job is performed at the current time. When "Schedule" is selected, at step S6306 the schedule change menu in Fig. 116 is displayed, and at step S6307 the transmission schedule is changed by using the menu. In either case, at step S6308 the screen is returned to the display for the job list that was explained in Fig. 56. When "Notify" is selected, at step S6309 a

correction menu is displayed.

Fig. 120 is a diagram showing an example correction menu. At this time, the list of transmission destinations is displayed. At step S6310 a new transmission destination is added/designated, a transmission destination selected from the list is corrected (deleted or changed), a process to be performed by the transmission destination is changed, a password is changed, and a transmission time is changed. For the setup of the notification, at step S6312 the notification setup menu is displayed, and is then returned to the correction menu. When the notification setup is not required, the screen is returned to the transmission setup change menu.

Fig. 64 is a flowchart showing the processing performed beginning at the main menu. In Fig. 64 is shown the screen shifting on the main menu and the processing sequence. At step S6401 the main menu is displayed. Fig. 121 is a diagram showing an example main menu. At step S6402 a process (action) is selected.

When at step S6402 "Logout" is selected, at step S6404 the logout processing that was explained in Fig. 52 is performed. When "Help" is selected, at step S6405 the help processing that was explained in Fig. 52 is performed. When "Search" is selected, at step S6406 the search processing, which will be described later

while referring to Fig. 65, is performed. When "Print" is selected, at step S6407 the print processing, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 67, is performed. When "Send" is selected, at step S6408 the transmission processing, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 69, is performed. When "Delete" is selected, at step S6409 the deletion processing, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 75, is performed. When "Set Instructions" is selected, at step S6410 the instruction setup processing, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 77, is performed. When "Reschedule" is selected, at step S6411 the rescheduling processing, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 78. When "ADD Public Information" is selected, at step S6412 the processing for adding public information, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 66, is performed. When "Goto Device" is selected, at step S6413 the processing for accessing another device, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 80, is performed. When "Goto My Desktop" is selected, at step S6414 the processing for accessing a desktop, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 82, is performed.

Fig. 65 is a flowchart showing the search processing performed when "Search" is selected on the

main menu.

At step S6501 a search condition for searching for a job is set. A job setup time, an execution time, an execution state and a sender can be employed as the search condition. Not only pending jobs but also jobs that were executed and stored in the history are searched for. Especially when the condition where the execution state "Done" (also "Canceled", if needed) is employed for the search, the history can be displayed.

At step S6502 the search is initiated and a list of the jobs that are found is displayed. At step S6503 a job is selected from the job list, and at step S6504 a process corresponding to the selected job is designated.

When at step S6504 "Print" is selected, at step S6506 the selected job is printed, which was explained in Fig. 60. When "Preview" is selected, at step S6508 the selected job is deleted, which was explained in Fig. 58. When "Reschedule" is selected, at step S6510 the schedule of the selected job is changed, which was explained in Fig. 59. When "Main Menu" is selected, at step S6511 the processing beginning at the main menu is performed, which was explained in Fig. 64.

Fig. 66 is a flowchart showing the public information addition processing performed when "Add Public Information" is selected. At step S6601 a job used as public information is selected from a job list.

At step S6602 a public information addition menu (Fig. 111) is displayed, and an added destination and a publication period are designated. The details are the same as was explained for the public information processing. It should be noted that a job in the user's job list is to be published. After the designation of the details, at step S6603 the addition of the job to the public information list is instructed, and at step S6605 a selected job is added to the public information list. When "Cancel" is selected after the processing has been completed, at step S6606 the screen is returned to the main menu.

Fig. 67 is a flowchart showing the printing processing performed when "Print" is selected from the main menu.

At step S6701 a place whereat a job to be printed is present is selected. Fig. 122 is a diagram showing an example menu screen for selecting a place whereat a job to be printed is present. When "Jobs on this Device" is selected, at step S6703 the list of print jobs in the current device is displayed. Fig. 123 is a diagram showing an example menu for selecting a job to be printed. At step S6704 a job to be printed is selected, and at step S6705 the printing setup is performed for a selected job. This process is performed in the same manner as explained in Fig. 60.

When "Jobs on other Device" or "Jobs from my

Desktop" is selected, at step S6706 the address of the device is designated, and at step S6707 the login screen is downloaded from the device at that address. At step S6708 the login process is performed in

5 accordance with the downloaded screen. When the login is completed, since the login verb is "Print", at step S6710 the menu screen in Fig. 122, for selecting a job to be printed, is downloaded to select a printing device, as is explained in Fig. 51. When a current
10 printer is employed, at step S6711 the remote printing process, which will be described while referring to Fig. 68, is performed by the printer. When the desktop is employed, at step S6712 the remote printing process is performed by the desktop. When another device is
15 employed, at step S6713 the remote printing process is performed by that device.

Fig. 68 is a flowchart showing the remote printing processing performed by the printer. In Fig. 68 is shown the sequence of post-login processing performed
20 when printing using another device is designated on the main menu and the designated device is the same type of printer. The processing is the same as that for the printing of a job stored in the current device. It should be noted that the menu and the list are
25 downloaded from a device that is accessed.

Fig. 69 is a flowchart showing the transmission processing. In Fig. 69 are shown the screen shifting

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and the sequence of processing performed when "Send" is selected from the main menu.

At step S6901 a place, either a current device, another device or a desktop, is selected whereat a job to be transmitted is present. Fig. 124 is a diagram showing an example menu screen for selecting a place whereat a job to be transmitted is present. When "jobs on this Device" is selected, at step S6902 the job list for this device is displayed. Fig. 125 is a diagram showing an example menu for selecting a job to be transmitted. At step S6903 a job to be transmitted is selected. Hereinafter the selected job transmission processing that was explained in Fig. 62 is performed.

When another device or a desktop is selected as a place whereat a job to be transmitted is present, at step S6904 the address of the device is designated, and at step S6905 the login screen is downloaded from the device at that address. At step S6906 the login process is performed in accordance with the screen. When the login is completed, since the login verb is "Send", at step S6908 the menu screen in Fig. 124, for selecting a job to be transmitted, is downloaded to select a transmission source device, as is explained in Fig. 51. When the printer is employed for the transmission, at step S6909 the remote sending processing using the printer, which will be described while referring to Fig. 72, is performed. When the

desktop is employed for the transmission, at step S6910 the remote sending processing using the desktop is performed. When another device is employed for the transmission, at step S6911 the remote sending processing using another device is performed.

Fig. 72 is a flowchart showing the remote sending processing performed by the printer. In Fig. 72 is shown the sequence of post-login processing performed when transmission by another device is designated on the main menu, and the designated device is the same type of printer.

When there is a job in the designated device, at step S7202 the list of jobs to be transmitted is displayed. At step S7203 a job is selected from the job list, and at step S7204 a process is selected. When "Send" is selected, the selected job is transmitted. This processing is the same as the transmission of a selected job by the current device, which was explained while referring to Fig. 69. It should be noted that the menu and the list are downloaded from the device that is accessed.

When at step S7204 "Search" is selected, at step S7206 a new job to be transmitted is searched for. When "Logout" is selected, at step S7207 the logout processing that was explained in Fig. 52 is performed. When "Main Menu" is selected, at step S7208 the screen is returned to the display of the main menu.

Fig. 75 is a flowchart showing the deletion processing performed when "Delete" is selected from the main menu.

At step S7501 a place, either a current device,
5 another device or a desktop, whereat a job to be
deleted is present is selected. Fig. 73 is a diagram
showing an example menu for selecting a device whereat
a job to be deleted is present. When the current
device is selected, at step S7502 the job list for this
10 device is displayed. Fig. 74 is a diagram showing an
example list for jobs to be deleted. At step S7503 a
job to be deleted is selected. Then, the selected job
is deleted in the manner as is explained in Fig. 58.

When another device or a desktop is selected as a
15 place whereat a job to be deleted is present, at step
S7505 the address of the device is designated, and at
step S7506 the login screen is downloaded from the
device at that address. At step S7507 the login
process is performed in accordance with the downloaded
20 screen. When the login is completed, since the login
verb is "Delete", the menu screen in Fig. 74 for
selecting a job to be deleted is downloaded to select a
job, as explained in Fig. 51. When a job is to be
deleted from the printer, at step S7510 the remote
25 deletion processing, which will be described while
referring to Fig. 76, is performed by the printer.
When a job is to be deleted from the desktop, at step

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S7511 the remote deletion process is performed by the desktop. When a job is to be deleted from another device, at step S7512 the remote deletion process is performed by that device.

5 Fig. 76 is a flowchart showing the remote deletion processing performed by the printer. In Fig. 76 is shown the sequence of post-login processing when the transmission from another device is designated on the main menu and the designated device is the same type of
10 printer.

 When a job is present in the designated device, at step S7601 the job list is displayed, at step S7602 a job to be deleted from the list is selected, and at step S7603 a process is selected. When "Delete" is
15 selected, at step S7605 the deletion confirmation menu in Fig. 115 is displayed, and at step S7606 the selected job is deleted. This processing is performed in the same manner as is the deletion of the selected job in the current device, which was explained in Fig.
20 58. It should be noted that the list and the menu are downloaded from the device that is accessed.

 When at step S7604 "Search" is selected, at step S7607 a new job to be deleted is searched for. When "Logout" is selected, at step S7608 the logout process
25 explained in Fig. 52 is performed. When "Main Menu" is selected, at step S7609 the screen is returned to the main menu.

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Fig. 77 is a flowchart showing the processing for setting instructions. In Fig. 77 are shown the screen shifting and the sequence of processing when "Set Instructions" is selected on the main menu. At step S7701 an instruction setup screen is displayed. Fig. 126 is a diagram showing an example instruction setup screen. On this screen, an instruction execution condition is designated. The conditions are a job name, a device name, a user's name, a state as a trigger for executing an instruction (upon receipt of a job, during transmission, at the time of printing, upon a change in a status, etc.), an instruction effective time limit or period (including an infinite time), and a printer status. Furthermore, "AND" or "OR" can be also set for these conditions. The current setup is displayed as is "On receiving jobs from others", which is shown in Fig. 126.

When at step S7702 a process is selected, if "Take Action" is selected, at step S7704 an action is selected that is to be performed when the setup condition is established. The printing or the holding of a job can be selected. In addition, transmission (transfer) of a job or cancellation of a job may be selected. When "Set Notification" is selected, at step S7705 a notification is set. When "Add Instruction" is selected, at step S7706 the instruction set on the screen is validated. When "Delete" is selected, at

step S7707 the instruction that is set on the screen is deleted. Then, at step S7708 the screen is returned to the main menu. An instruction whose effective period has expired remains in the history in addition to the jobs that have been executed. When a specific period of time has elapsed since the expiration of the time limit, the instruction is deleted in accordance with the management process for the history.

Fig. 78 is a flowchart showing the schedule change processing performed when "Reschedule" is selected on the main menu.

At step S7801 a schedule change screen is displayed to select a place, either a current device, another device or a desktop, whereat a job to be changed is present. Fig. 127 is a diagram showing an example menu for selecting a device whereat a job to be changed is present. When at step S7802 the current device is selected, at step S7803 the list of jobs in the current device is displayed. Fig. 128 is a diagram showing an example screen for selecting a job that is to be rescheduled. At step S7804 a job to be changed is selected, and at step S7805 the schedule of the selected job is changed, as was explained in Fig. 59.

When another device or a desktop is selected as a place whereat a job to be changed is present, at step S7806 the address of the device is designated, at step S7807 the login screen is downloaded from the device at

the address, and at step S7808 the login process is performed in accordance with the screen. When at step S7809 the login process is completed, since the login verb is "Reschedule", at step S7810 a menu screen in
5 Fig. 128 for selecting a job to be rescheduled is downloaded to select a job, as explained in Fig. 51. To change the schedule of the printer, at step S7811 the remote rescheduling process, which will be described while referring to Fig. 79, is performed by
10 the printer. To change the schedule for the desktop, at step S7812 the remote rescheduling process is performed by the desktop.

Fig. 79 is a flowchart showing the remote rescheduling processing performed when rescheduling of
15 a job for another device (same type of printer) is selected on the main menu.

When there is a job in the device, at step S7902 the list of all the jobs is displayed, and at step S7903 a process is selected. When a job is selected
20 and the rescheduling process is selected, at step S7905 a job rescheduling screen in Fig. 116 is displayed, and the selected job is rescheduled. This processing is performed in the same manner as is the rescheduling of the selected job for the current device, which was
25 explained in Fig. 59. It should be noted that the list and the menu are downloaded from the device that is accessed.

When at step S7904 "Search" is selected, at step S7906 a search is made for a new job to be rescheduled. When "Logout" is selected, at step S7907 the logout processing explained in Fig. 52 is performed. When
5 "Main Menu" is selected, at step S7908 the screen is returned to the display of the main menu.

Fig. 80 is a flowchart showing the processing for accessing another device. In Fig. 80 is shown the sequence of the processing performed when an access of
10 another device or an access of a desktop is selected on the main menu. Fig. 81 is a diagram showing an example setup screen for accessing another device. At step S8001 the address of the device is designated, and at step S8002 the login screen is downloaded from the
15 device at that address. At step S8003 the login process is performed in accordance with the downloaded screen. When at step S8004 the login process is completed, since the login verb is "Device", at step S8005 the initial menu screen in Fig. 106 is downloaded
20 to determine a device to be operated, as explained in Fig. 51. When a printer is to be operated, at step S8006 the same process as is performed for the local printer is performed for the other printer. When a desktop is to be operated, at step S8007 the desktop
25 processing is performed, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 82. When another device is to be operated, at step S8008 the process for that device

is performed.

Fig. 82 is a flowchart showing the desktop processing. In Fig. 82 are shown a shift from the initial screen and the sequence of the processing performed when "Goto My Desktop" is selected on the main menu. First, at step S8201 the main menu is displayed. Fig. 129 is a diagram showing an example desktop main menu. At step S8202 a process (action) is selected.

10 When at step S8202 "Fetch a File" is selected, at step S8204 the file printing process, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 88, is performed. When the acquisition of new mail is selected, at step S8205 the new mail reading processing, which will be described while referring to Fig. 83, is performed. When the acquisition of old mail is selected, at step S8206 the old mail acquisition processing, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 84, is performed. When the printing of a schedule is selected, at step S8207 the schedule is printed. When a reference to a schedule is selected, at step S8208 the schedule reference processing is performed. When a reference to an address book is selected, at step S8209 the address book reference processing is performed. When "Logout" is selected, at step S8210 the logout processing explained in Fig. 52 is performed.

25

Fig. 83 is a flowchart showing the new mail reading processing performed when a user accesses his or her desktop to read new mail. At step S8300 a list of new mail is displayed. Fig. 85 is a diagram showing an example new mail list. At step S8301 mail to be read is selected, and at step S8302 a process for the selected mail is selected.

When at step S8302 "Main Menu" is selected, at step S8304 the screen is returned to the main menu of the desktop. When "Open" is selected, at step S8305 the selected mail is opened and the contents of the mail are displayed. Fig. 86 is a diagram showing an example display for the contents of mail. When at step S8306 the preceding display or the succeeding display is selected, program control returns to step S8305 whereat the contents of corresponding mail are displayed. When "Print" or "Delete" is selected, mail is deleted at step S8308 or mail is printed at step S8309. Similarly, when at step S8302 "Print" or "Delete" is selected, mail is deleted at step S8308 or mail is printed at step S8309. When "Print All" is selected, at step S8310 all mail is printed. When "Old" (mail that has been read) is selected, the read mail acquisition processing, which will be described later while referring to Fig. 84, is performed.

During mail printing, a user accesses his or her desktop and obtains and prints mail. The printing

destination can be designated as in the previous job printing. For the printing of all the mail, a user accesses his or her desktop to obtain and print all the mail. For the deletion of mail, a user accesses his or
5 her desktop to delete mail. At this time, as well as the deletion of a job, the confirmation of the deletion may be performed.

Fig. 84 is a flowchart showing the old mail acquisition processing performed when a user accesses
10 his or her desktop to read old mail. At step S8401 a list for old mail is displayed. Fig. 87 is a diagram showing an example list of old mail. At step S8402 mail to be read is selected, and at step S8403 a process for the selected mail is selected.

15 When at step S8404 "Main Menu" is selected, at step S8405 the screen is returned to the main menu of the desktop. When "Open" is selected, at step S8406 the selected mail is opened and the contents are displayed. Fig. 86 is a diagram showing an example
20 display of the contents of mail. When at step S8407 the preceding display or the succeeding display is selected, program control returns to step S8406 whereat the contents of corresponding mail are displayed. When "Print" or "Delete" is selected, mail is deleted at
25 step S8409 or mail is printed at step S8410. Similarly, when at step S8404 "Print" or "Delete" is selected, mail is deleted at step S8409 or mail is

printed at step S8410. When "Unread" is selected, the new mail reading processing explained in Fig. 83 is performed.

Fig. 88 is a flowchart showing the file processing performed when a user accesses his or her desktop to operate a file on the desktop. At step S8801 setup is performed to obtain a file. Fig. 130 is a diagram showing an example setup screen for obtaining a file. On this screen the file name can be designated. At step S8802 a process to be performed to obtain a file is selected.

When at step S8802 "Search" is selected, at step S8803 a search condition is designated, at step S8804 a search is made for a file on the desktop, and at step S8805 a list for files that correspond to the setup condition is displayed. When at step S8802 "Show All" is selected, the list of the files in the desktop is displayed. Fig. 131 is a diagram showing an example display for the file list for the desktop. At step S8807 a file is selected from the search results or from the list. When the file is thus selected, or when at step S8802 the file name is entered to instruct the acquisition of the file, at step S8808 the pertinent file is obtained from the desktop. At step S8809 a process for this file is selected. Fig. 132 is a diagram showing an example screen for selecting a process corresponding to the obtained file. When

"Print" is selected, at step S8811 the obtained file is printed. When "Send" is selected, at step S8812 the obtained file is transmitted.

When Set Instruction on the main menu is selected
5 (step S6410), an automatic process setup screen is displayed. Figs. 137A and 137B are flowcharts showing the processing that corresponds to the operation performed on the automatic process setup screen. Fig. 138 is a diagram showing an example automatic process
10 setup screen.

In this embodiment, when an event occurs, such as the reception of a notification when another user performs printing, the printing of information when that information is received from a specific
15 transmission source or the transmission of a notification to a user or to a manager when there is only a little toner remaining, a process to be performed under that condition is set as an instruction. Hereinafter, when an event that
20 corresponds to a set condition occurs the designated process is performed, but an instruction need not be issued.

When the operator enters an instruction on the automatic process setup screen in Fig. 138 that is
25 displayed by the client component, a request corresponding to the instruction is transmitted from the client to the server, which begins the automatic

process setup screen processing in Figs. 137A and 137B that corresponds to the operation screen currently displayed by the client.

When the automatic process setup screen processing
5 is initiated, at step S13701 a request is obtained, at step S13702 it is analyzed, and at step S13703 program control branches to a corresponding process.

When On Receiving (at the time of reception),
While Sending Jobs (during transmission), On Printing
10 (at the time of printing) and Device Status Change (a change in the status of a device) are requested, at step S13706 a screen HTML page is created as a setup screen for a process to be performed under each requested condition. At step S13707 the HTML page is
15 transmitted to the client and the processing is terminated.

When Delete is requested, at step S13704 an instruction designated by the client is deleted, and at step S13705 a screen HTML page for the updated
20 instruction list is created. At step S13707 the HTML page is transmitted to the client and the processing is thereafter terminated.

When Done is requested, at step S13708 the currently designated automatic process setup parameters
25 are set. At step S13709 the preceding screen HTML page is created and at step S13707 it is transmitted to the client. The processing is thereafter terminated.

When Cancel is requested, at step S13709 the preceding HTML page is created, and at step S13710 it is transmitted to the client. The processing is thereafter terminated.

5 For the other requests, at step S13711 the post-Login, general request process, which corresponds to the request that is commonly selected on a series of screens following Login, is performed, and the processing is thereafter terminated.

10 Figs. 139A and 139B are flowcharts showing the automatic reception setup screen processing that corresponds to the operation performed on an automatic reception setup screen displayed when On Receiving Jobs on the automatic process setup screen is selected.

15 Figs. 140 and 141 are diagrams showing example automatic reception setup screens. The screen in Fig. 141 is obtained by scrolling the screen in Fig. 140.

When the operator enters an instruction on the automatic reception setup screen in Figs. 140 and 141
20 displayed by the client component, a request corresponding to the instruction is transmitted by the client to the server, which begins the automatic reception setup screen processing in Figs. 139A and 139B that corresponds to the operation screen currently
25 displayed by the client.

When the automatic reception setup screen processing is initiated, at step S13901 a request is

obtained, at step S13902 it is analyzed, and at step S13903 program control branches to a corresponding process.

On the screen in Fig. 140, Sender (a sender),
5 Source Device (a transmission source device), Job Name (the name of a job), and Printer Status (the status of a printer) can be designated as conditions. On the screen in Fig. 141, a start date and an end date (Valid from, to) for validating a set command can be
10 designated, and a period (Valid for) can also be designated. These entries are made at the client.

When Notify and Take Action are requested as processes to be executed, at step S13907 a screen HTML page is created as a setup screen for a notification or
15 for an action to be performed upon reception. At step S13908 the HTML page is transmitted to the client and the processing is terminated.

When Add is requested, at step S13904 an instruction designated by the client is added, and at
20 step S13905 a screen HTML page for the updated instruction list is created. At step S13908 the HTML page is transmitted to the client, and the processing is thereafter terminated.

When Delete is requested, at step S13906 an
25 instruction designated by the client is deleted, and at step S13905 a screen HTML page for the updated instruction list is created. At step S13908 the HTML

page is transmitted to the client and the processing is thereafter terminated.

When Set is requested, at step S13909 the currently designated instructions are set. At step
5 S13910 the preceding screen HTML page is created and at step S13911 it is transmitted to the client. The processing is thereafter terminated.

When Cancel is requested, at step S13910 the preceding HTML page is created, and at step S13911 it
10 is transmitted to the client. The processing is thereafter terminated.

For the other requests, at step S13912 the post-Login, general request process, which corresponds to the request that is commonly selected for a series of
15 screens following Login, is performed, and the processing is thereafter terminated.

Fig. 142 is a flowchart showing the action setup screen processing that corresponds to the operation performed on an action setup screen displayed when Take
20 Action is selected on the various automatic process setup screens. Fig. 143 is a diagram showing an example action setup screen.

When the operator enters an instruction on the action setup screen in Fig. 143 displayed by the client
25 component, a request corresponding to the instruction is transmitted by the client to the server, which begins the action setup screen processing in Fig. 142

that corresponds to the operation screen currently displayed by the client.

It should be noted, however, that the input operations for the setting of Action To Take (the type of action), Device Name (the name of a device), Device Address (the address of a device) and Password (a password) are completed by using client processing, without the server processing in Fig. 142 being required. Since the OK, Cancel and the other operations require the server processing, the action setup screen processing in Fig. 142 is performed.

Printing and holding can be designated as the type of action, and a device to execute the action is designated by using the device name and address. When another device is designated, the transmission process is accompanied by the designated action. A password is used to limit access at the transmission source.

When the action setup screen processing is initiated, at step S14201 a request is obtained, at step S14202 it is analyzed, and at step S14203 program control branches to a corresponding process.

When OK is requested, at step S14204 the action setup parameters are set for Action To Take, Device Name, Device Address and Password that were designated by the client. At step S14205 the preceding HTML page is created, and at step S14206 it is transmitted to the client. The processing is thereafter terminated.

When Cancel is requested, at step S14205 the preceding HTML page is created, and at step S14206 it is transmitted to the client. The processing is thereafter terminated.

5 For the other requests, at step S14207 the post-Login, general request process, which corresponds to the request that is commonly selected on a series of screens following Login, is performed, and the processing is thereafter terminated.

10 When with the action setup in this processing a job that matches a specific condition is received, an automatic process, such as using another printer to print the job, can be set.

15 Similarly, a notification destination and the contents of the notification are set when Notify is selected.

Figs. 144A and 144B are flowcharts showing the automatic status change setup screen processing that corresponds to an operation on an automatic status
20 change setup screen, which is displayed when Device Status change is selected on the automatic process setup screen.

When the operator enters an instruction on the automatic status change setup screen displayed by the
25 client component, a request corresponding to the instruction is transmitted from the client to the server, which begins the automatic status change setup

screen processing in Figs. 144A and 144B that corresponds to the operation screen currently displayed by the client.

When the automatic status change setup screen
5 processing is initiated, at step S14401 a request is obtained, at step S14402 it is analyzed, and at step S14403 program control branches to a corresponding process.

When Notify is requested, at step S14407 a screen
10 HTML page that corresponds to a request is created, and at step S14408 it is transmitted to the client. The processing is thereafter terminated.

When Add is requested, at step S14404 an
15 instruction designated by the client is added, and at step S14405 a screen HTML page for the updated instruction list is created. At step S14408 the HTML page is transmitted to the client and the processing is thereafter terminated.

When Delete is requested, at step S14406 an
20 instruction designated by the client is deleted, and at step S14405 a screen HTML page for the updated instruction list is created. At step S14408 the HTML page is transmitted to the client and the processing is thereafter terminated.

When Set is requested, at step S14409 the
25 currently designated instructions are set. At step S14410 the preceding screen HTML page is created and at

step S14411 it is transmitted to the client. The processing is thereafter terminated.

When Cancel is requested, at step S14410 the preceding HTML page is created, and at step S14411 it
5 is transmitted to the client. The processing is thereafter terminated.

For the other requests, at step S14412 the post-Login, general request process, which corresponds to the request that is commonly selected on a series of
10 screens following Login, is performed, and the processing is thereafter terminated.

When either While Sending Jobs or On Printing is selected, on the automatic process setup screen in Fig. 138, a different setup screen is displayed: for While
15 Sending Job the setup screen for a recipient, a receiver and the name of a job is displayed; and for On Printing the setup screen for a printing instructor (sender), a transmitter and the name of a job is displayed. However, since the processing is performed
20 substantially in the same manner as explained above, no explanation for them will be given.

According to the above described embodiment, each time the status is changed to one that is specified, a specific process can be performed without an
25 instruction being issued.

The present invention may be applied for an apparatus constituted by a single device, or for a

system constituted by a plurality of apparatuses. For implementing the present invention, a memory medium on which is stored software program code for implementing the functions in the above embodiment may be supplied to an apparatus or to a system, and the computer in the apparatus or in the system may read the program code from the memory medium.

In addition, the scope of the present invention includes not only a case where the functions in the embodiment can be performed when program code is read and executed by the computer, but also a case where, in accordance with an instruction in the program code, an OS running on the computer, etc., can perform the processing required to accomplish the functions included in the above embodiment.

The memory medium on which such program code is recorded constitutes the present invention.

Although the present invention has been described in its preferred form with a certain degree of particularity, many apparently widely different embodiments of the invention can be made without departing from the spirit and the scope thereof. It is to be understood that the invention is not limited to the specific embodiments described herein, except as defined in the appended claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An information processing apparatus
comprising:

attribute designation means for designating an
5 attribute of object information;

process designation means for designating a
process for said object information;

setup means for setting up a command to be
executed; and

10 execution means for executing said command set up
by said setup means upon the performance of said
process designated by said process designation means
for said object information having said attribute
designated by said attribute designation means.

15

2. An information processing apparatus according
to claim 1, further comprising:

time limit setup means for setting a time limit;
and

20 inhibition means for inhibiting said execution
means for executing a command when said time limit set
by said time limit setup means has expired.

3. An information processing apparatus according
25 to claim 1, further comprising:

status designation means for designating the
status of said apparatus; and

permission means for permitting said execution means to execute a command when said status designated by said status designation means is established.

5 4. An information processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said attribute of said object information includes at least one of an information name, an information transmitter name, and an information sender name.

10 5. An information processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said process includes at least one of the reception, of the transmission, and of the printing of said object information.

15 6. An information processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said command includes a command for issuing a notification that said designated process has been completed.

20 7. An information processing apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said command includes a command for performing a further process related to said object information.

25 8. An information processing apparatus according to claim 7, wherein said further process includes at

least one of the printing or of the holding of said object information.

5 9. An information processing apparatus according to claim 2, further comprising:

management means for deleting a command set by said setup means when said time limit set by said time limit setup means has expired.

10 10. An information processing method comprising: an attribute designation step of designating an attribute of object information;

a process designation step of designating a process for said object information;

15 a setup step of setting up a command to be executed; and

an execution step of executing said command set up at said setup step upon the performance of said process designated at said process designation step for said object information having said attribute designated at said attribute designation step.

11. An information processing method according to claim 10, further comprising:

25 a time limit setup step of setting a time limit; and

an inhibition step of inhibiting the execution of

a command at said execution step when said time limit set at said time limit setup step has expired.

12. An information processing method according to
5 claim 10, further comprising:

a status designation step of designating the status of an apparatus; and

a permission step of permitting the execution of a command at said execution step when said status
10 designated at said status designation step is established.

13. An information processing method according to claim 10, wherein said attribute of said object
15 information includes at least one of an information name, an information transmitter name, and an information sender name.

14. An information processing method according to claim 10, wherein said process includes at least one of the reception, of the transmission, and of the printing
20 of said object information.

15. An information processing method according to claim 10, wherein said command includes a command for
25 issuing a notification that said designated process has been completed.

16. An information processing method according to claim 10, wherein said command includes a command for performing a further process related to said object information.

5

17. An information processing method according to claim 16, wherein said further process includes at least one of the printing or of the holding of said object information.

10

18. An information processing method according to claim 10, further comprising:

a management step of deleting a command set at said setup step when said time limit set at said time limit setup step has expired.

15

19. A storage medium on which is stored a program, which comprises:

an attribute designation step of designating an attribute of object information;

20

a process designation step of designating a process for said object information;

a setup step of setting up a command to be executed; and

25

an execution step of executing said command set up at said setup step upon the performance of said process designated at said process designation step for said

object information having said attribute designated at said attribute designation step.

20. An information processing apparatus
5 comprising:

designation means for designating a status that is employed as an execution condition for a process to be performed;

10 setup means for setting up, together with said status, said process that is to be performed when said status designated by said designation means has occurred;

determination means for determining whether said status designated by said designation means has
15 occurred; and

execution means for, when the occurrence of said status is determined by said determination means, performing said process that is set up with said status.

20

21. An information processing apparatus according to claim 20, further comprising:

time period setup means for setting an effective time period; and

25 inhibition means for inhibiting said execution means from executing a command at a time other than said time period set by said time period setup means.

22. An information processing apparatus according to claim 20, wherein said designation means designates a status during which a specific process is to be performed.

5

23. An information processing apparatus according to claim 20, wherein at least one of the reception, of the transmission, and of the printing can be designated as the type for said specific process.

10

24. An information processing apparatus according to claim 23, wherein at least one of a user name, of an apparatus, and of a process name can be designated as an attribute for said specific process.

15

25. An information processing apparatus according to claim 20, wherein said designation means designates a specific status for said apparatus.

20

26. An information processing apparatus according to claim 20, wherein a failure of each section of said apparatus, or a shortage of each resource is capable of being designated as said specific status.

25

27. An information processing apparatus according to claim 20, wherein said setup means is capable of setting, as said process to be executed, at least one

of a notification, of a printing, and of a holding process.

28. An information processing apparatus according to claim 20, that is capable of executing, at the least, either the reading or the printing of information.

29. An information processing method comprising:
a designation step of designating a status that is employed as an execution condition for a process to be performed;

a setup step of setting up, together with said status, said process that is to be performed when said status designated at said designation step has occurred;

a determination step of determining whether said status designated at said designation step has occurred; and

an execution step of, when the occurrence of said status is determined at said determination step, performing said process that is set up with said status.

30. An information processing method according to claim 29, further comprising:

a time period setup step of setting an effective

time period; and

an inhibition step of inhibiting the execution of a command at said execution step at a time other than said time period set at said time period setup step.

5

31. An information processing method according to claim 29, wherein a status during which a specific process is to be performed is designated at said designation step.

10

32. An information processing method according to claim 29, wherein at least one of the reception, of the transmission, and of the printing is capable of being designated as the type for said specific process.

15

33. An information processing method according to claim 32, wherein at least one of a user name, of an apparatus, and of a process name is capable of being designated as an attribute for said specific process.

20

34. An information processing method according to claim 29, wherein a specific status for an apparatus is designated at said designation step.

25

35. An information processing method according to claim 29, wherein a failure of each section of an apparatus, or a shortage of each resource is capable of

being designated as said specific status.

36. An information processing method according to claim 29, wherein at said setup step, at least one of a notification, of a printing, and of a holding process is capable of being set as said process to be executed.

37. An information processing method according to claim 29, whereby at the least, either the reading or the printing of information is capable of being executed.

38. A storage medium on which is stored a program, which comprises:
a designation step of designating a status that is employed as an execution condition for a process to be performed;

a setup step of setting up, together with said status, said process that is to be performed when said status designated at said designation step has occurred;

a determination step of determining whether said status designated at said designation step has occurred; and

an execution step of, when the occurrence of said status is determined at said determination step, performing said process that is set up with said

status.

39. An information processing apparatus comprising:

5 execution means for performing a process for
object information to be processed;

notification destination designation means for
designating a destination for a notification related to
said object information;

10 trigger setup means for setting a trigger for said
notification;

time setup means for setting a time period
extending from the time at which said trigger for said
notification is tripped until said notification is
15 issued; and

notification means for, when said time period that
is set by said time setup means has elapsed since said
trigger for said notification that is set by said
trigger setup means has been tripped, issuing a
20 notification to said notification source that is
designated by said notification destination means.

40. An information processing apparatus according
to claim 39, further comprising:

25 notification medium selection means for selecting
a notification medium related to said object
information,

wherein said notification means issues a notification using said notification medium selected by said notification medium selection means.

5 41. An information processing apparatus according to claim 39, wherein said execution means prints said object information.

10 42. An information processing apparatus according to claim 39, wherein said execution means transmits said object information.

15 43. An information processing apparatus according to claim 39, wherein a trigger for said notification is a successful conclusion of the processing for said object information.

20 44. An information processing apparatus according to claim 39, wherein a trigger for said notification is the failure of the processing for said object information.

25 45. An information processing apparatus according to claim 39, further comprising:
reception means for receiving object information to be processed;
object information storage means for storing said

object information received by said reception means;
and

access means for accessing said object information
stored in said object information storage means,

5 wherein said trigger for said notification is an
access effected by said access means.

46. An information processing apparatus according
to claim 45, wherein said trigger for said notification
10 is an access effected by said access means to transmit
said object information.

47. An information processing apparatus according
to claim 45, wherein said trigger for said notification
15 is an access effected by said access means to print
said object information.

48. An information processing apparatus according
to claim 45, wherein said trigger for said notification
20 is an access effected by said access means to delete
said object information.

49. An information processing apparatus according
to claim 39, further comprising:
25 list display means for displaying a list of setup
contents for a plurality of said notifications.

50. An information processing method comprising:
an execution step of performing a process for
object information to be processed;

5 a notification destination designation step of
designating a destination for a notification related to
said object information;

a trigger setup step of setting a trigger for said
notification;

10 a time setup step of setting a time period
extending from the time at which said trigger for said
notification is tripped until said notification is
issued; and

15 a notification step of, when said time period that
is set at said time setup step has elapsed since said
trigger for said notification that is set at said
trigger setup step has been tripped, issuing a
notification to said notification source that is
designated at said notification destination step.

20 51. An information processing method according to
claim 50, further comprising:

a notification medium selection step of selecting
a notification medium related to said object
information,

25 wherein at said notification step a notification
is issued using said notification medium selected at
said notification medium selection step.

52. An information processing method according to claim 50, wherein said object information is printed at said execution step.

5 53. An information processing method according to claim 50, wherein said object information is transmitted at said execution step.

10 54. An information processing method according to claim 50, wherein a trigger for said notification is a successful conclusion of the processing for said object information.

15 55. An information processing method according to claim 50, wherein a trigger for said notification is the failure of the processing for said object information.

20 56. An information processing method according to claim 50, further comprising:

 a reception step of receiving object information to be processed;

 an object information storage step of storing said object information received at said reception step; and

25 an access step of accessing said object information stored at said object information storage step,

wherein said trigger for said notification is an access effected at said access step.

57. An information processing method according to
5 claim 56, wherein said trigger for said notification is an access effected at said access step to transmit said object information.

58. An information processing method according to
10 claim 56, wherein said trigger for said notification is an access effected at said access step to print said object information.

59. An information processing method according to
15 claim 56, wherein said trigger for said notification is an access effected at said access step to delete said object information.

60. An information processing method according to
20 claim 50, further comprising:

a list display step of displaying a list of setup contents for a plurality of said notifications.

61. A storage medium on which is stored a
25 program, which comprises:

an execution step of performing a process for object information to be processed;

a notification destination designation step of designating a destination for a notification related to said object information;

5 a trigger setup step of setting a trigger for said notification;

a time setup step of setting a time period extending from the time at which said trigger for said notification is tripped until said notification is issued; and

10 a notification step of, when said time period that is set at said time setup step has elapsed since said trigger for said notification that is set at said trigger setup step has been tripped, issuing a notification to said notification source that is
15 designated at said notification destination step.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

An attribute of object information to be processed and a corresponding process are designated, and a command to be executed is set. When the process designated for the object information having the designated attribute is performed, the command that is set is executed. Further, a status that is employed as a process execution condition is designated, and a corresponding process that is to be performed while the status corresponds to that of the designated status is stored with that status. Then, when it is determined that the current status is the designated status, the corresponding process is performed, and thus, each time a specific event occurs, a corresponding process can be performed without an instruction having to be issued. Specifically, a trigger for the issuance of a notification is set, and a time period extending from the time the trigger is tripped until the notification is issued is designated. When the designated time has elapsed following the tripping of the trigger for the notification issuance, the notification is issued to a designated destination.

FIG. 1

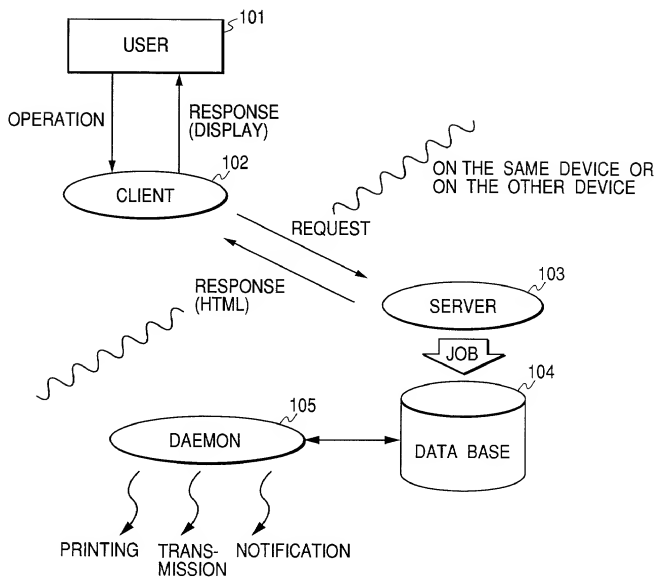


FIG. 2

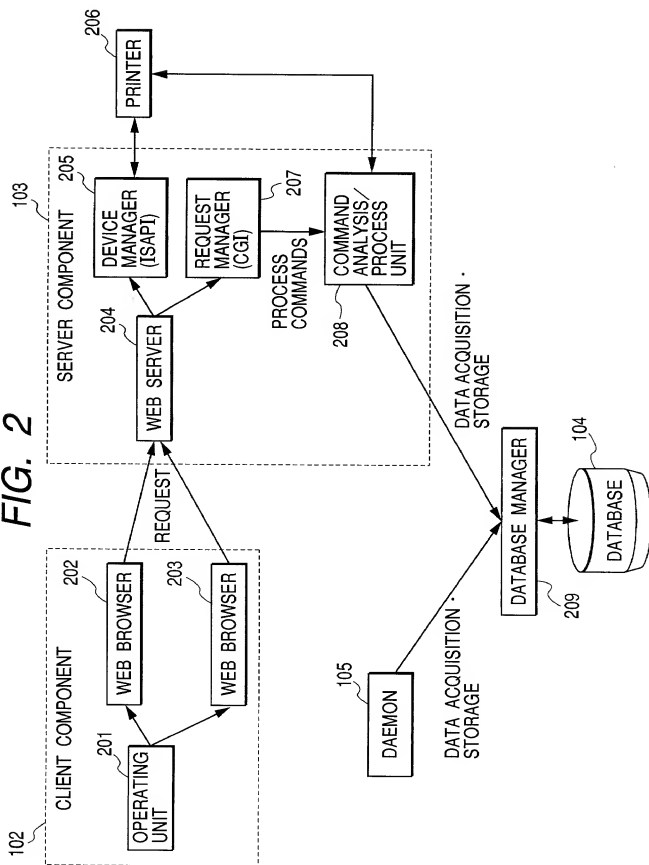


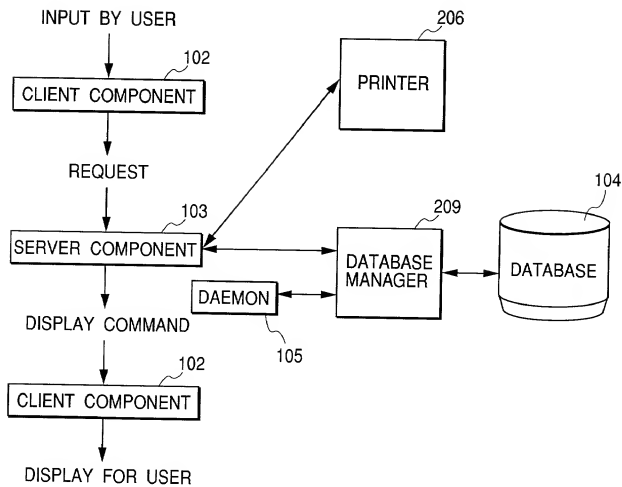
FIG. 3

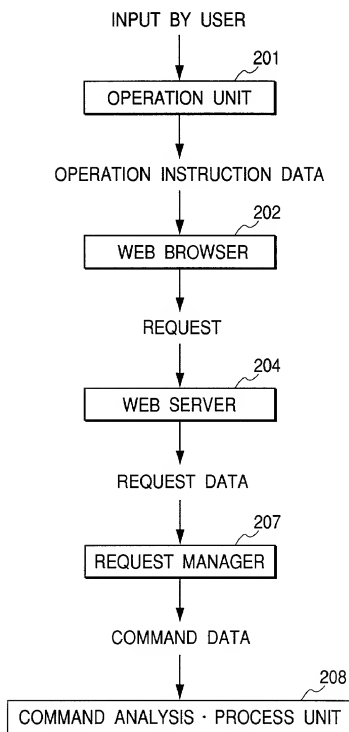
FIG. 4

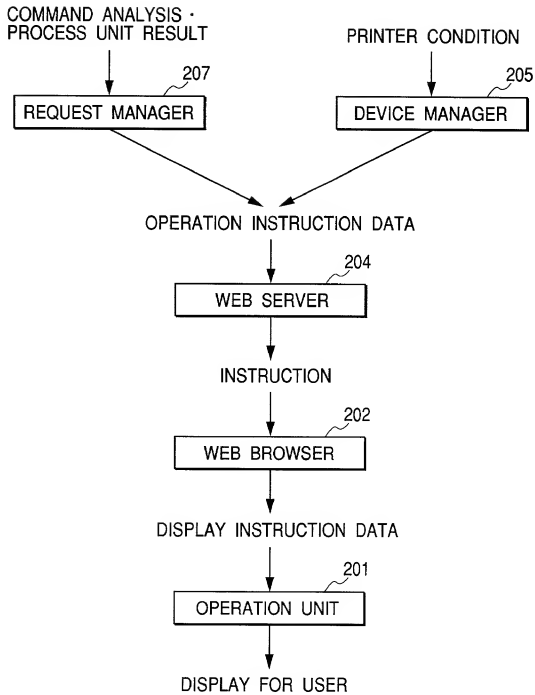
FIG. 5

FIG. 6

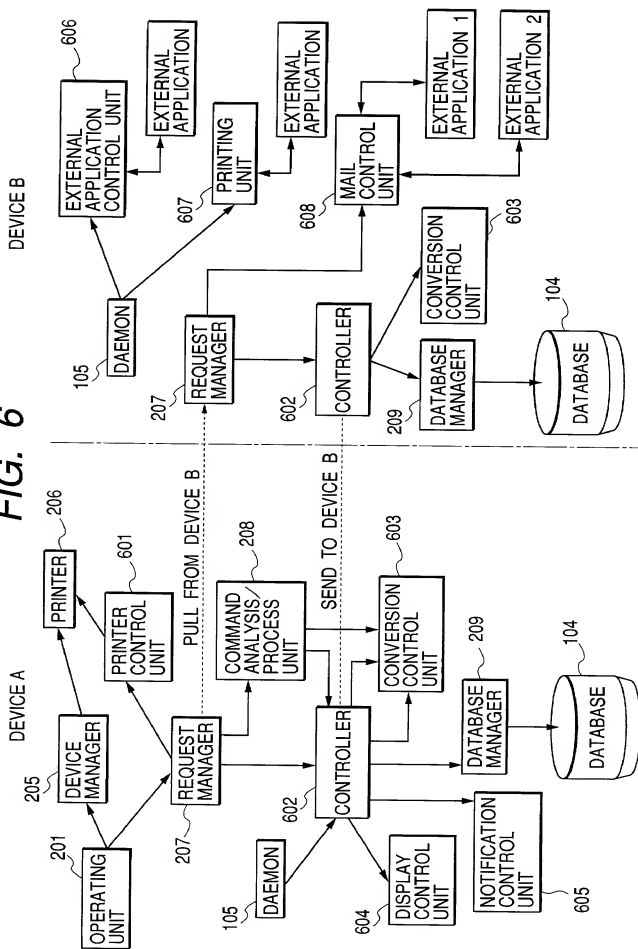


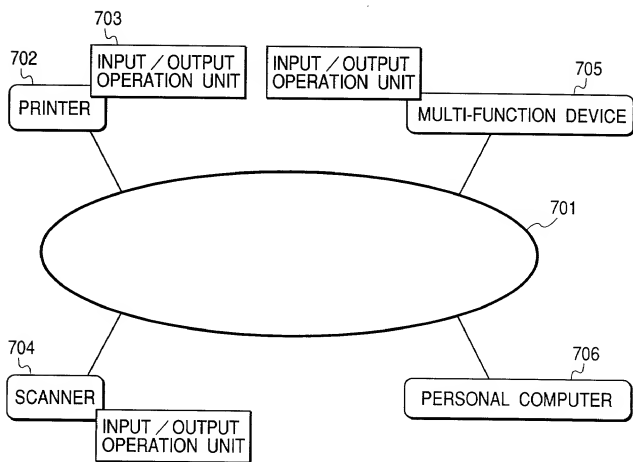
FIG. 7

FIG. 8

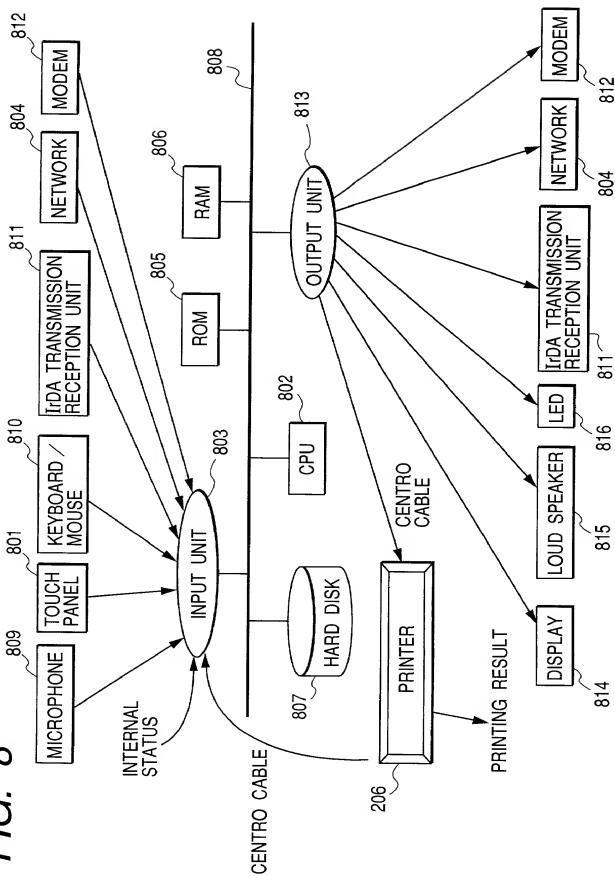


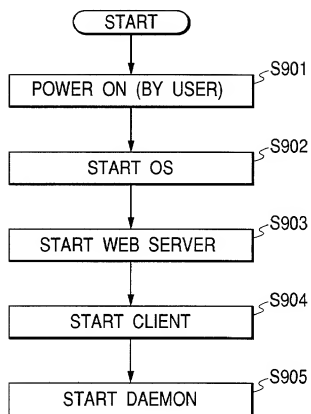
FIG. 9

FIG. 10

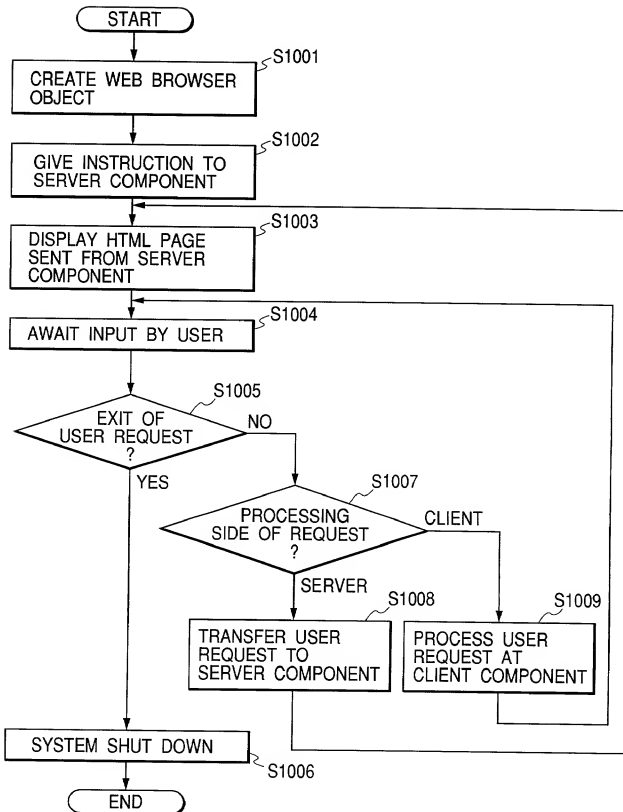


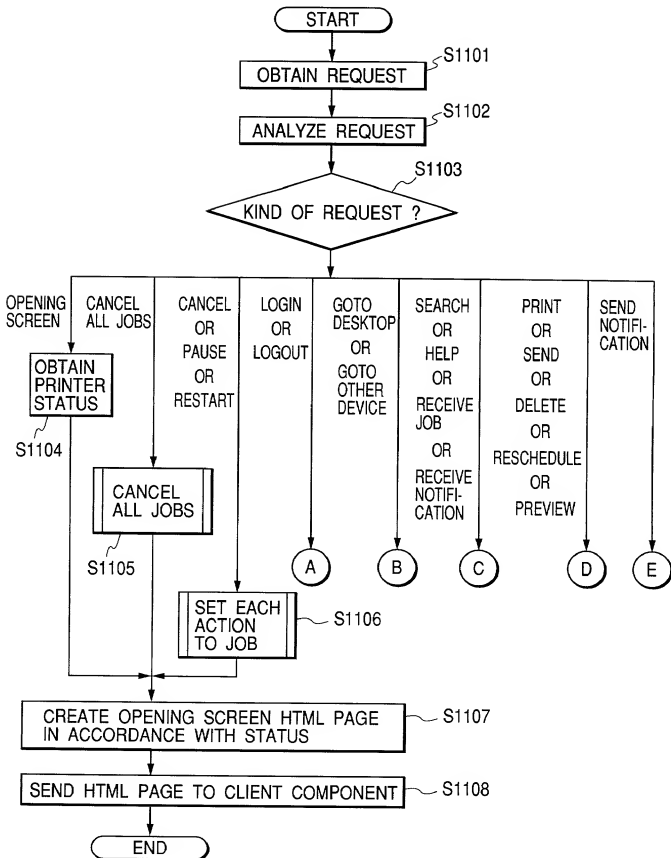
FIG. 11

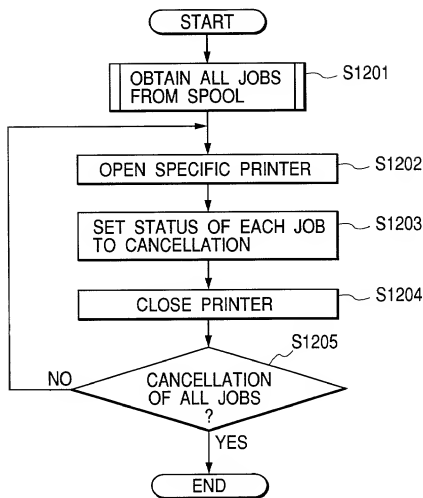
FIG. 12

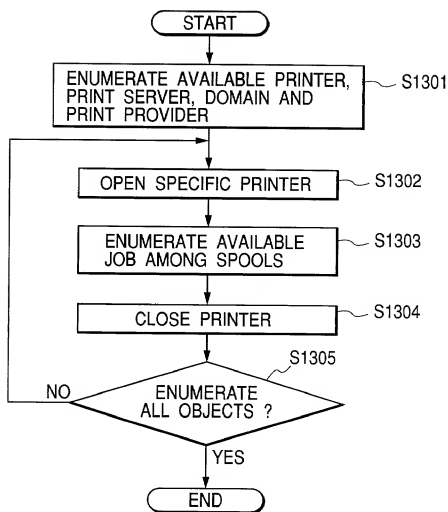
FIG. 13

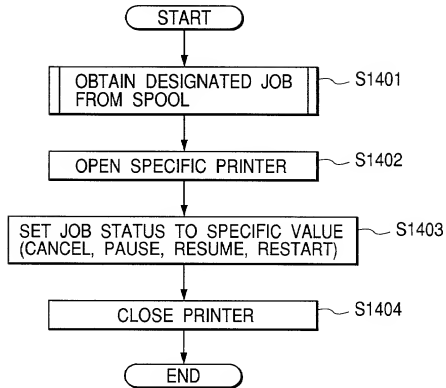
FIG. 14

FIG. 15

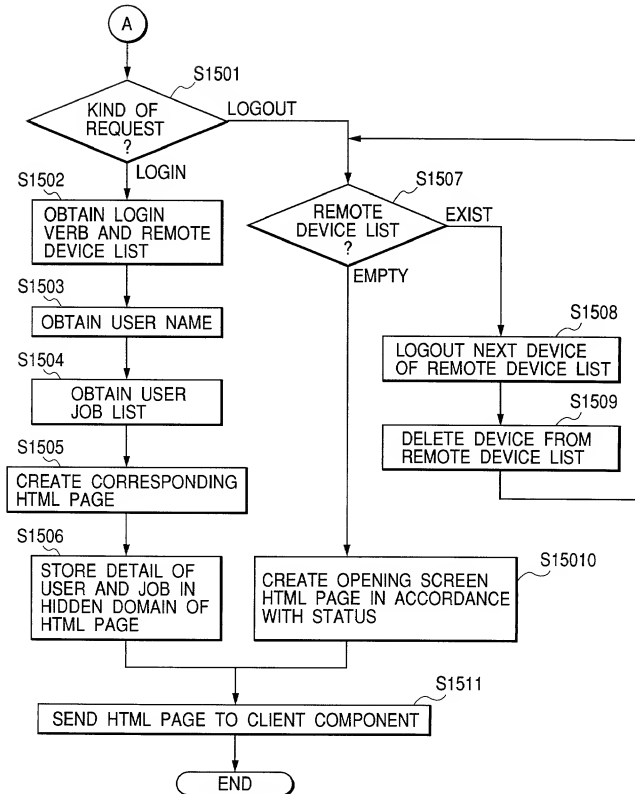


FIG. 16

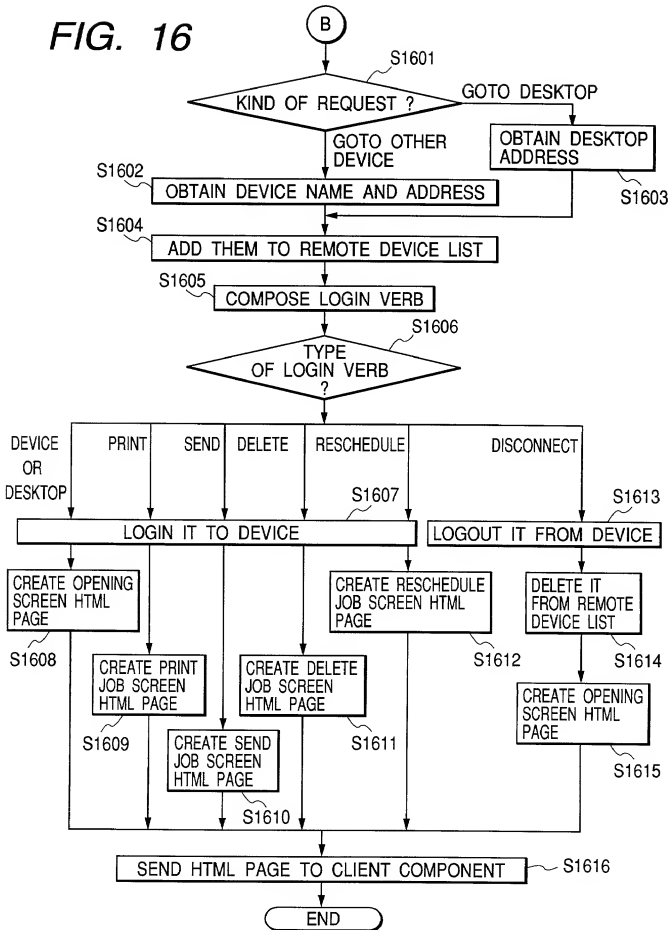


FIG. 17

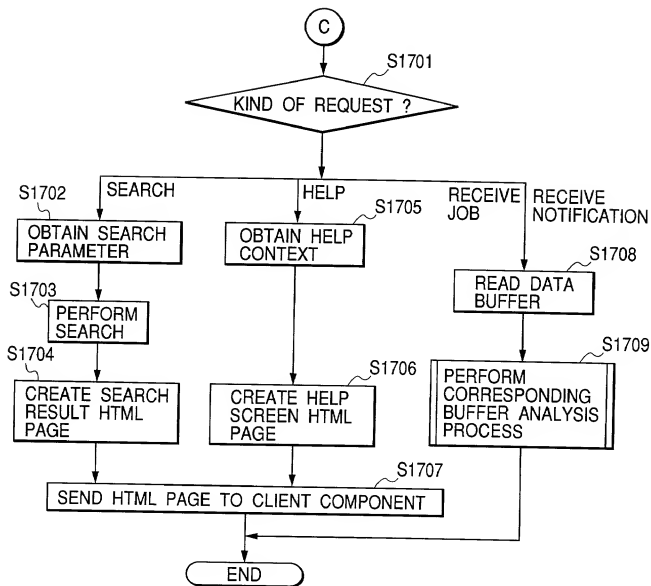


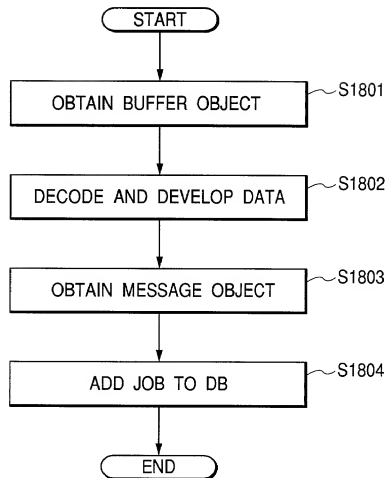
FIG. 18

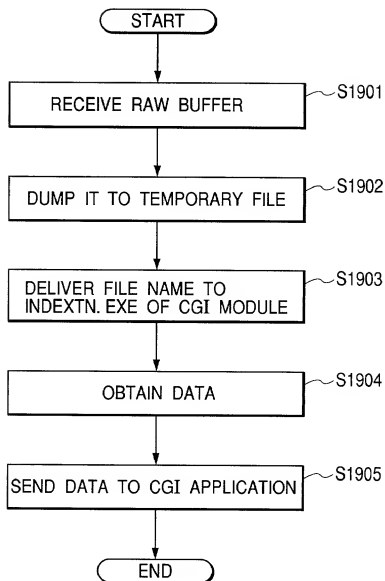
FIG. 19

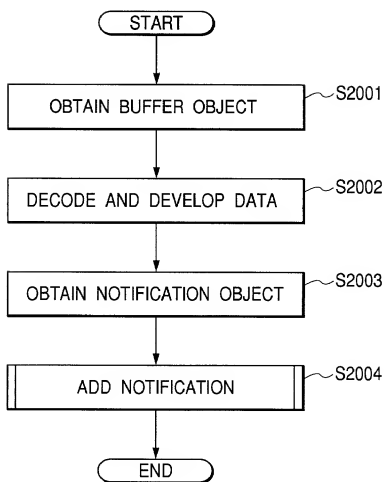
FIG. 20

FIG. 21

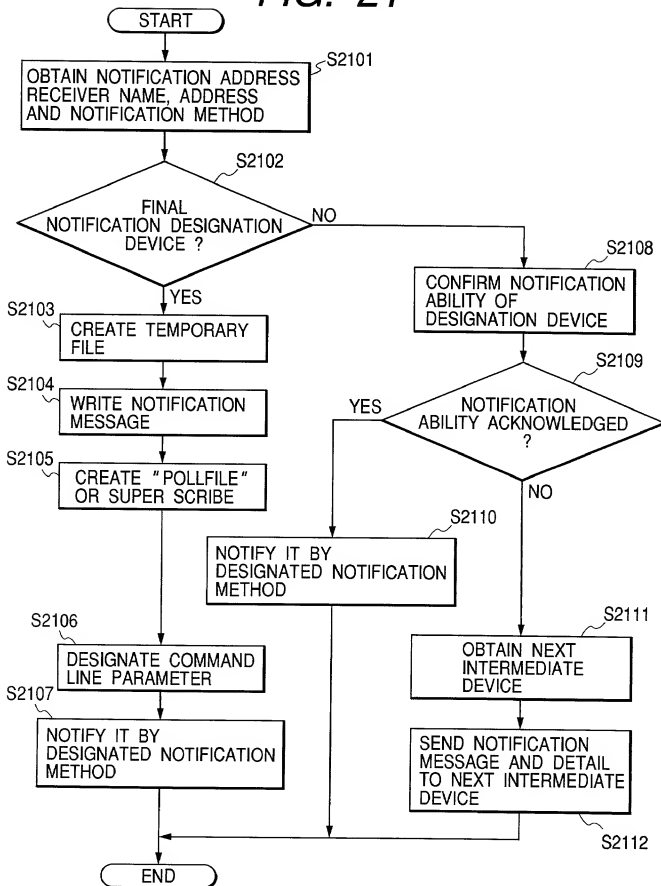


FIG. 22

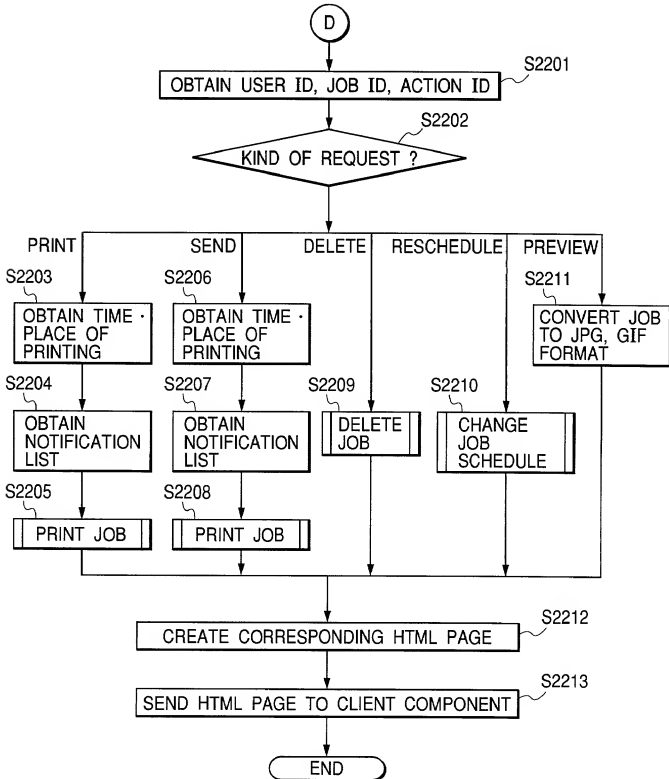


FIG. 23

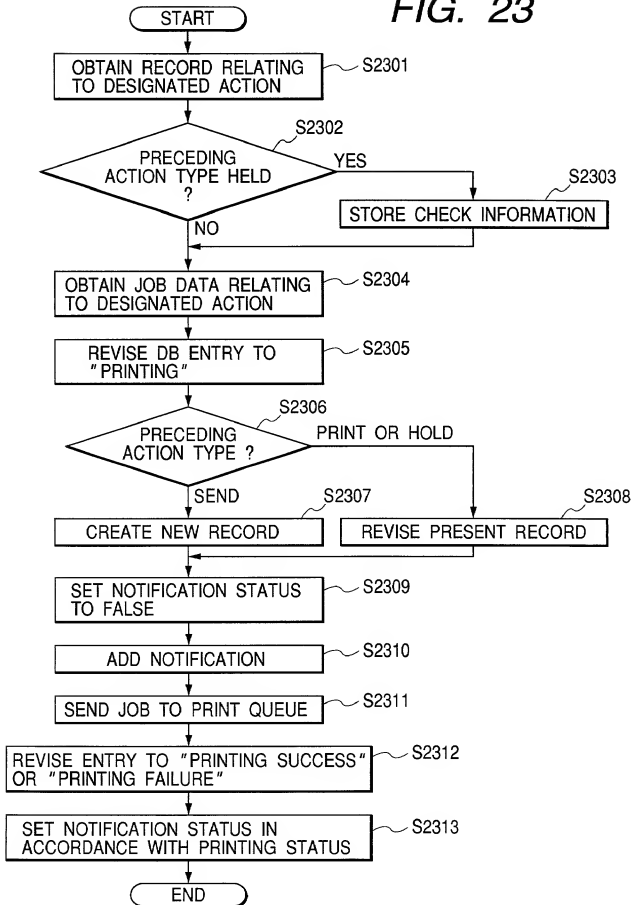


FIG. 24

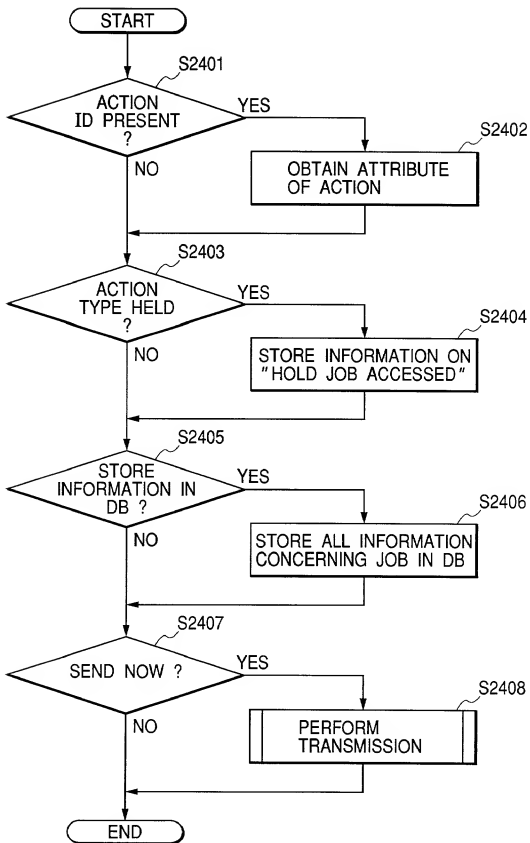


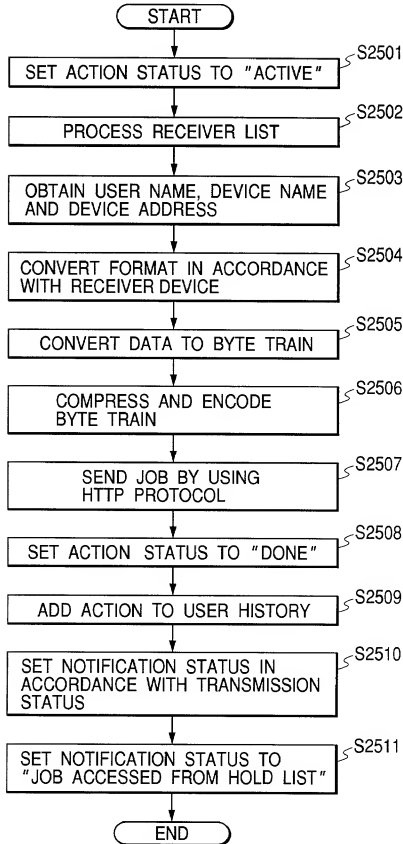
FIG. 25

FIG. 26

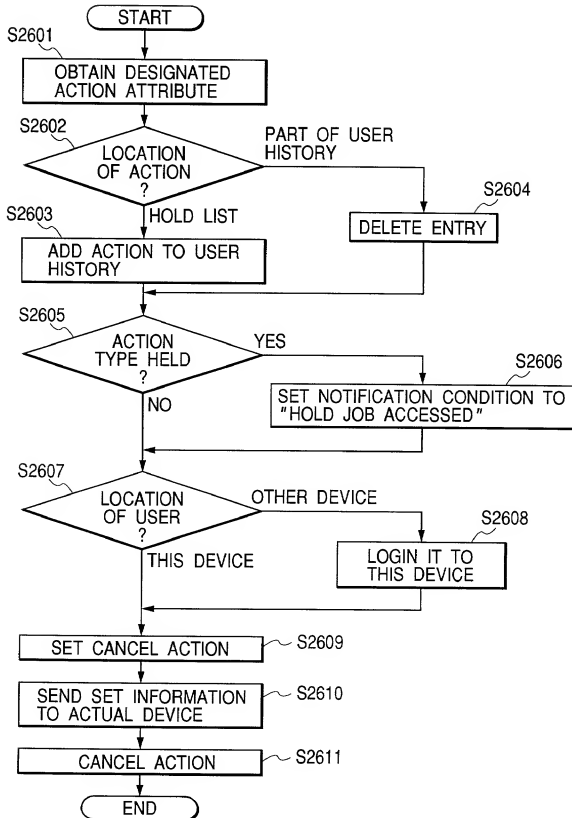


FIG. 27

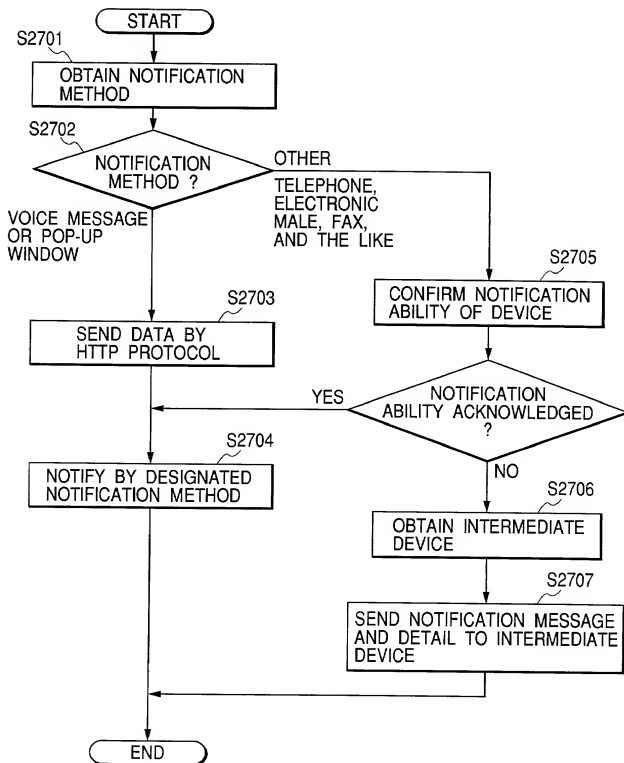


FIG. 28

[SERVER INPUT INFORMATION]	
KINDS OF INPUT	PROCESS
(REQUEST) PRINT JOB SEND JOB RECEIVE JOB CANCEL ALL JOBS SEND NOTIFICATION RECEIVE NOTIFICATION CANCEL / PAUSE / RESTART (RECEIVE)	PRINT JOB SEND JOB ADD JOB TO DB CANCEL ALL JOBS SEND NOTIFICATION RECEIVE NOTIFICATION SET JOB TO EACH ACTION
PREVIEW SEARCH DELETE RESCHEDULE HELP OPENING SCREEN MAIN MENU LOGIN LOGOUT GOTO OTHER DEVICE GOTO DESKTOP	} DISPLAY CORRESPONDING NEW HTML PAGE

FIG. 29

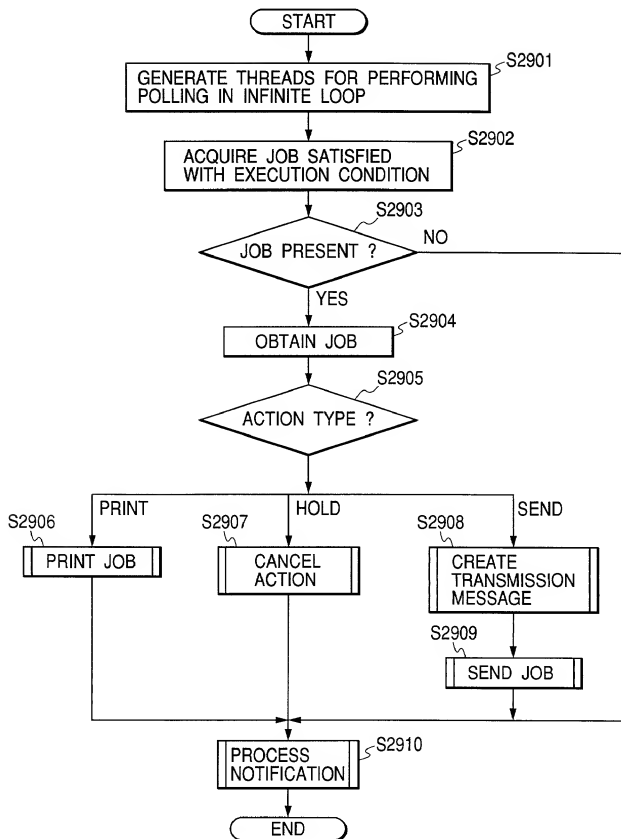
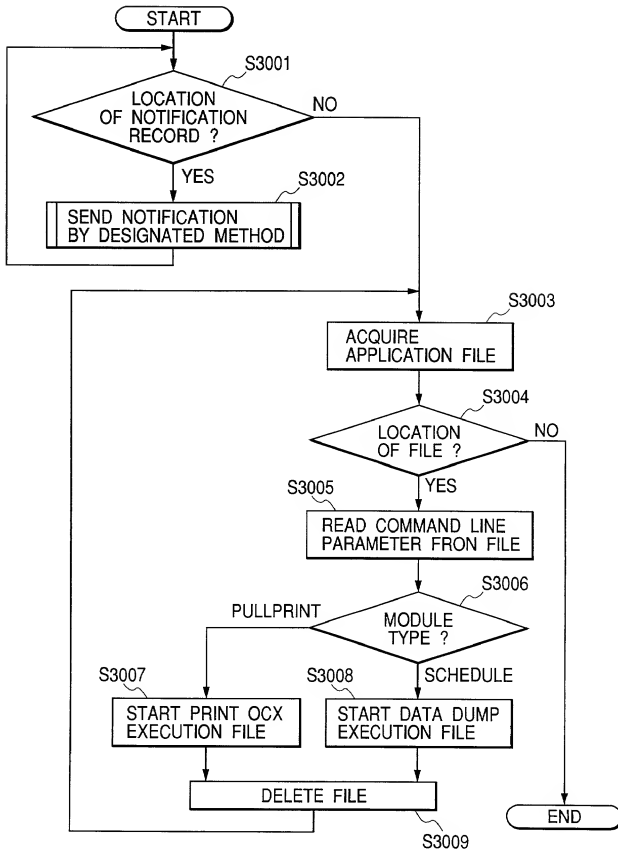


FIG. 30



[JOB INFORMATION]	
ACTION TYPE	
PRINT	PRINT OBJECT FILE
SEND	SEND OBJECT FILE
HOLD	CANCEL OBJECT JOB
JOB OBJECT FILE	
PRINT FILE	
SEND FILE	
HOLD FILE	
NOTIFICATION	
YES / NO	
TIME	
START TIME	
AVAILABLE PERIOD	EXECUTION / MEMORY PERIOD

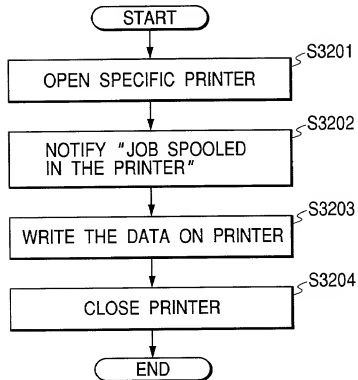
FIG. 32

FIG. 33

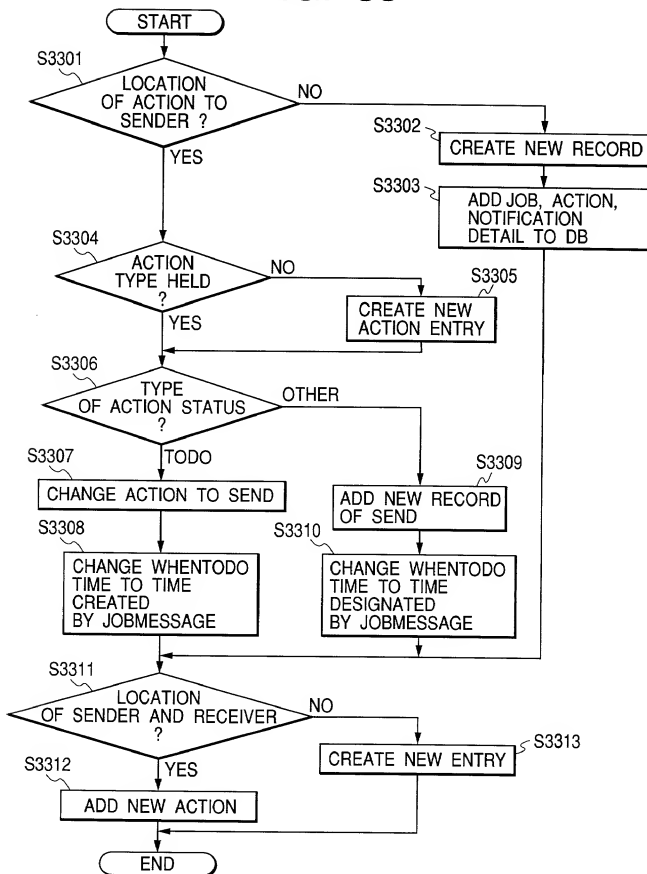


FIG. 34

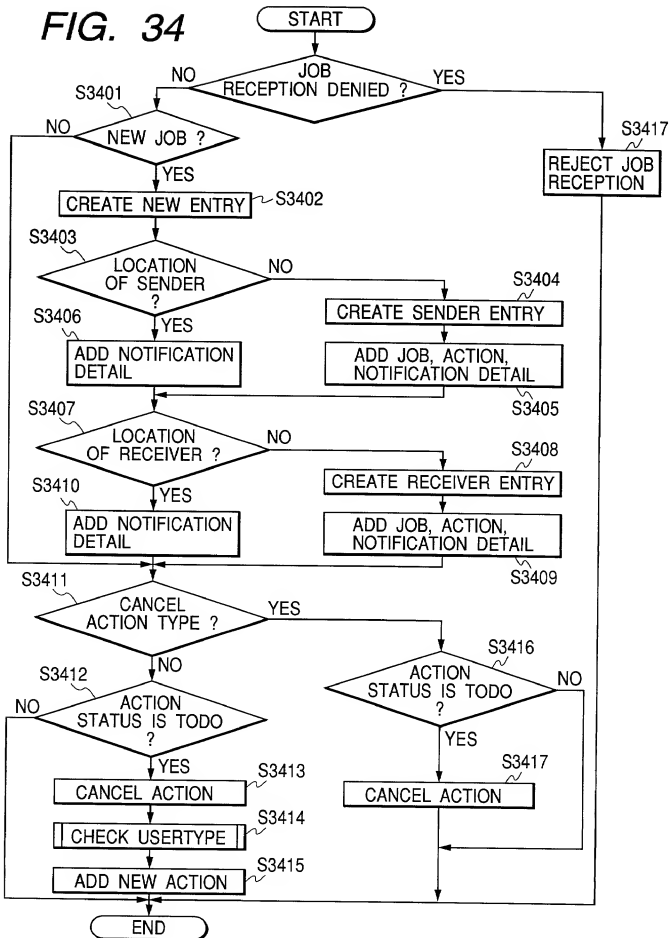


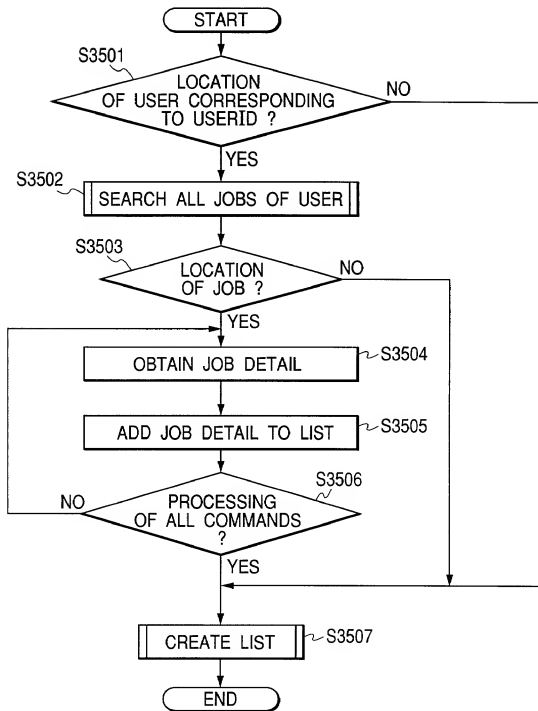
FIG. 35

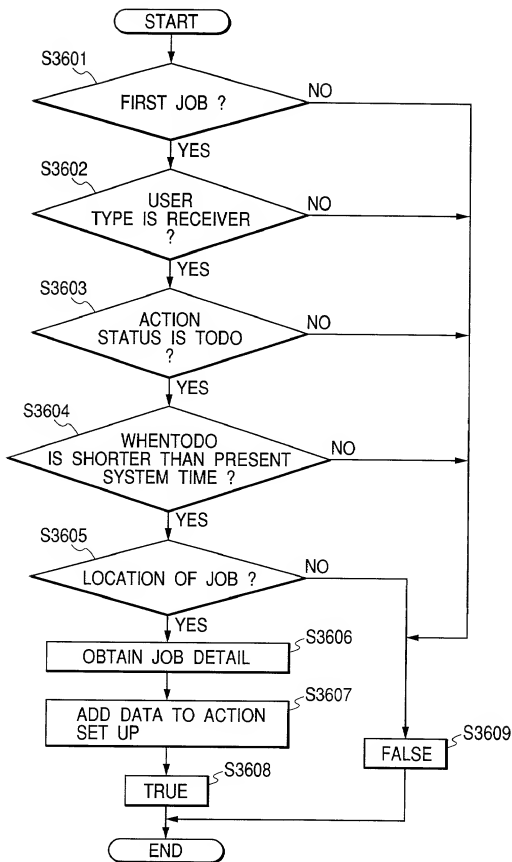
FIG. 36

FIG. 37

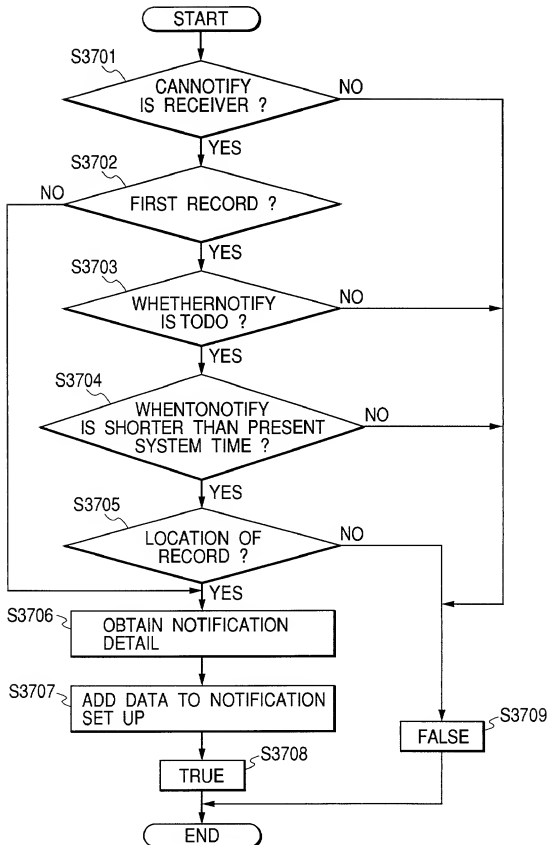


FIG. 38

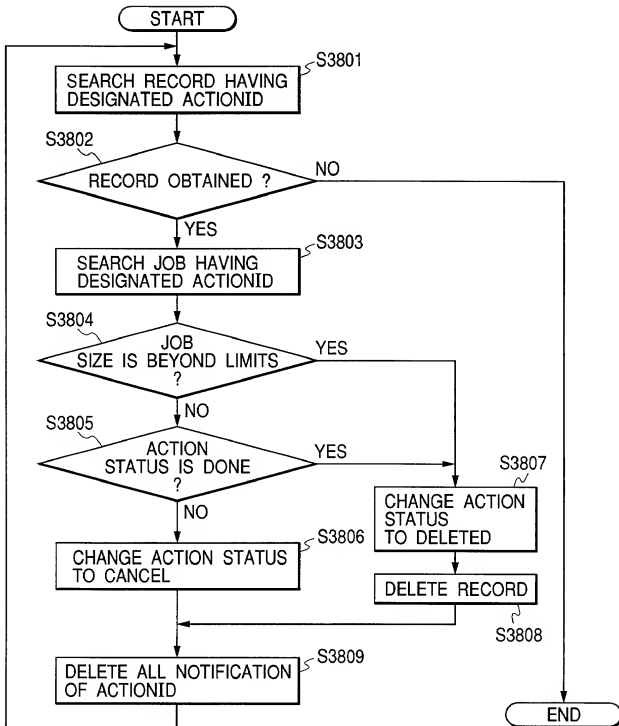


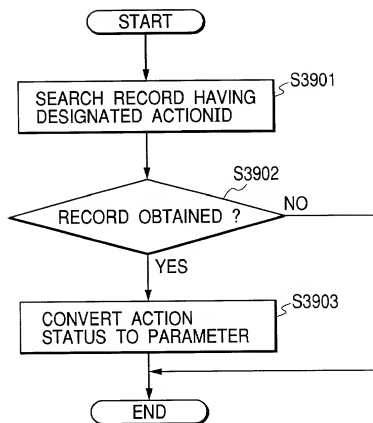
FIG. 39

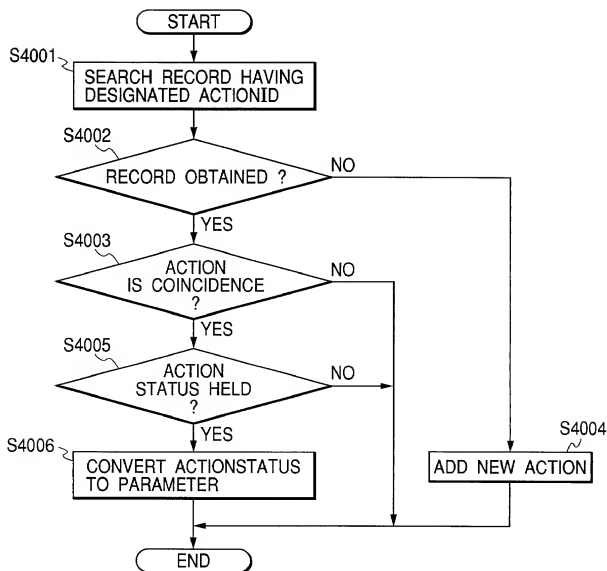
FIG. 40

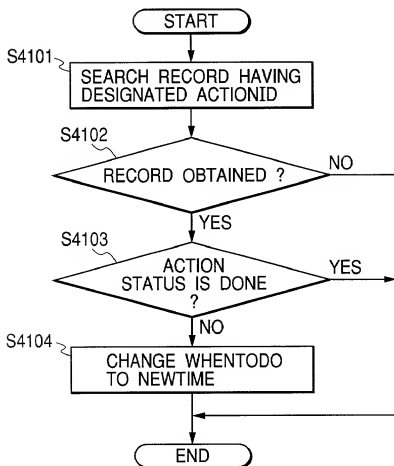
FIG. 41

FIG. 42

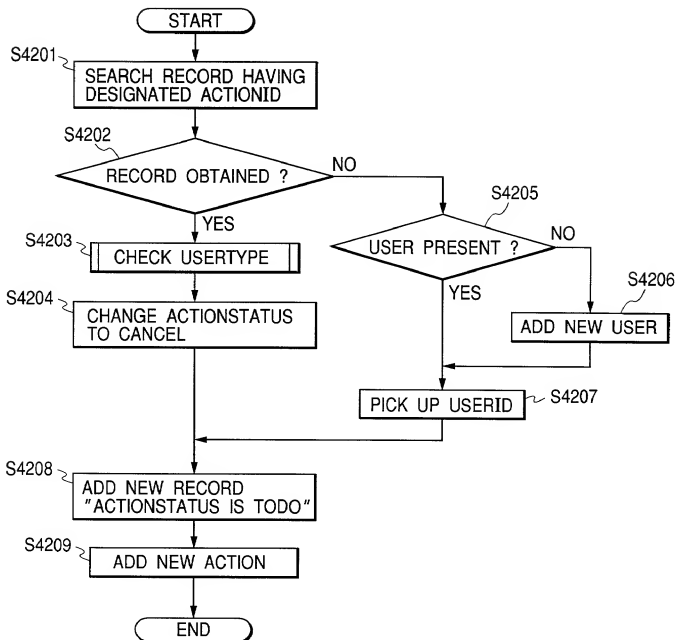


FIG. 43

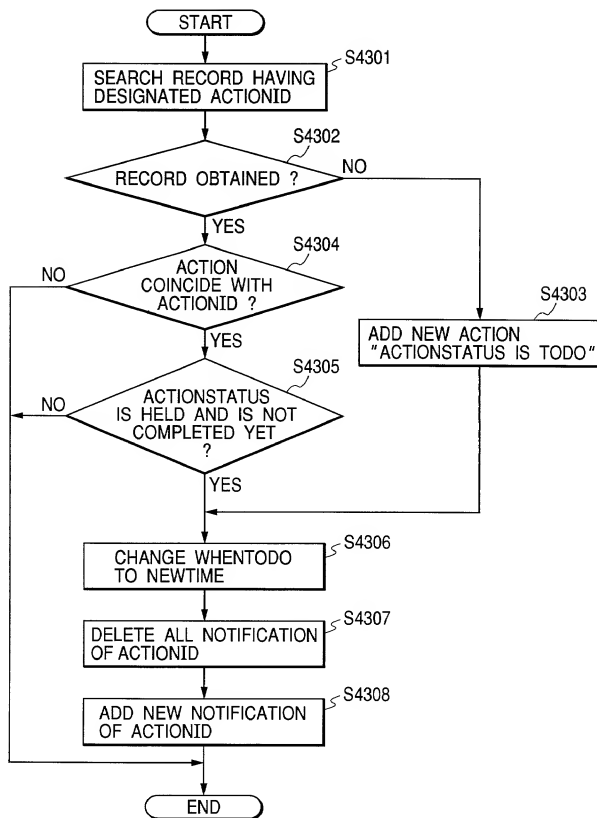


FIG. 44

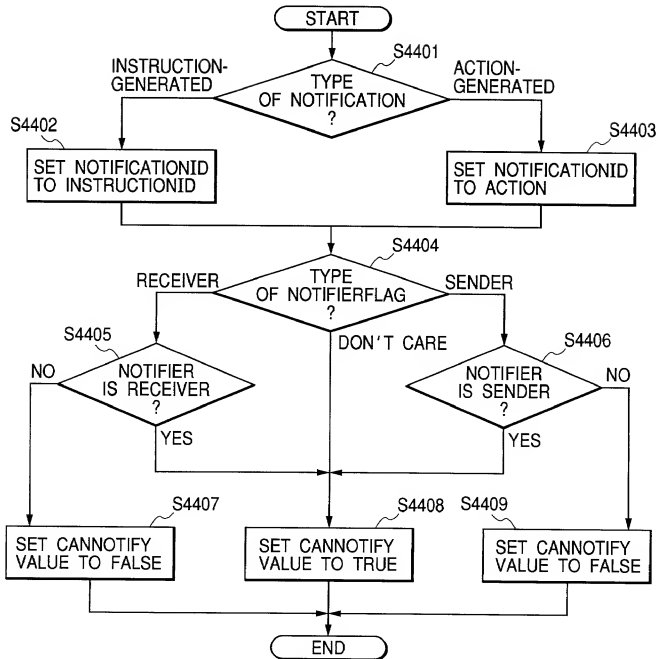


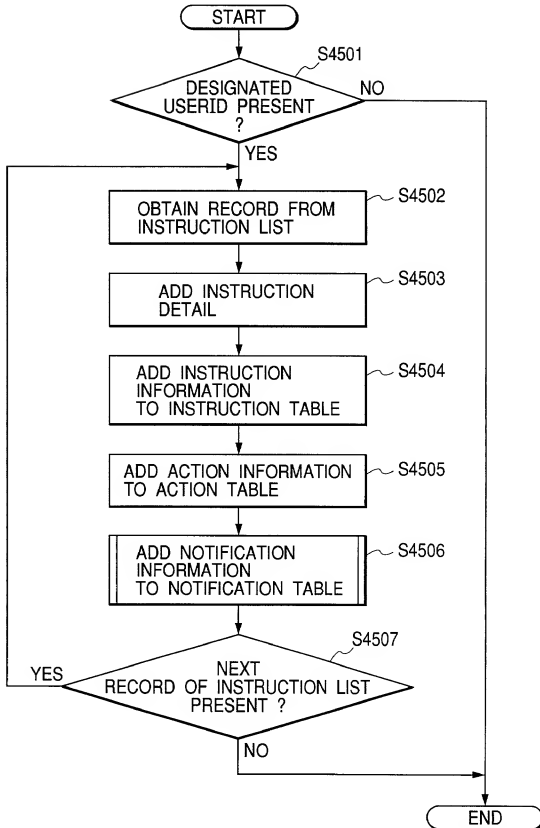
FIG. 45

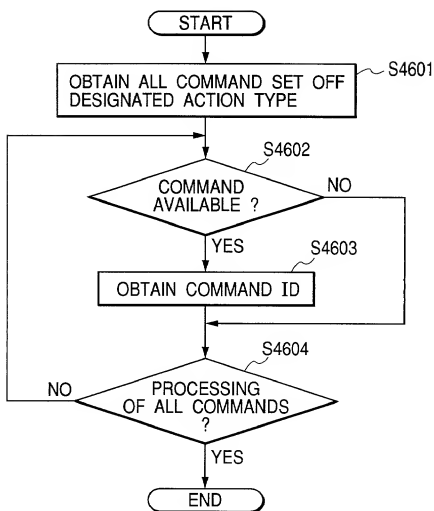
FIG. 46

FIG. 47

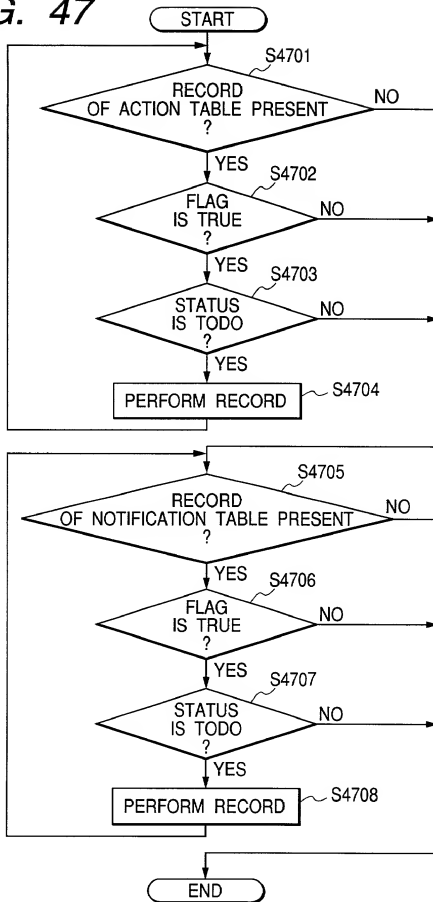


FIG. 48

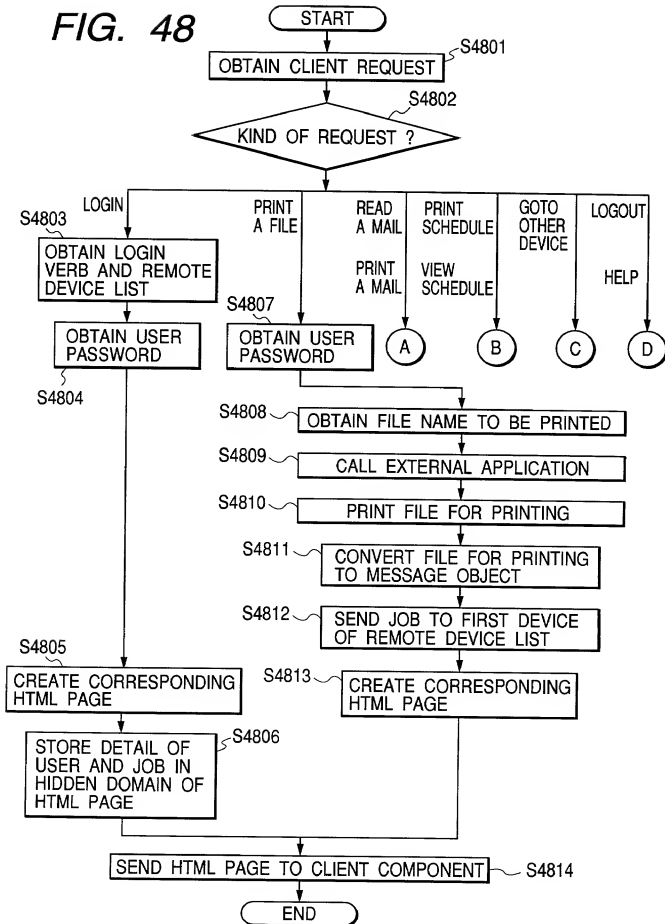


FIG. 49

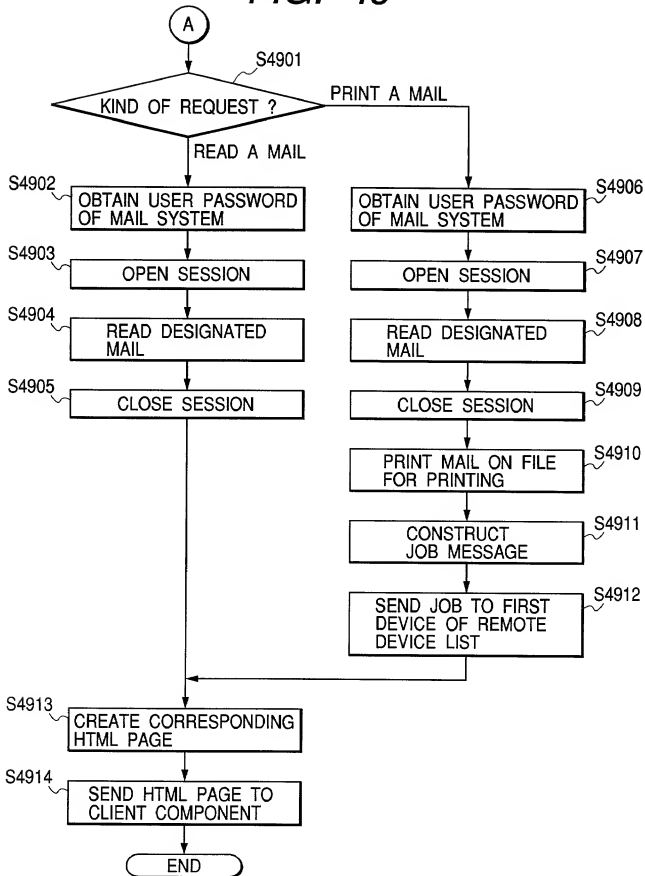


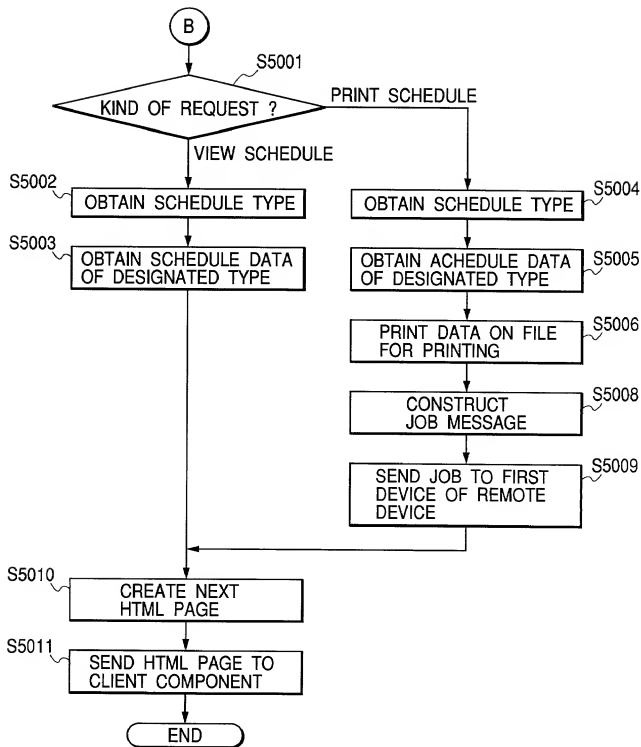
FIG. 50

FIG. 51

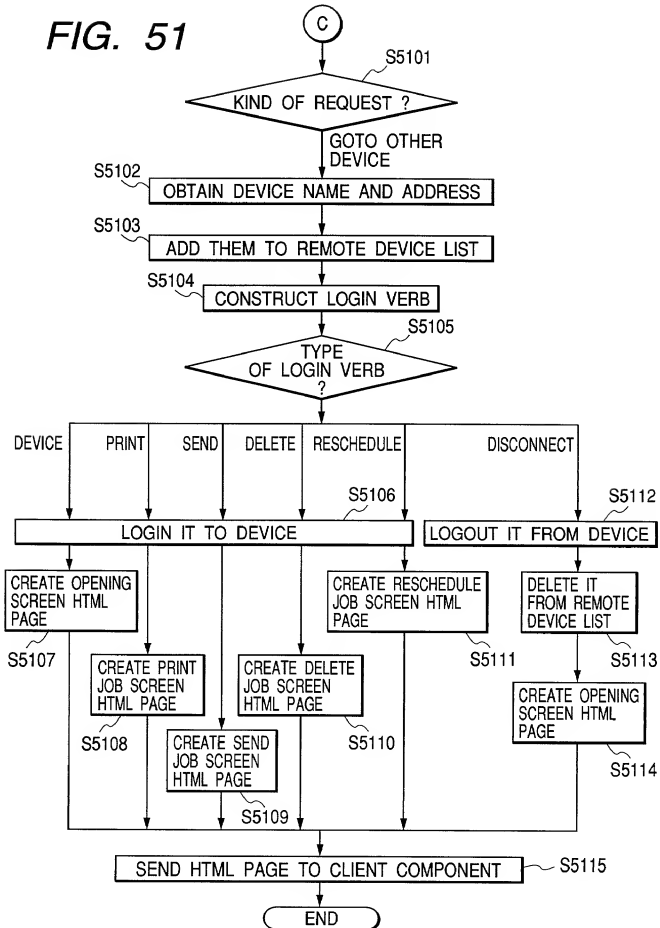


FIG. 52

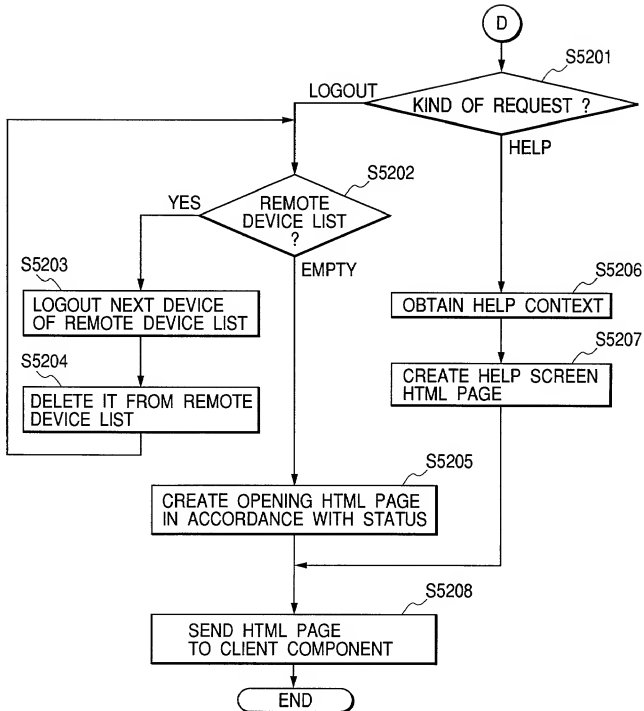


FIG. 53

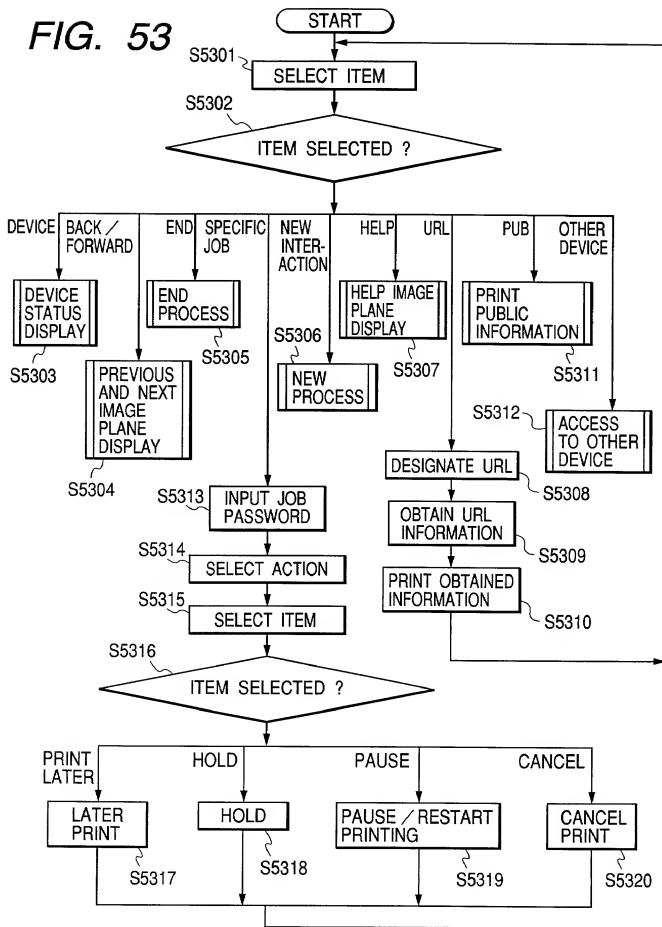


FIG. 54

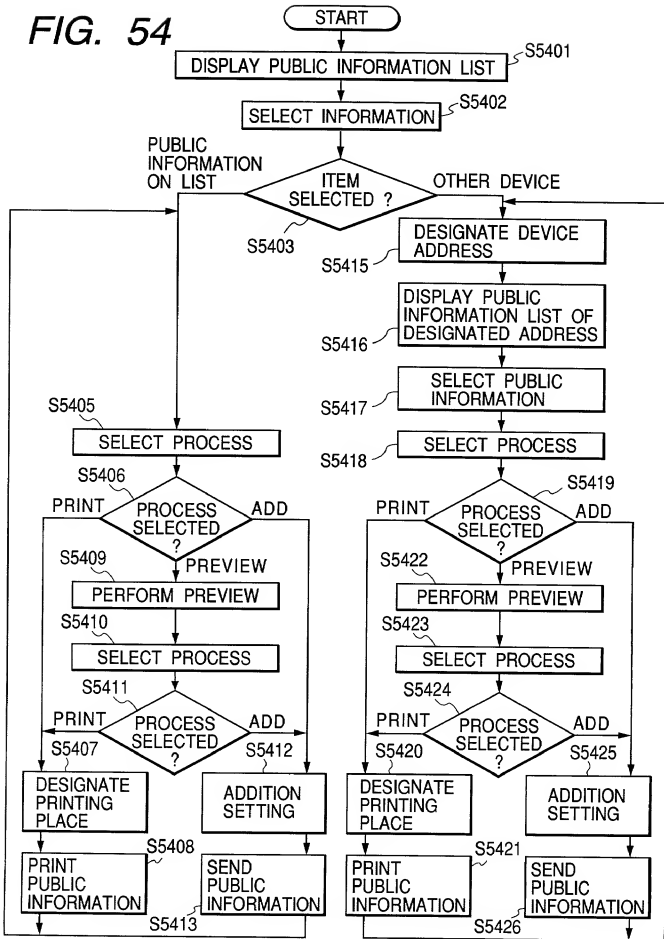


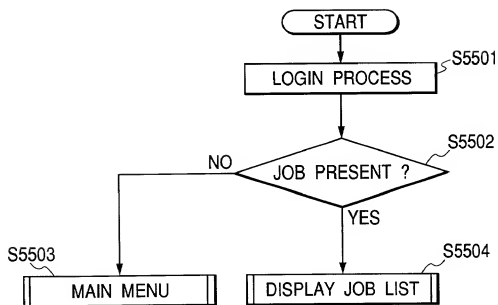
FIG. 55

FIG. 56

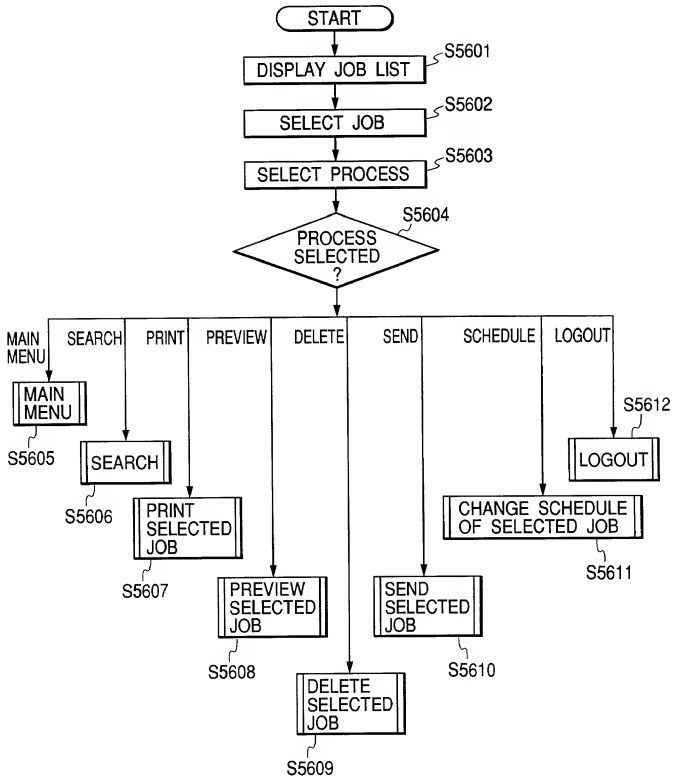


FIG. 57

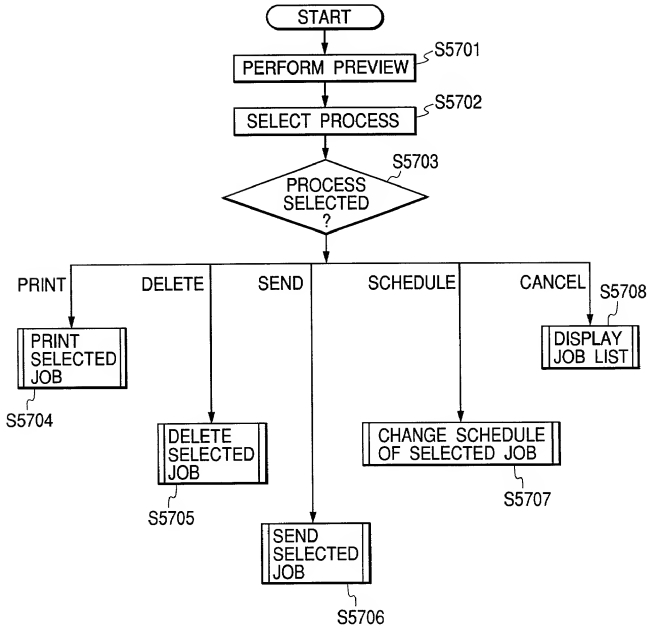


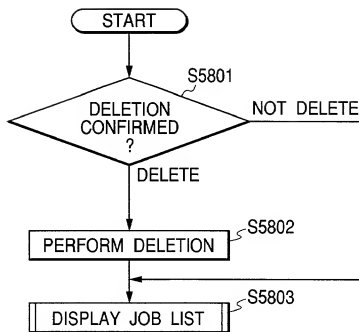
FIG. 58

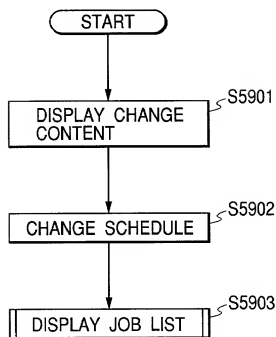
FIG. 59

FIG. 60

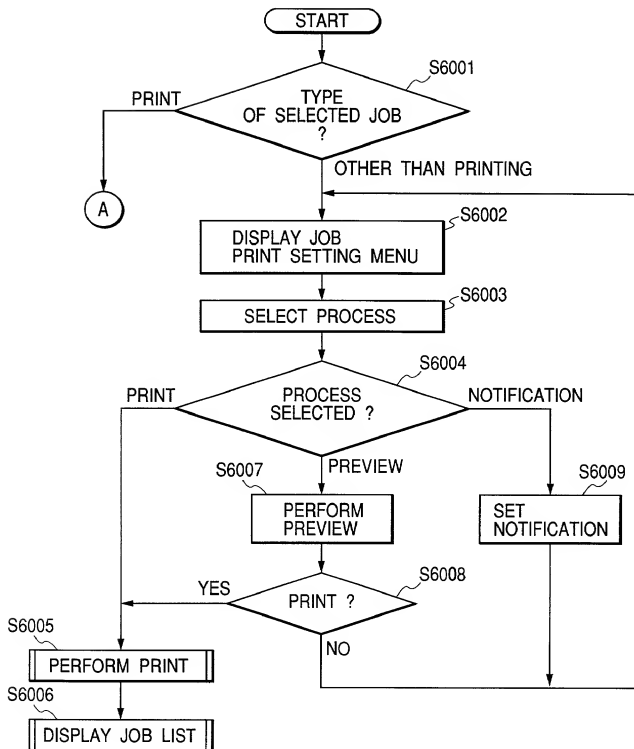


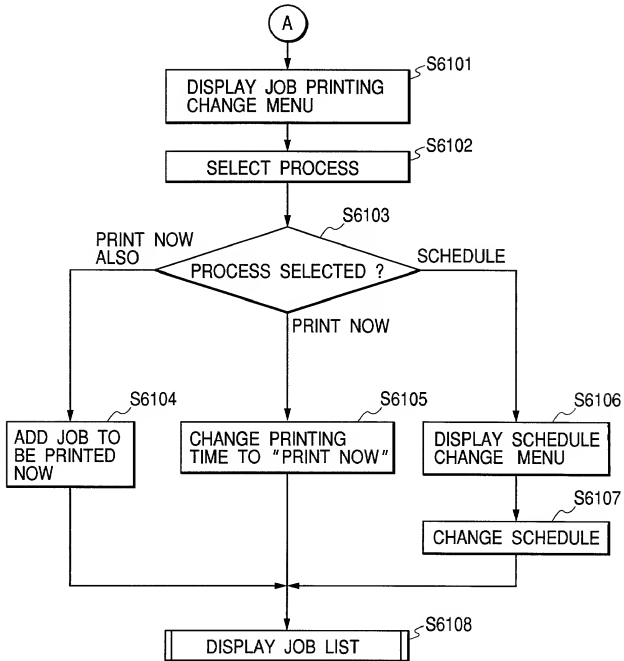
FIG. 61

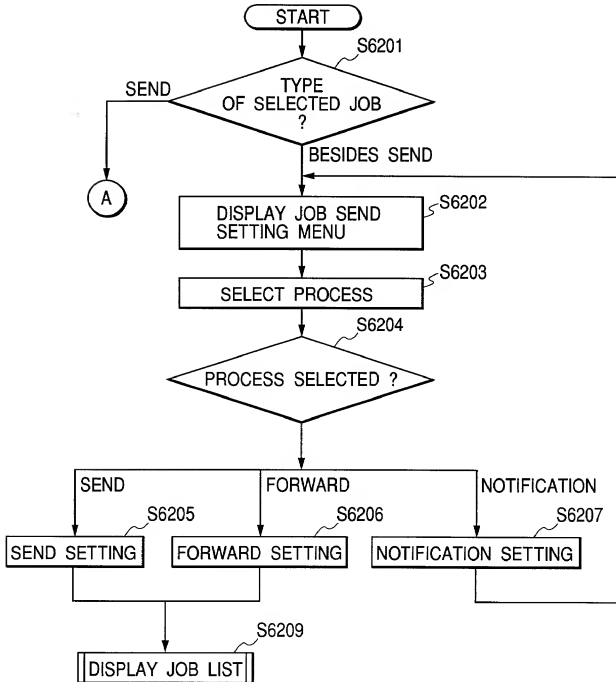
FIG. 62

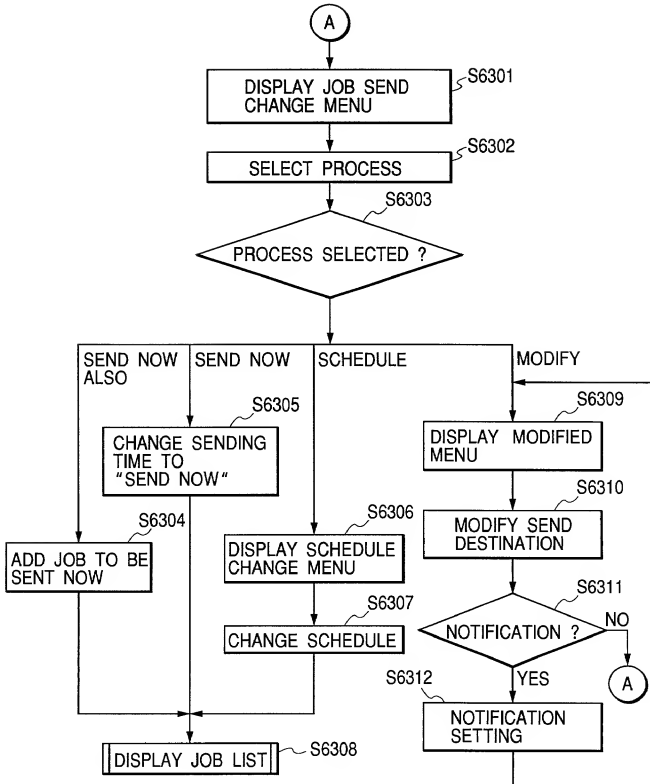
FIG. 63

FIG. 64

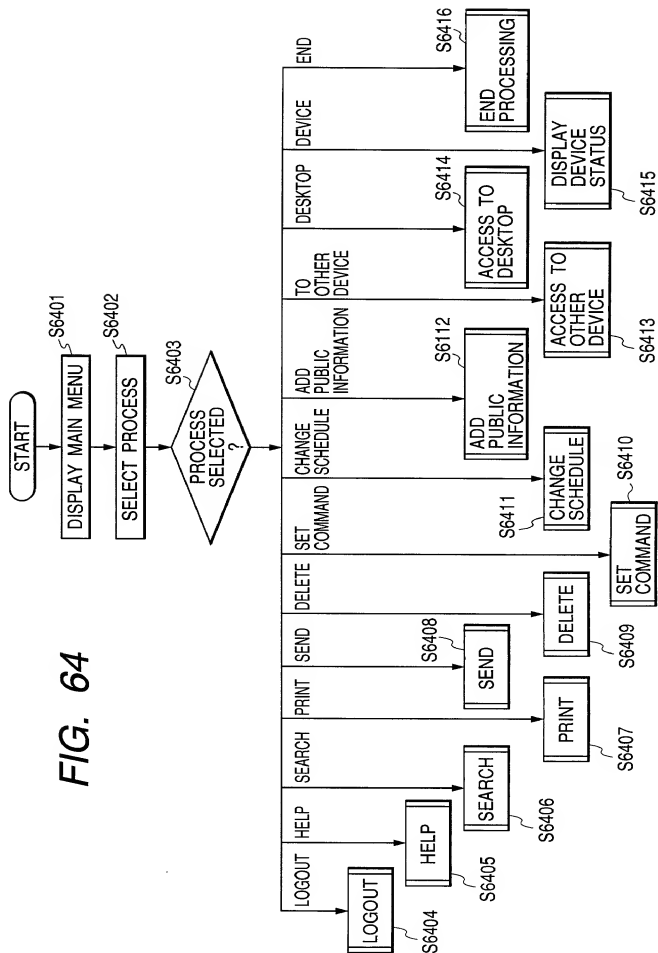


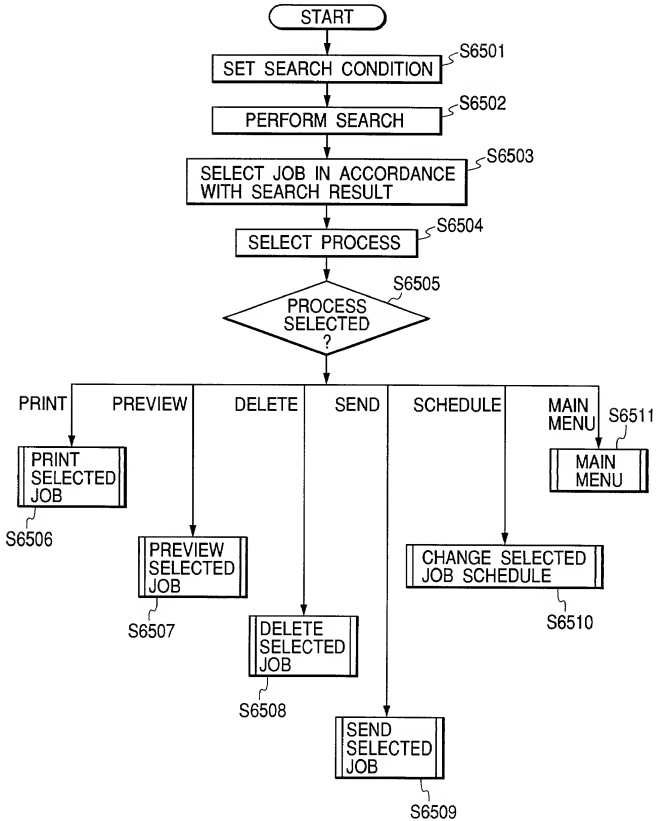
FIG. 65

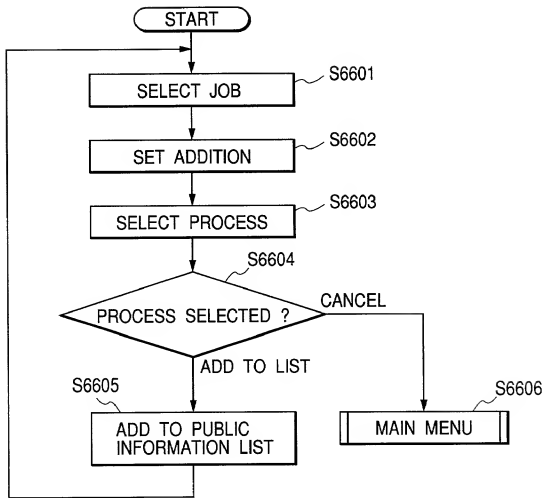
FIG. 66

FIG. 67

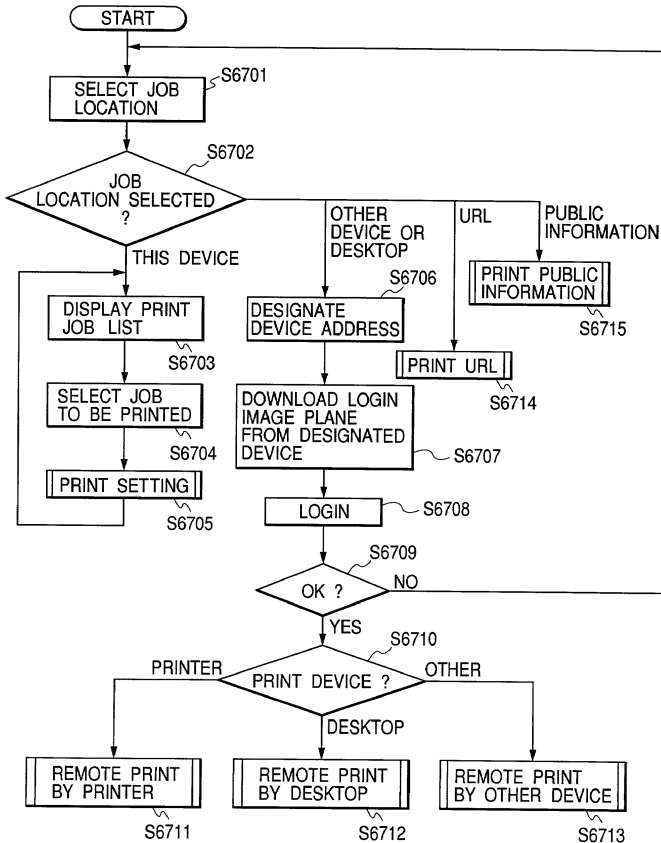


FIG. 68

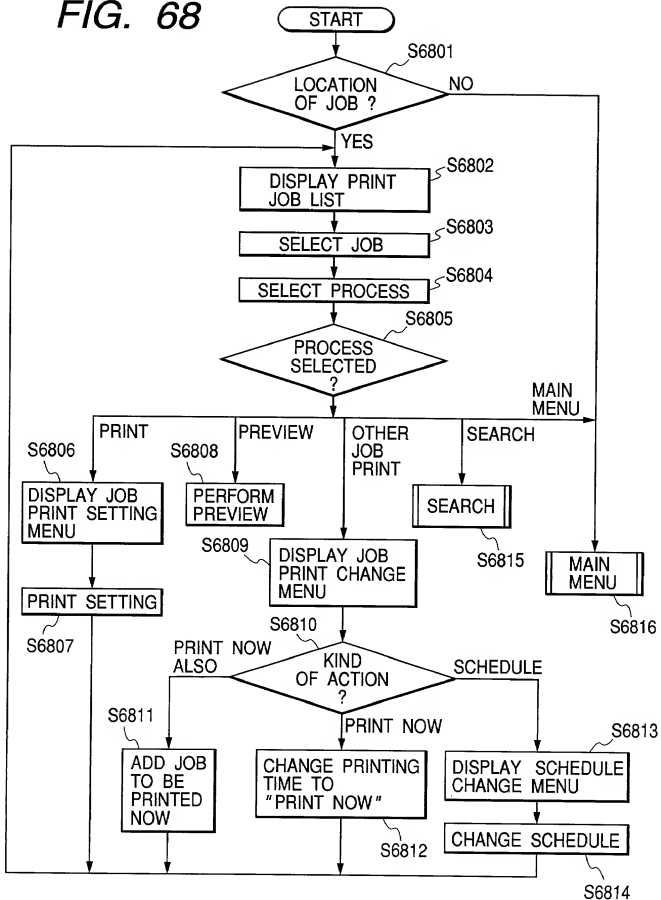


FIG. 69

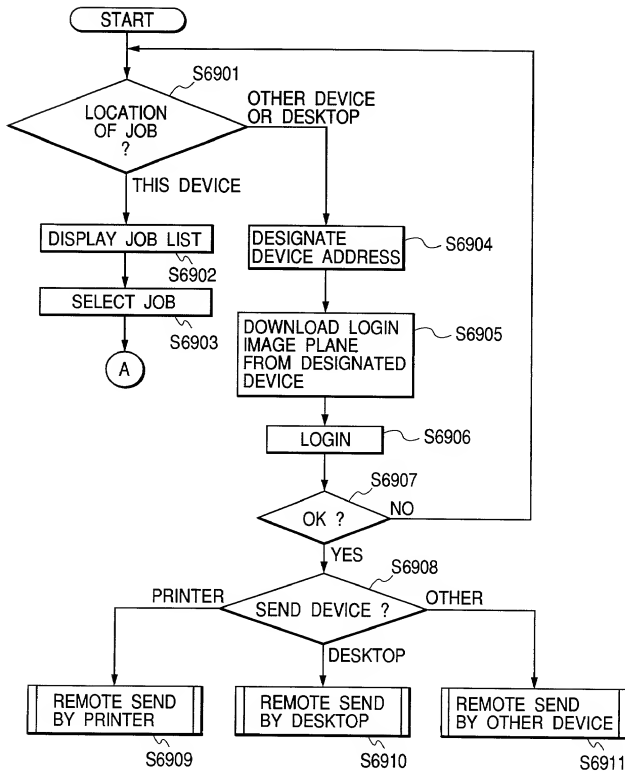


FIG. 70

Device

Back

Forward

End

Help

Logout

Home Device SSQA161

Send Job

Feasibility Report.doc from ravi to be printed here on 09/29/1997 20:54

Where would you like to send this ?

My Desktop

Name

.....

To Somebody

Address

.....

LookUp

When would you like this to be sent ?

Immediate

09/18/1997

21:12

Notify

Send

Transfer

Cancel

POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 71

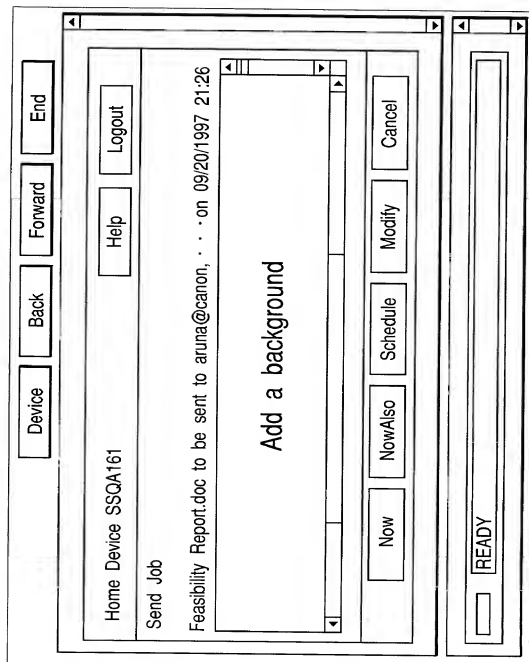


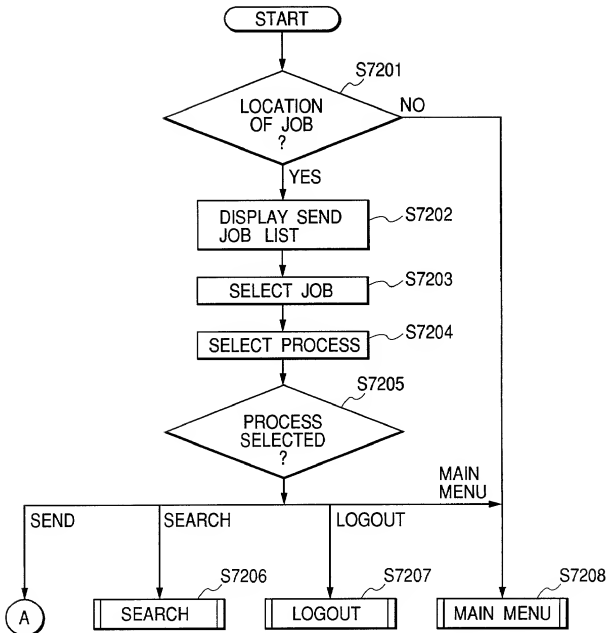
FIG. 72

FIG. 73

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Help

Logout

Delete What

What would you like to delete ?

Jobs on this Device

Cancel

Jobs on other Device

☐

READY

FIG. 74

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSOA161

Search

Help

Logout

Jobs Available

☐ Feasibility Report.doc from ravi to be printed here on 09/29/1997 20:54

☐ Feasibility Report.doc to be sent to aruna@canon on 09/20/1997 21:26

☐ Loan Application.doc from ravi on hold till 09/19/1997 21:31

<

Page 1 of 2

>

Delete

Cancel

☐ READY

FIG. 75

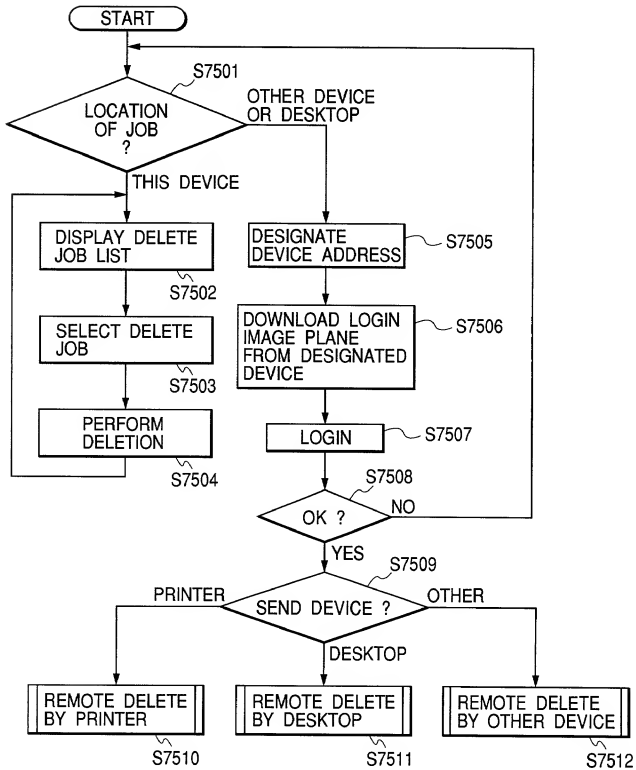


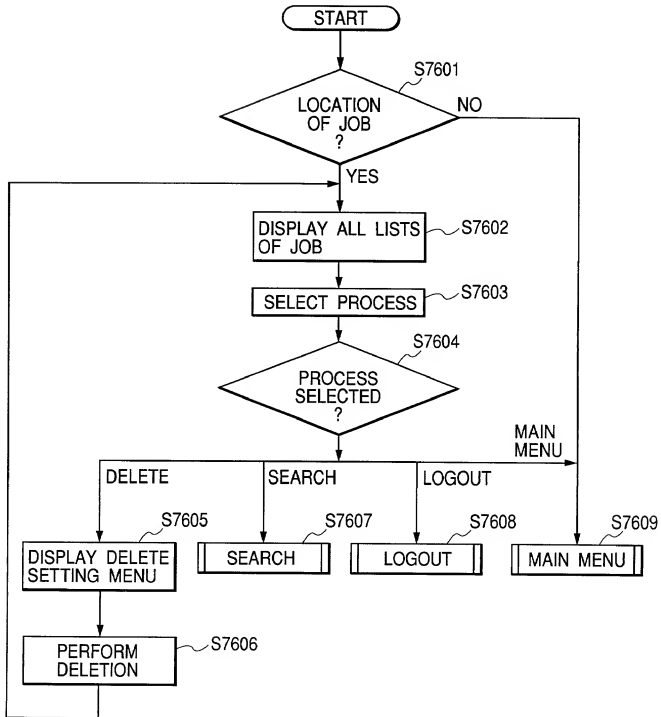
FIG. 76

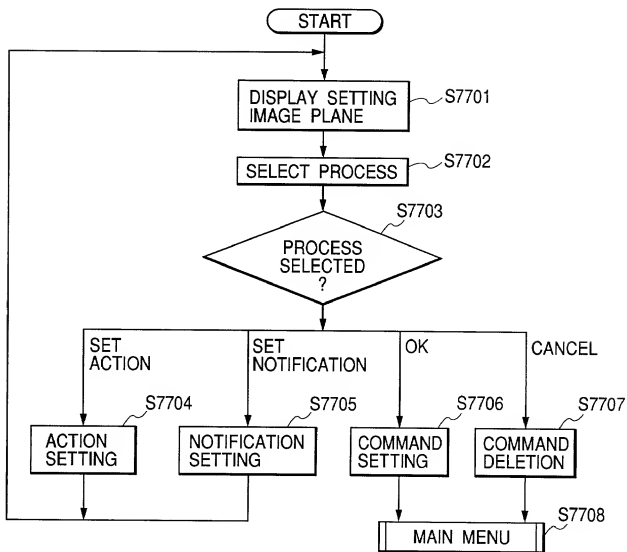
FIG. 77

FIG. 78

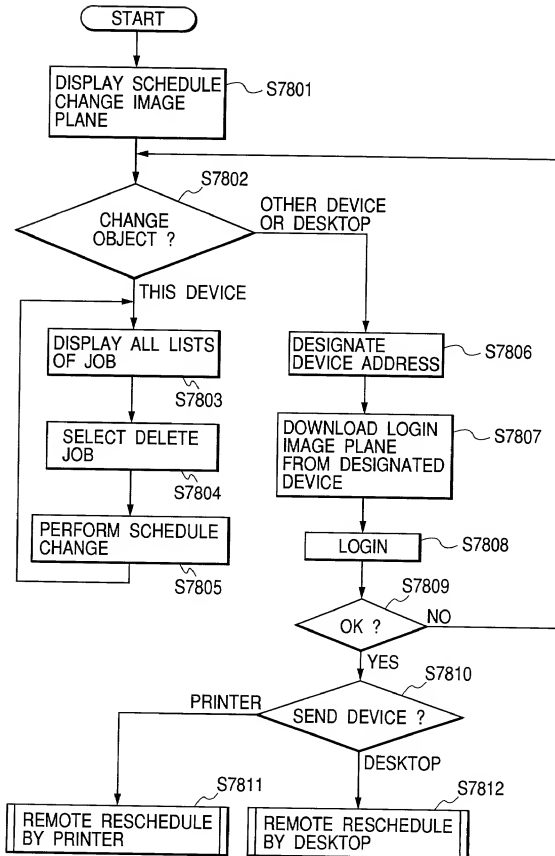


FIG. 79

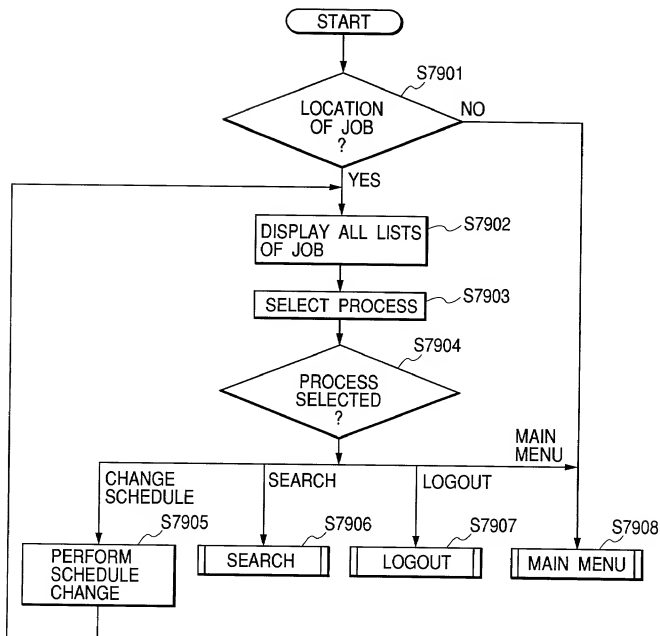


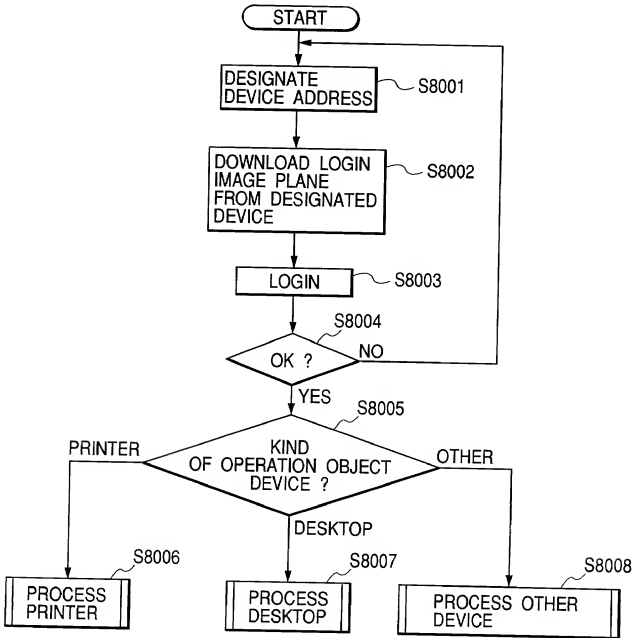
FIG. 80

FIG. 81

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Logout

Help

Goto Other Device

Please enter details of the device you wish to go

Device Name

ssqa191

Device Address

http://ssqa191

LookUp

Go

Cancel

READY

FIG. 82

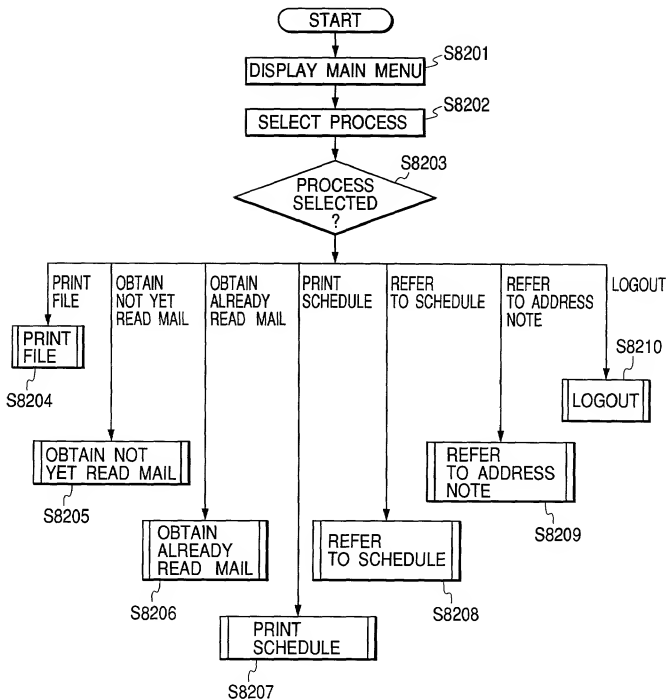


FIG. 83

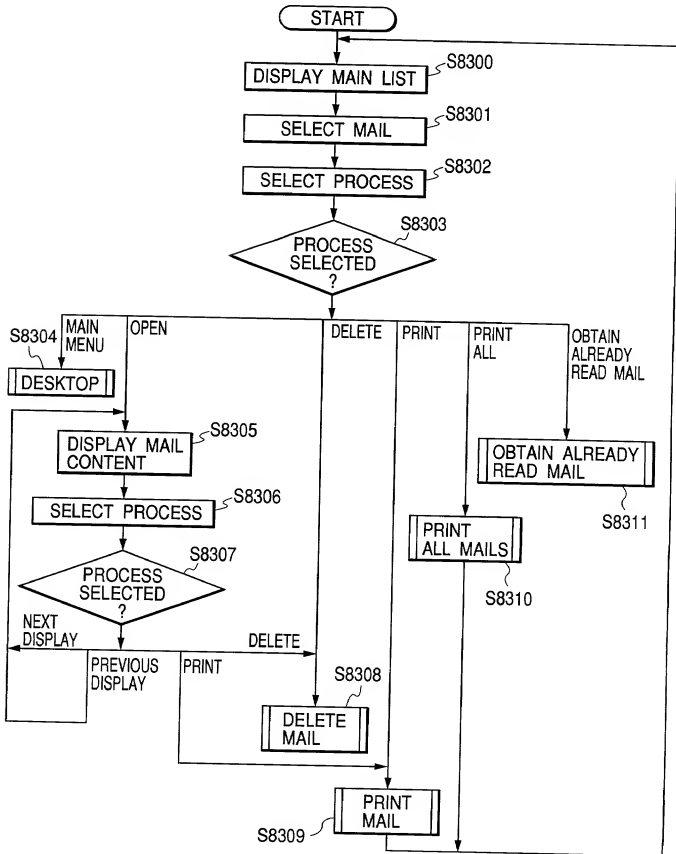


FIG. 84

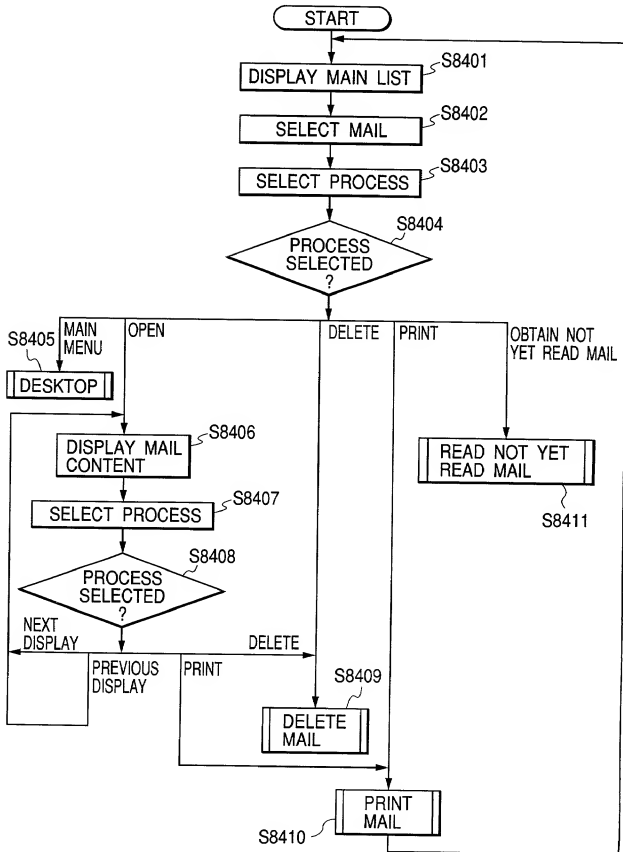


FIG. 85

Device		Back		Forward		End	
--------	--	------	--	---------	--	-----	--

Home Device http://SSQA156				Help		Logout	
---	--	--	--	------	--	--------	--

New Mail		Page 1/1		<		>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	...	<input type="checkbox"/>	Anand	09/19/1997 10:06 AM	Problems reported from field		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Vineed	09/19/1997 09:52 AM	Weekly Sales Report				

Messages: 2 Folders: 0

What would you like to do?

Open	Print	Print All	Delete	Old
------	-------	-----------	--------	-----

Forget about these, Goto

Main Menu

<input type="checkbox"/> POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 86

Device		Back	Forward	End
--------	--	------	---------	-----

Home Device http://SSQA156		Help	Logout
---	--	------	--------

From	: Jaideep
Date	: 09/19/1997 09:57 AM
Subject	: Weekly Support Calls Report

Please find enclosed weekly Support.xls as an attachment with this message. This report contains the complete information about all the support calls made in the last week. The problems and the actions taken are listed down.

Print	Delete	<<	>>	Close
-------	--------	----	----	-------

<input type="checkbox"/> POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 87

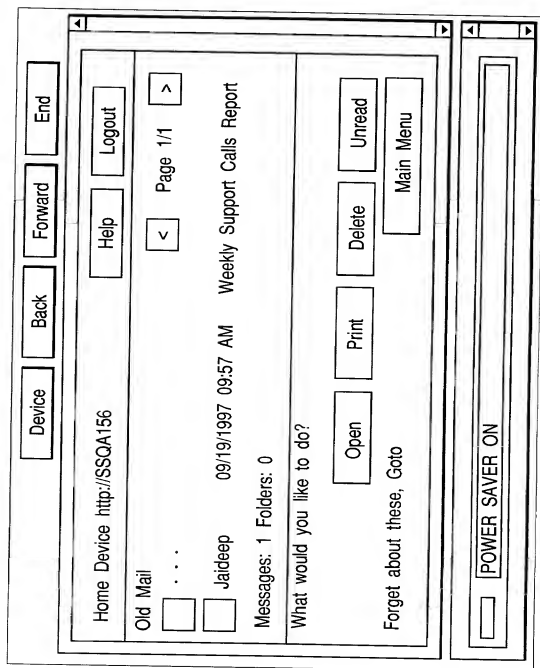


FIG. 88

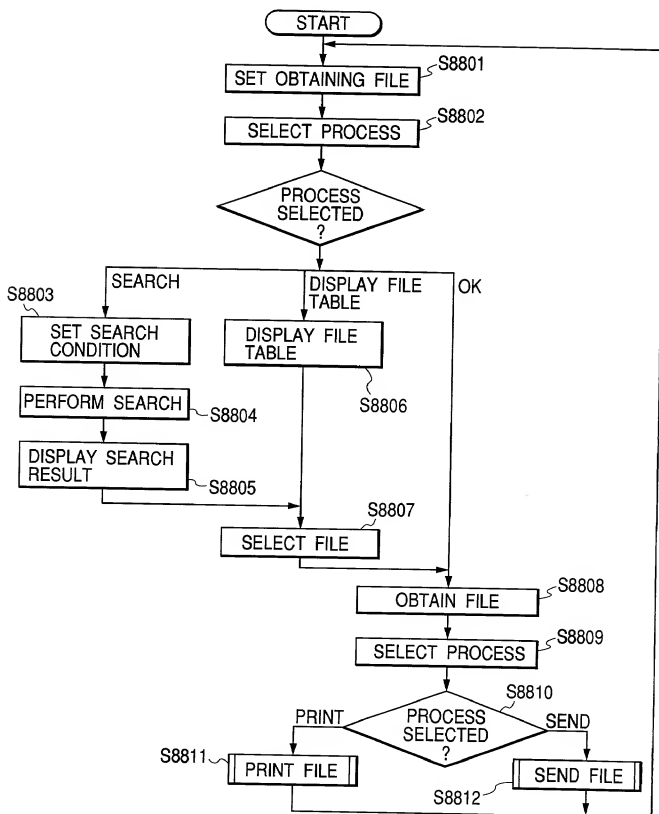


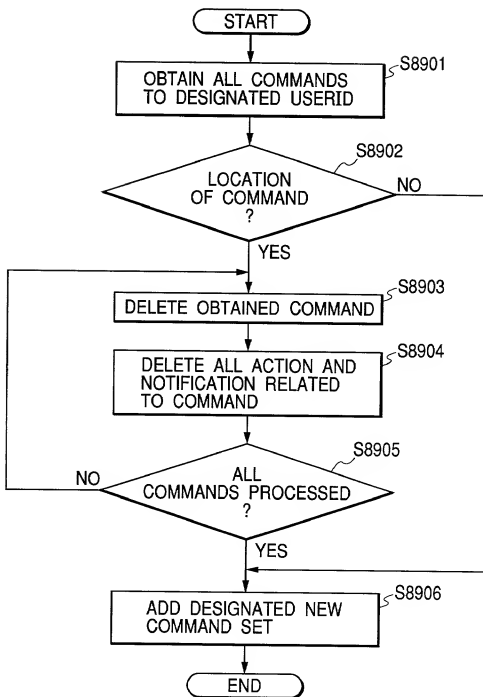
FIG. 89

FIG. 90

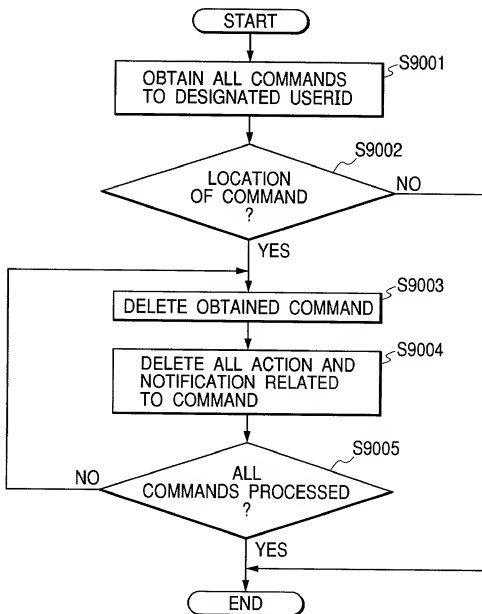


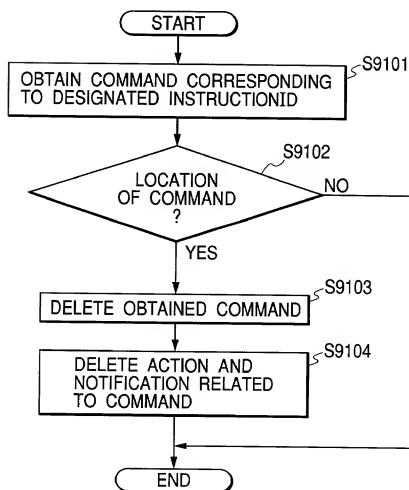
FIG. 91

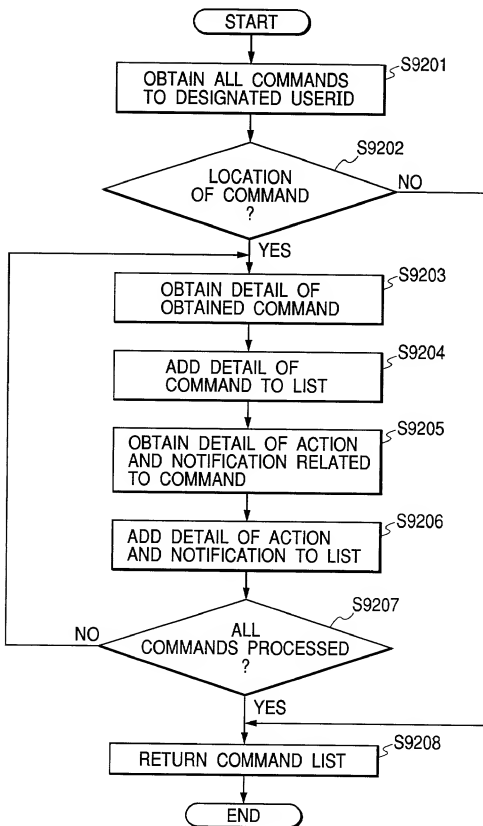
FIG. 92

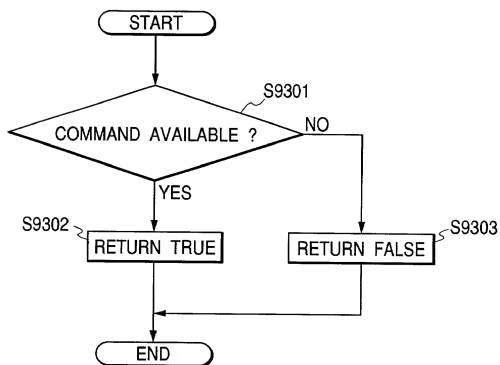
FIG. 93

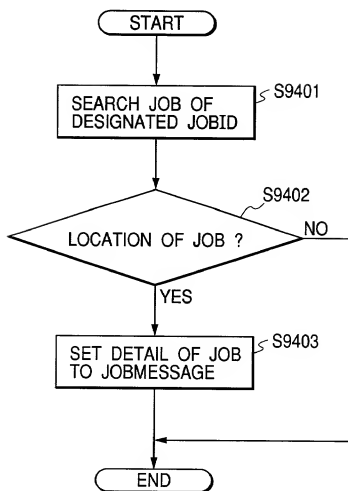
FIG. 94

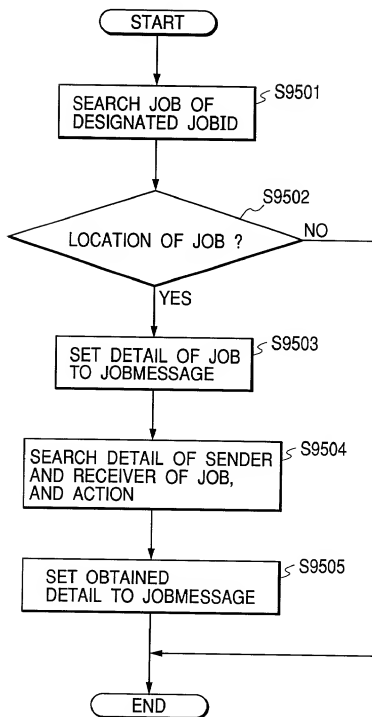
FIG. 95

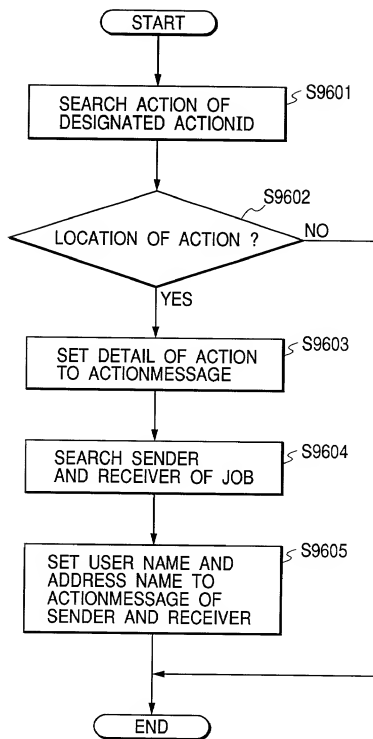
FIG. 96

FIG. 97

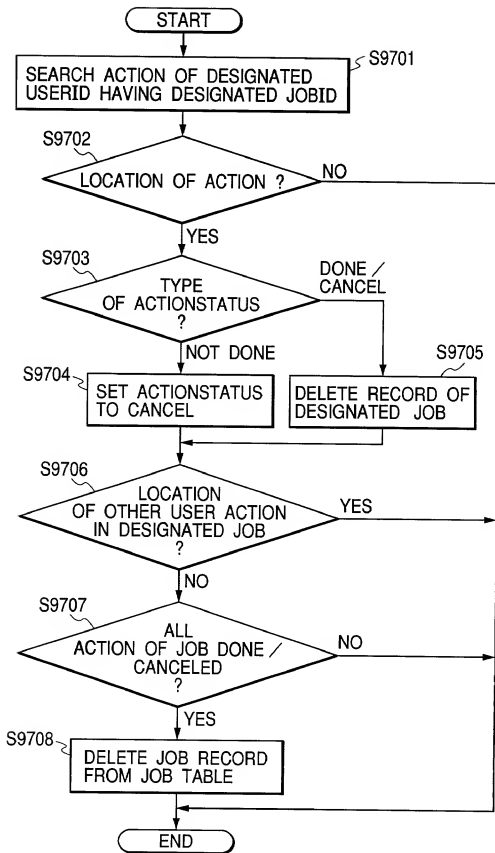


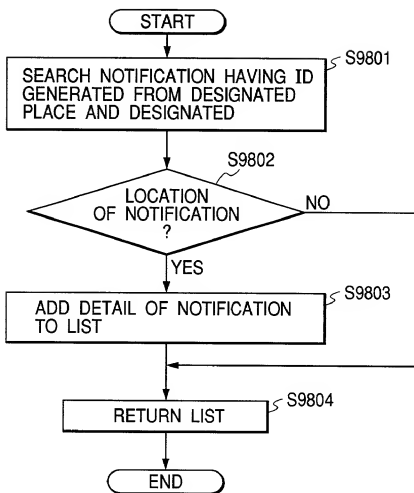
FIG. 98

FIG. 99

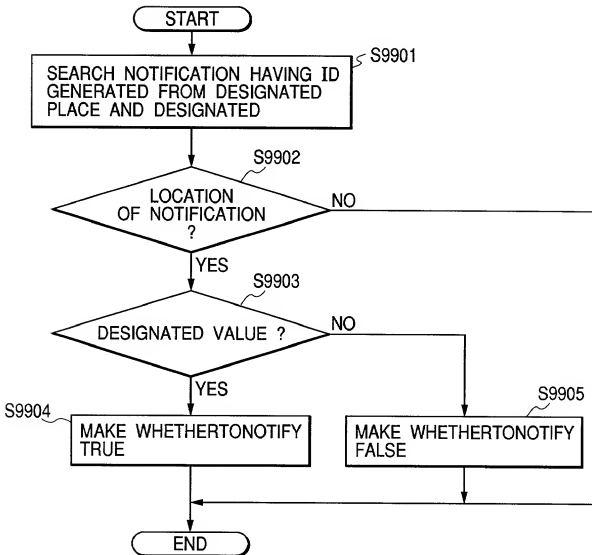


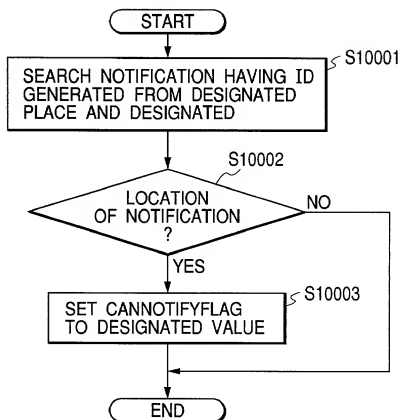
FIG. 100

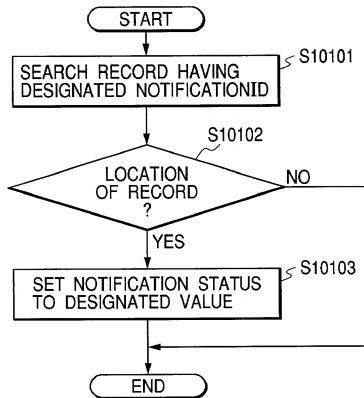
FIG. 101

FIG. 102

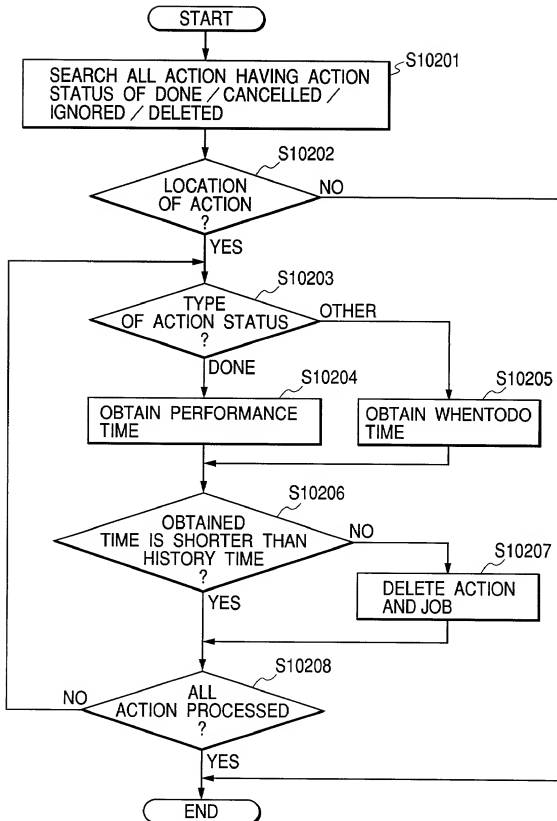


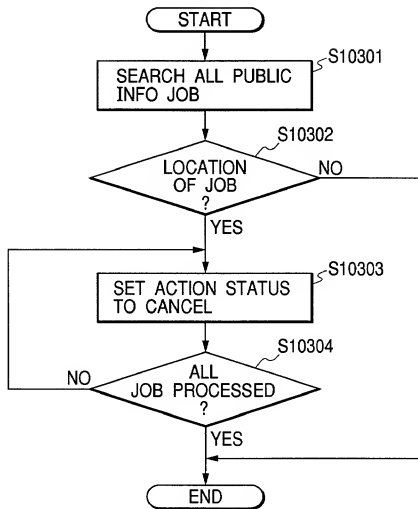
FIG. 103

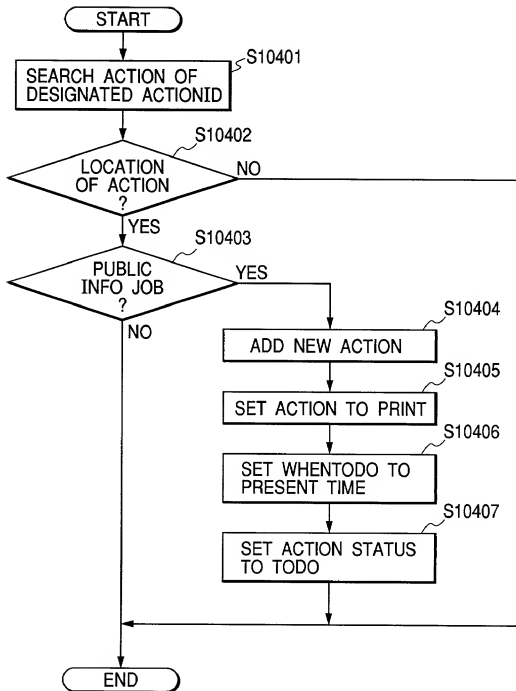
FIG. 104

FIG. 105

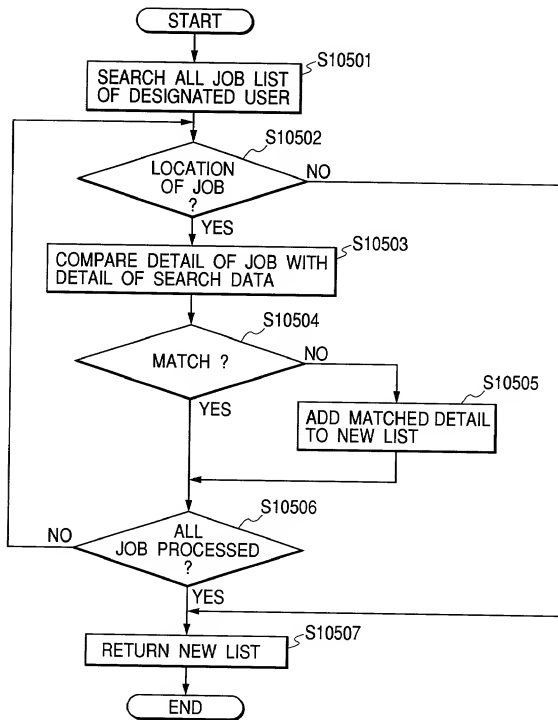


FIG. 106

Device		Back		Forward		End	
Home Device SSQA161				New Interaction		Help	
Public Info				Print URL		Goto Device	
Status of Print Queue <input type="checkbox"/> Feasibility Report.doc jc@canon <input type="checkbox"/> Canon Range of Printers.doc jc@canon							
<input type="checkbox"/> POWER SAVER ON							

FIG. 107


Device		Back		Forward		End	
Home Device SSQA161				Help		Logout	
Print URL							
Enter URL Name to print		<input type="text" value="http://ssqa157/infotext.htm"/>					
				Go		Cancel	
<div><input type="checkbox"/> POWER SAVER ON</div>							

FIG. 108

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Help

Logout

Please enter your Password:

xxxxx

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	=	←
Esc	q	w	e	t	t	y	u	i	d	p	*
Caps	a	s	d	t	d	t	i	k	t	:	'
Shift	z	x	c	v	b	t	m	t	t	/	Enter
www	http						Space			→	

OK

Cancel

☐ POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 109

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Help

Quit

Print Queue Job

Feasibility Report.doc jc@canon

What would you like to do ?

Print Later	<input type="text"/>	After 1 Hour	<input type="text"/>	09/18/1997	<input type="text"/>	22:01
Hold Here	<input type="text"/>	For 1 Hour	<input type="text"/>	09/18/1997	<input type="text"/>	22:01

Cancel Printing

Pause/Restart

Go Back

☐ POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 110

<input type="button" value="Device"/>		<input type="button" value="Back"/>	<input type="button" value="Forward"/>	<input type="button" value="End"/>
---------------------------------------	--	-------------------------------------	--	------------------------------------

Home Device SSQA161		<input type="button" value="Help"/>	<input type="button" value="Quit"/>
Public Information			
<input type="checkbox"/>	Microsoft Product List.doc available until 10/18/1997 00:00		
What would you like to do ?			
<input type="button" value="From Other Device"/>		<input type="button" value="Print"/>	<input type="button" value="Preview"/>
<input type="button" value="Make Job As Public Info. On Other Device"/>			

<input type="checkbox"/> POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 111

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Help

Quit

Make Public Information

Microsoft Product List.doc available until 10/18/1997 00:00

Where would you like this to be made public information ?

Device Name

Device Address

LookUp

Till when would you like the job to be retained as public ?

1 Month

09/18/1997

22:03

Make Public

Cancel

POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 112

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Help

Please enter your User Identification:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	=	←
Esc	q	w	e	r	r	v	u	i	b	@	*
Caps	a	s	d	f	g	n	j	k	r	i	'
Shift	z	x	c	v	b	n	m	r	r	/	Enter
www	http							Space	←	→	

Login

Cancel

POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 113

Device		Back		Forward		End	
Home Device SSQA161				Search		Help	
				Print All		Page 1 of 2 >	
Jobs Available							
<input type="checkbox"/> Feasibility Report.doc from ravi to be printed hear on 09/29/1997 20:54							
<input type="checkbox"/> Feasibility Report.doc to be send to aruna@canon on 09/20/1997 21:26							
<input type="checkbox"/> Loan Application.doc from ravi on hold till 09/19/1997 21:31							
What would you like to do ?							
<input type="button" value="Print"/>		<input type="button" value="Preview"/>		<input type="button" value="Delete"/>		<input type="button" value="Send"/>	
Forget about these, Goto				<input type="button" value="Main Menu"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/> POWER SAVER ON							

FIG. 114

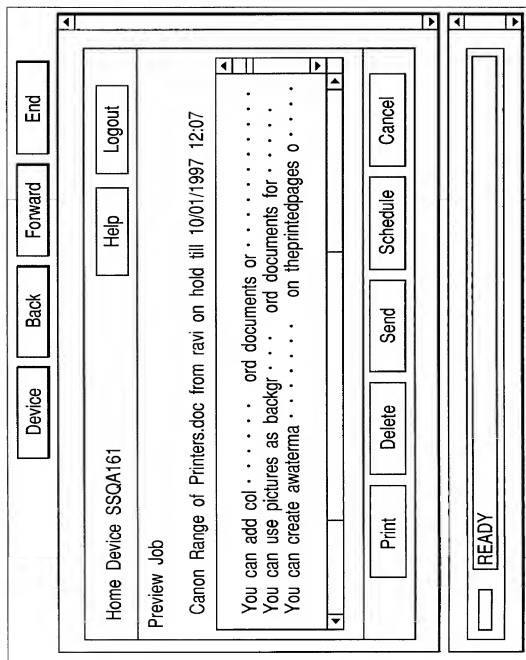


FIG. 115

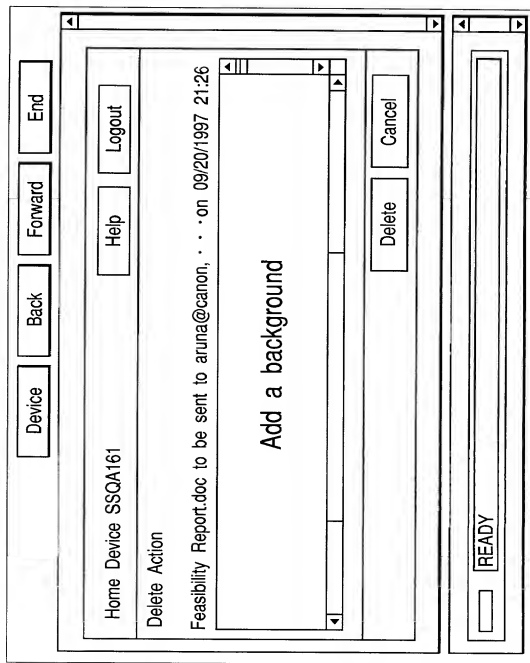


FIG. 116

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Logout

Help

Reschedule Job

Feasibility Report.doc from ravi to be printed here on 09/29/1997 20:54

When would you like to do ?

☐ Reschedule action to new time

☒ Hold until new time

Ne Date and Time

09/18/1997

21:45

Schedule

Cancel

READY

FIG. 117

Device		Back		Forward		End	
Home Device SSQA161		Help		Logout			
Print Job							
Canon Range of Printers.doc from ravi on hold till 10/01/1997 12:07							
Where would you like this to be printed ?							
<input type="checkbox"/> Here		<input type="checkbox"/> Elsewhere		<input type="checkbox"/> Name		<input type="checkbox"/> Address	
						<input type="button" value="LookUp"/>	
When would you like this to be printed ?							
<input type="checkbox"/> Immediate		<input type="checkbox"/> 09/18/1997		<input type="checkbox"/> 21:32		<input type="button" value="Notify"/>	
		<input type="button" value="Print"/>		<input type="button" value="Preview"/>		<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="button" value="READY"/>							

FIG. 118

Device

Back

Forward

End

Set Notifications

Notify whom

LookUp

How

Voice Message

Popup Window

Email

Where

Telephone

Fax

Pager

When

Immediately

Notify on

Success

00:00

On Success, Notify Suresh@canon at 23743 immediately by Tel

On Success, Notify jc@canon at http://ssqa immediately by \

Add

Delete

OK

Cancel

READY

FIG. 119

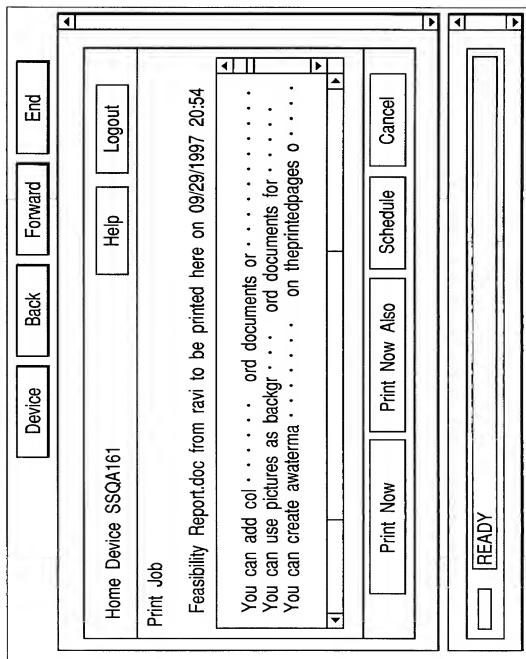


FIG. 120

Device		Back		Forward		End	
Home Device SSQA161				Help		Logout	
Add Receiver							
Receiver		suresh@canon		Password		
Device Name		ssqa157		Address		ip://ssqa157	
Action		Hold		Date		09/30/1997	
						21:15	
<div>To aruna@canon at http://ssqa192 on hold until 09/23/1997 21 To omata@canon at http://ssqa191 for printing on 09/25/1997 2</div>							
Add		Delete		OK		Cancel	
<div><input type="checkbox"/> POWER SAVER ON</div>							

FIG. 121

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Help

Logout

What can I do for you ?

Print

Send

Delete

Reschedule

Search

Set Instructions

Show All Jobs

Goto My Desktop

Goto Device

☐
POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 122

Device		Back		Forward		End	
--------	--	------	--	---------	--	-----	--

Home Device SSQA161

Print What

What would you like to print ?

Jobs on this Device

Jobs from my Desktop

Public Information

Jobs on other Device

Print URT

Cancel

Help

Logout

☐ WARMING UP . . .

FIG. 123

Device		Back		Forward		End	
--------	--	------	--	---------	--	-----	--

Home Device SSQA161		Search		Help		Logout	
---------------------	--	--------	--	------	--	--------	--

Jobs Available		<input type="button" value="Page 1 of 2"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Feasibility Report.doc from ravi to be printed here on 09/29/1997 20:54		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Feasibility Report.doc to be sent to aruna@canon on 09/20/1997 21:26		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Loan Application.doc from ravi on hold till 09/19/1997 21:31		

Print		Cancel	
-------	--	--------	--

READY	
-------	--

FIG. 124

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Send What

What would you like to Send ?

Jobs on this Device

Cancel

Jobs on other Device

Help

Logout

☐

READY

FIG. 125

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Search

Help

Logout

Jobs Available

<

Page 1 of 2

>

☐ Feasibility Report.doc from ravi to be printed here on 09/29/1997 20:54

☐ Feasibility Report.doc to be sent to aruna@canon on 09/20/1997 21:26

☐ Loan Application.doc from ravi on hold till 09/19/1997 21:31

Send

Cancel

☐

READY

FIG. 126

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Help

Logout

Set Instructions

☐ Unconditional
 ☐ Conditional

Job Name

Device

Person

Receiving new job

Valid for

AND

Printer Status

Don't Care

LookUp

AND

AND

AND

Set Notification

Take Action

Add Instruction

Delete

On receiving jobs from others

POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 127

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

What to Reschedule

What would you like to reschedule ?

Jobs on this Device

Cancel

Jobs on other Device

Help

Logout

☐
READY

FIG. 128

Device		Back		Forward		End			
Home Device SSQA161				Search		Help		Logout	
Jobs Available				<input type="checkbox"/> < Page 1 of 2 >					
<input type="checkbox"/> Feasibility Report.doc from ravi to be printed here on 09/29/1997 20:54									
<input type="checkbox"/> Feasibility Report.doc to be sent to aruna@canon on 09/20/1997 21:26									
<input type="checkbox"/> Loan Application.doc from ravi on hold till 09/19/1997 21:31									
				Schedule		Cancel			
<input type="checkbox"/> READY									

FIG. 129

Device

Back

Forward

End

Communicating Device is SSQA156

Help

Logout

What can I do for you ?

Read New Mail

Fetch Old Mail

View Schedule

Fetch a File

View Address Book

Goto Other Device

☐

READY

FIG. 130

Communicating Device is SSQA156

Fetch File

Enter filename to fetch

☐ READY

FIG. 131

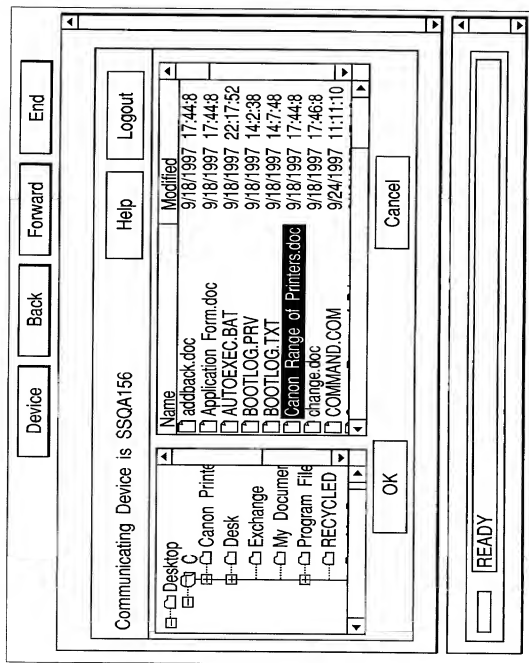


FIG. 132

Device		Back		Forward		End	
Communicating Device is SSQA156							
Act On File							
C:\Canon Range of Printers.doc created on 09/18/1997 20:35 size 19968 Bytes							
Print		Send		Cancel			
<input type="checkbox"/> READY							

FIG. 133

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Help

Logout

Job Settings

☐ Default Hold Time

☐ History Time Limit

☐ Maximum Time For Rescheduling Jobs

☐ Job Size Limit

☐ Default Protocol

1 Week

1 Month

1 Month

10 MB

http://

<

>

Page 1 of 2

OK

Cancel

☐ POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 134

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Help

Logout

Job Settings

< Page 2 of 2 >

☐ Deny Jobs From Person

☐ Deny Jobs From Devices

rohit@canon

OK

Cancel

☐ POWER SAVER ON

FIG. 135

JOB	Action	Type	
		Object	Content
			Format
			Size
			Addition
			Source
		Object	Count
		To	
		From	
		By	
	Condition		
	Owner		
	Status		
	Created Time		
	Parent Job		

FIG. 136

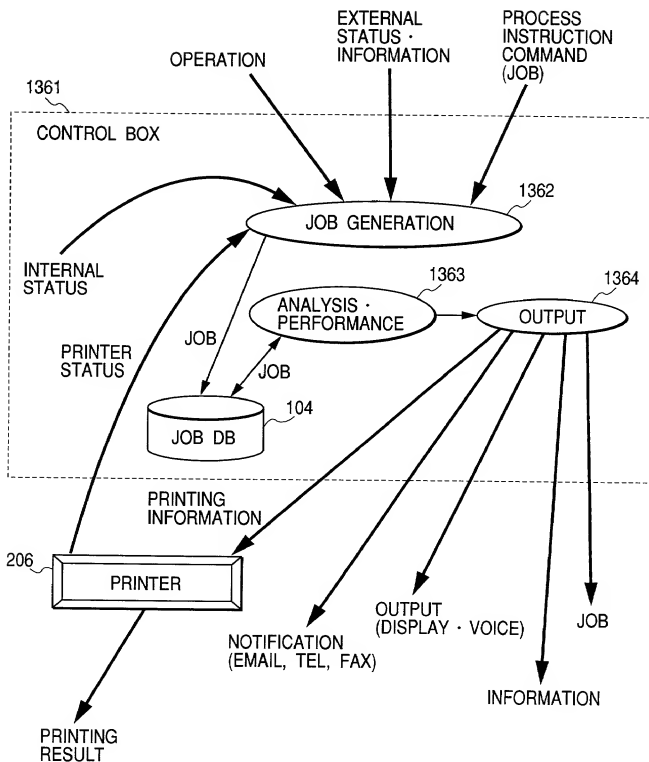


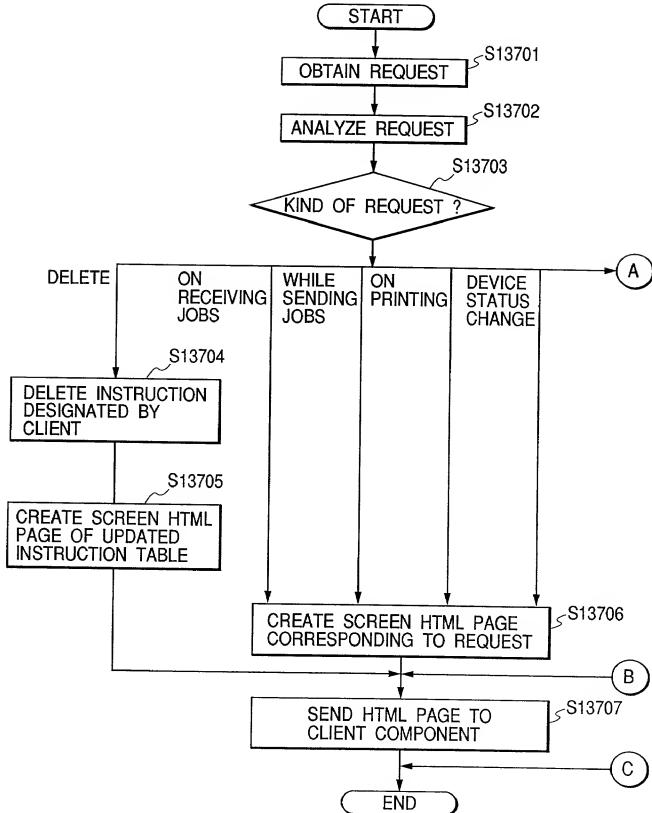
FIG. 137A

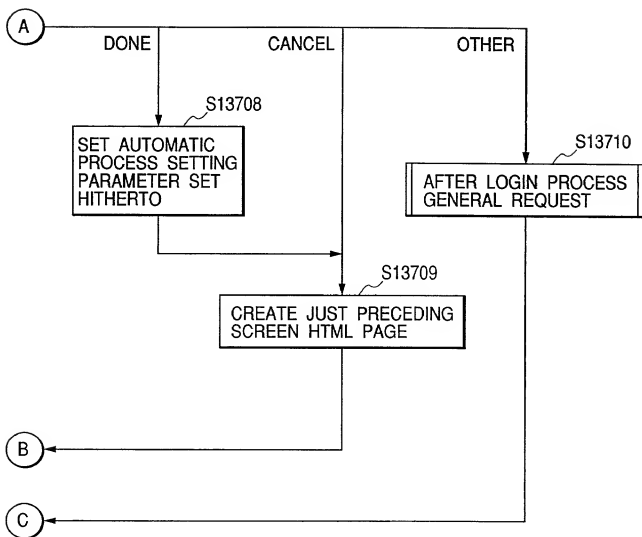
FIG. 137B

FIG. 138

Device

Back

Forward

End

Home Device SSQA161

Help

Logout

Set Instructions

On Receiving Jobs

Device Status Change

While Sending Jobs

On Printing

Delete

Current Instructions

On receiving jobs from others

Done

Cancel

Please set printer to ONLINE

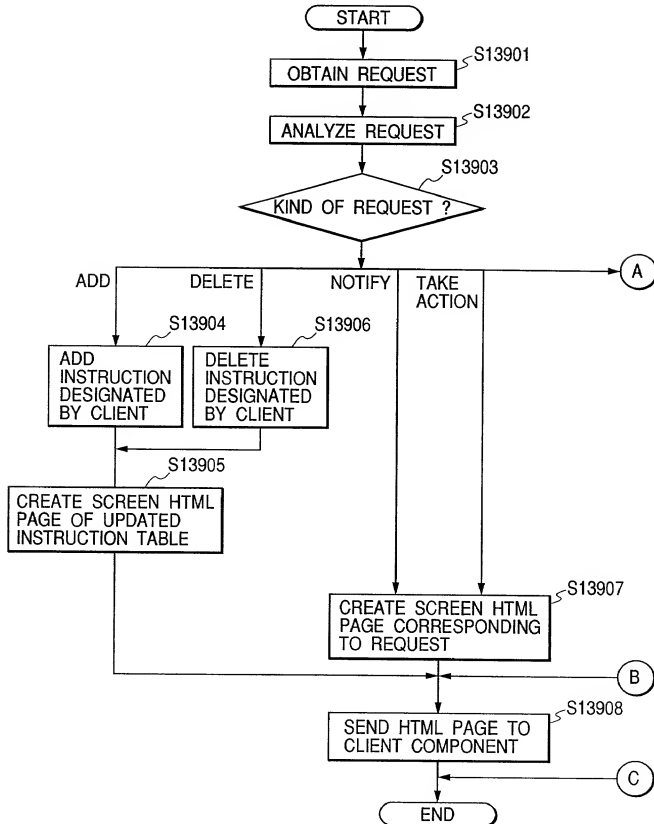
FIG. 139A

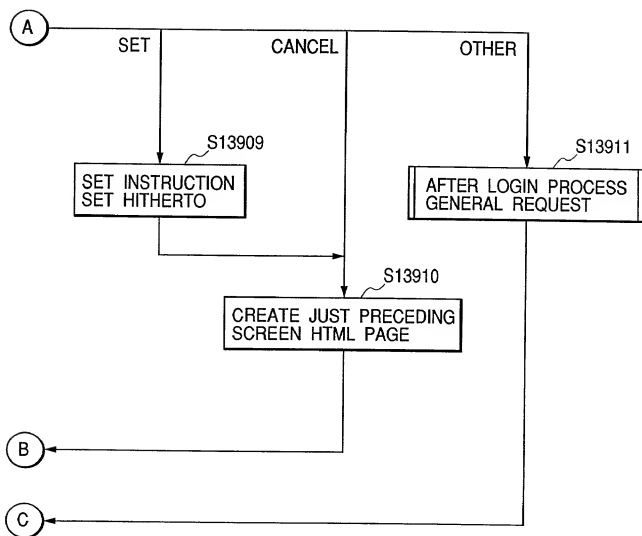
FIG. 139B

FIG. 140

Device		Back		Forward		End	
Home Device SSQA161							
Set Instructions On Receiving Jobs							
<input type="checkbox"/> Unconditional							
<input type="checkbox"/> Conditional i.e., When							
Sender is		id@canon		AND		LookUp	
Source Device is		ssprinter5		OR		LookUp	
With Job Name				OR			
When printer status is <input type="text" value="DONT CARE"/> and							
<input type="checkbox"/> Please set printer to ONLINE							

FIG. 141

Device

Back

Forward

End

Print Job Name

When printer status is

DONT CARE

and

Valid from

09/23/1997

to

09/23/1997

Valid for

Infinite

Then

Notify

Take Action

On receiving jobs from others

Add

Delete

Set

Cancel

Please set printer to ONLINE

FIG. 137A

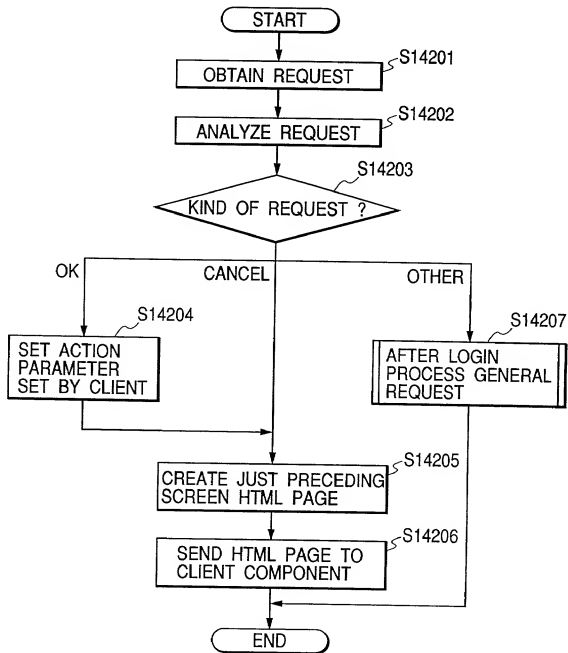


FIG. 143

Device		Back		Forward		End	
Home Device SSQA161				Help		Logout	
Take Action							
Action to take		Print					
Device Name		ssprinter1		LookUp			
Device Address		http://ssprinter1					
Password		***					
				OK		Cancel	
Please set printer to ONLINE							

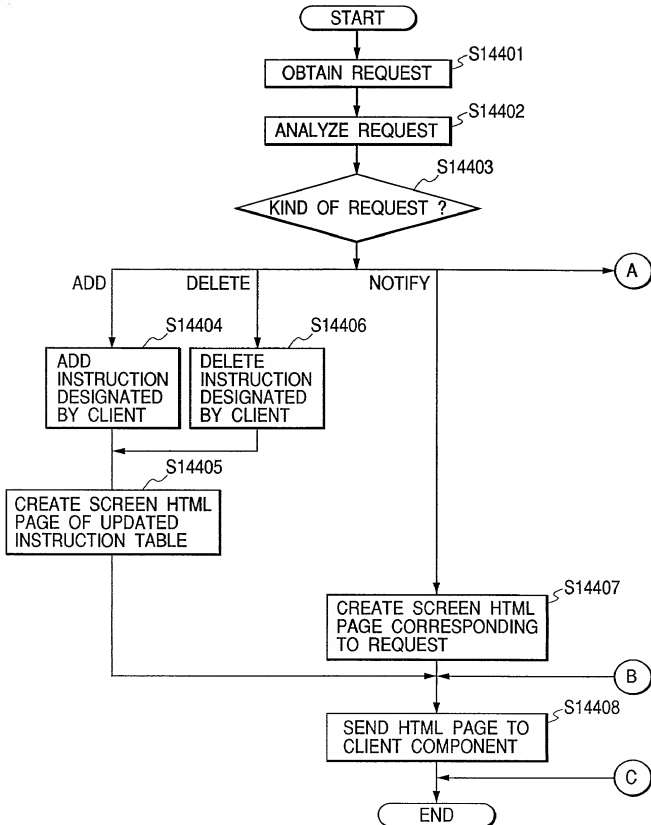
FIG. 144A

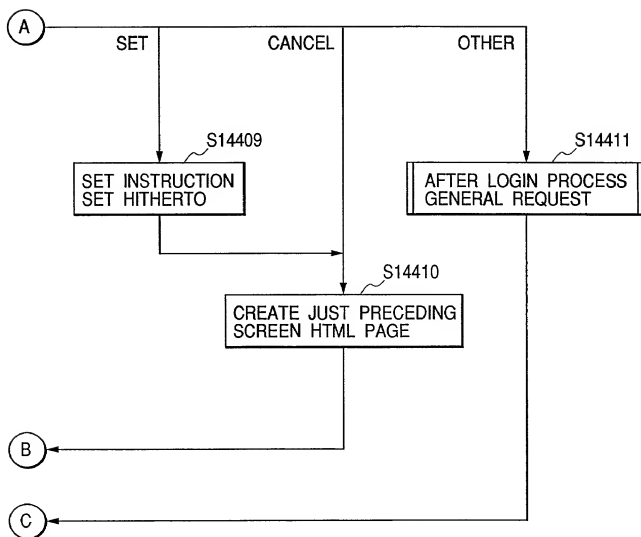
FIG. 144B

FIG. 145

Device		Back		Forward		End	
Set Instructions For Device Status Change							
If Printer Status is							
<input type="checkbox"/> OK	<input type="checkbox"/> Toner Low	<input type="checkbox"/> Staples Low					
<input type="checkbox"/> UnKnown	<input type="checkbox"/> Printing	<input type="checkbox"/> No TonerCart					
<input type="checkbox"/> Printer Open	<input type="checkbox"/> Paper Jam	<input type="checkbox"/> Hardware Failure					
<input type="checkbox"/> Tray Failure	<input type="checkbox"/> Paperdeck Open	<input type="checkbox"/> Stapler Low					
<input type="checkbox"/> Valid from		<input type="text" value="09/23/1997"/>	to	<input type="text" value="09/23/1997"/>			
<input type="checkbox"/> Valid for		<input type="text" value="Infinite"/>					
Then		<input type="text"/>	Notify	<input type="text"/>	Take Action		
On Toner Low							
<input type="checkbox"/> Please set printer to ONLINE							

Fig. 142
~~FIG. 137A~~

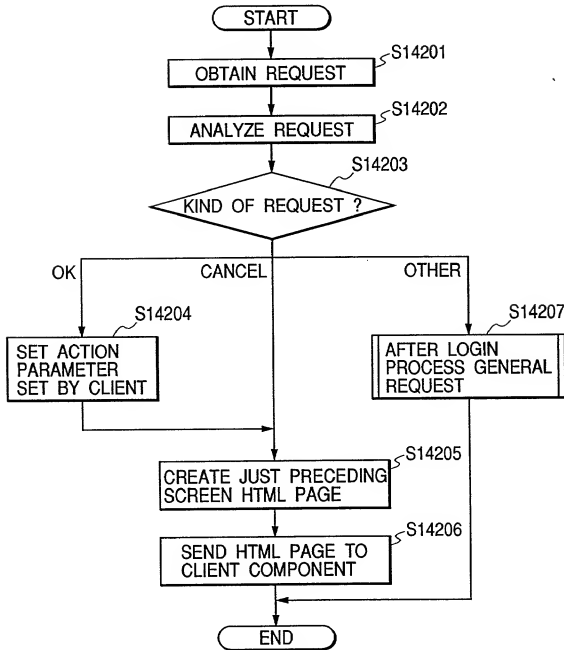
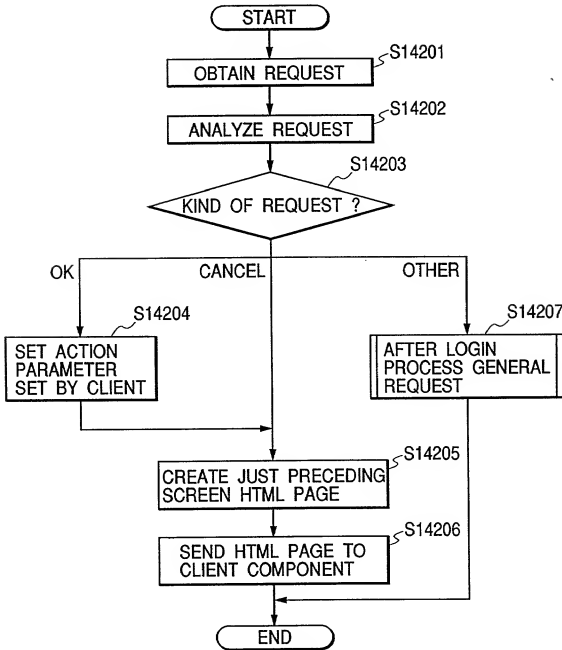


Fig. 142
~~FIG. 137A~~



COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
FOR PATENT APPLICATION
(Page 1)

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name,

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

APPARATUS AND METHOD FOR PERFORMING A SPECIFIC PROCESS BASED ON A SETUP CONDITION, AND A STORAGE MEDIUM FOR SUCH A PROGRAM

the specification of which ☒ is attached hereto ☐ was filed on _____ as United States Application No. or PCT International Application No. _____

and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 CFR §1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under 35 U.S.C. §119(a)-(d) or §365(b), of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or § 365(a) of any PCT international application which designates at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT international application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Country	Application No.	Filed (Day/Mo./Yr.)	(Yes/No) Priority Claimed
Japan	9-280741	October 14, 1997	Yes
Japan	9-280750	October 14, 1997	Yes
Japan	9-295524	October 28, 1997	Yes

I hereby claim the benefit under 35 U.S.C. § 120 of any United States application(s), or § 365(c) of any PCT international application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT international application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in 37 C.F.R. § 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

Application No.	Filed (Day/Mo./Yr.)	Status (Patented, Pending, Abandoned)
N/A		

I hereby appoint the practitioners associated with the firm and Customer Number provided below to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith, and direct that all correspondence be addressed to the address associated with that Customer Number.

FITZPATRICK, CELLA, HARPER & SCINTO
Customer Number: 05514

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
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